

2017

Annual Statistical Report



sri lanka

SRI LANKA TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

CONTENTS

	Page
2017 HIGHLIGHTS	6
01 INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Definitions	8
1.2 Sources of Information	9
1.3 Global Tourism	10
1.4 Tourism Demand – Value and Volume	13
02 TOURIST TRAFFIC	
2.1 Markets	18
2.2 Seasonality of Arrivals	21
2.3 Mode of Transport and Port of Arrival	22
2.4 Purpose of Visit	23
2.5 Duration of Stay	24
2.6 Age and Sex	26
2.7 Occupation	28
2.8 Arrivals by Carrier	29
2.9 Passenger Movement	30
2.10 Scheduled Airline Operations	30
03 ACCOMMODATION SECTOR	
3.1 Accommodation Capacity	32
3.2 Occupancy Rates	33
3.3 Guest Nights	34
04 EMPLOYMENT	
4.1 Employment	36
4.2 Demand for Employment	37
05 PUBLIC SECTOR REVENUE	
5.1 Public Sector Revenue	40
06 FOREIGN TRAVEL BY SRI LANKANS	
6.1 Foreign Travel by Sri Lankans	42
07 STATISTICAL APPENDIX	

Statistical Charts 1-24

Chart	Page
1. International Tourist Arrivals, Change (%)	11
1 (a). International Tourist Arrivals, Change by Region - 2017 (%)	11
2. Tourist Arrivals 2001-2017	14
3. Tourist Arrivals Growth Change - 2001- 2017	14
4. Tourist Receipts (USD) - 2001- 2017	15
5. Distribution of Total FE Earnings (Percentage) - 2017	16
6. Distribution of Market Areas (Percentage) - 2017	19
7. Top Ten Source Markets - 2017	20
8. Seasonality of Traffic – 2017 (Seasonal Indices)	22
9. Distribution by Ports of Arrival (Percentage) – 2017	23
10. Distribution by Purpose of Visit (Percentage) - 2017	24
11. Distribution of Average Duration of Stay (Nights)- 2017	25
12. Distribution of Period of Stay (Percentage) – 2017	26
13. Distribution of Tourists by Sex and Region (Percentage) - 2017	27
14. Distribution of Tourists by Age Group (Percentage) - 2017	27
15. Distribution of Occupational Categories(Percentage) - 2017	28
16. Distribution of Arrivals by Type of Carrier (Percentage) 2016-2017	29
17. Distribution of Total Seating Capacity by Carrier (Percentage) -2017	30
18. Distribution of Accommodation Capacity by Region (Percentage) - 2017	32
19. Distribution of Occupancy Rates by Month (Percentage) - 2017	33
20. Distribution of Occupancy Rates by Region (Percentage) - 2017	33

21.	Number of Nights Spent by Local and Foreign Tourists and Occupancy Rates by Month - 2017	34
22.	Distribution of Employment in the Tourism Industry (Percentage) - 2017	36
23.	Distribution of Demand for Labour in Tourism Industry by Occupational Categories (Percentage) - 2017	38
23 (a).	Distribution of Demand for Labour in Tourism Industry by Occupation (Percentage) - 2017	38
24.	Distribution of Public Sector Revenue from Tourism (Percentage)-2017	40
25.	Sri Lankan Departures - 2004-2017	42

Statistical Tables I-VII

Table	Page
I.	International Tourist Arrivals by Region - 2014-2017 (in millions)
II.	Foreign Exchange Earnings by Industry - 2016-2017
III.	Tourist Arrivals by Region – 2014-2017
IV.	Relative Importance of Regional Markets – 2015-2017
V.	Top Ten Source Markets 2016-2017
VI.	Occupancy Rates by Region – 2016 - 2017
VII.	Demand for Labour in the Tourism Sector by Industry and Occupation

Statistical Tables 1-40

Table	Page
Table 1	Market Growth Trends by Country of Residence – Growth Indices – 2007 to 2017 (Average 1963/1966=100)
Table 2	Tourist Arrivals by Nationality – 2017
Table 3	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence – 2012 to 2017
Table 3 (a)	Tourists Arrivals by Miscellaneous Countries – 2012 to 2017
Table 4	Seasonal Variation in Tourist Traffic – 1971 to 2017 (Seasonal Indices) (1)

Table 5	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Month – 2017	52
Table 6	Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Port – 2008 to 2017	55
Table 7	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Modes of Transport - 2017	55
Table 8	Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Different Carriers – 2007 to 2017	57
Table 9	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Carrier – 2017	58
Table 9 (a)	Tourist Arrivals by Charter Carriers – 2010 to 2017	63
Table 10	Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Purpose of Visit – 2006 to 2017	65
Table 11	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Purpose of Visit – 2017	66
Table 12	Percentage Distribution of Duration of Stay – 1984 to 2017	68
Table 13	Average Duration of Stay & Guest Nights by Country of Residence – 2016 & 2017	69
Table 14	Percentage Distribution of Tourists by Sex & Age – 2007 to 2017	71
Table 15	Tourist Arrivals by Sex & Age – 2017	72
Table 16	Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Occupational Categories – 2007 to 2017	74
Table 17	Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Occupation – 2017	74
Table 18	Scheduled Airline Operations and Seating Capacity – 2017	76
Table 19	Passenger Arrivals & Departures by Port & Category of Travelers – 2017	78
Table 20	Accommodation Capacity (Rooms) in Tourist Hotels & Regional Distribution – 2006 to 2017	78
Table 21	Accommodation Capacity & Guest Nights in Graded & Supplementary Establishments – 2007 to 2017	79
Table 22	Occupancy Rates by Region –2005 to 2017	80
Table 23	Monthly Occupancy Rates in Tourist Hotels by Region – 2017	81
Table 23 (a)	Capacity and Nights in all Accommodation Establishments by Category – 2016 & 2017	82
Table 24	Foreign Guest Nights in Graded Accommodation Establishments by Region & Month – 2017 (Classified/ Unclassified/ Boutique Hotels)	83
Table 25	Local Guest Nights in Graded Accommodation Establishments by Region & Month – 2017 (Classified/ Unclassified/ Boutique Hotels)	84

Table 26	Volume & Value of Tourism –2006 to 2017	85
Table 27	Direct Employment in the Tourism Industry – 2015 to 2017	86
Table 28	Sri Lankan Departures – Growth Trends- 1980- 2017	87
Table 29	Tourism Growth Trends – 1978 to 2017	88
Table 30	Tourists Arrivals by Month – 1971 to 2017	90
Table 31	Passenger Arrivals & Departures and by Port – 1981 to 2017	92
Table 32	Conferences Held &Revenue Earned at Bandaranaike Memorial International Conference Hall (BMICH) – 1987 to 2017	94
Table 33	Foreign Visitors to Museums & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 1987 to 2017	95
Table 33 (a)	Details of Museums – 2017	96
Table 34	Foreign Visitors to Cultural Triangle & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 1987 to 2017	96
Table 34 (a)	Foreign and Domestic Visitors to Cultural Triangle & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 2017	97
Table 34 (b)	Details of Foreign Visitors by Location – 2017	98
Table 34 (c)	Details of Domestic Visitors by Location – 2017	98
Table 35	Foreign Visitors to Zoological Gardens & Revenue from Gate Fees – 1987 to 2017	99
Table 35 (a)	Revenue by Location – 2016 & 2017	100
Table 35 (b)	Ticket Rates – 2017	100
Table 36	Revenue from Foreign Visitors to Botanical Gardens – 1987 to 2017	101
Table 36 (a)	Details by Location - 2017	102
Table 37	Revenue from Foreign Visitors to Wildlife Parks (in Rs.'000) – 1988 to 2017	103
Table 37 (a)	Details by Location –2017	104
Table 38	Revenue from Visitors to Conservation Forests (in Rs.'000) – 2017	105
Table 39	Revenue from Embarkation Tax (in Rs.'000) – 1986 to 2017	106
Table 40	Public Sector Revenue from Tourism (in Rs. Mn) – 2012 to 2017	106



*Provisional – Based on Foreign Exchange Earnings & GDP value prepared by the Department of Census and Statistics



01

INTRODUCTION

This is the 49th in the series of 'Annual Statistical Reports' published by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority (SLTDA). The reports were designed to provide data on Sri Lanka's tourist industry on a consistent basis, which is useful for evidence-based decision making for the development and promotion of the tourism industry. The data compiled and published in this report series cover the following areas:

- i. Trends and characteristics of inbound tourism to Sri Lanka
- ii. Scheduled airline operators and passenger movements
- iii. Accommodation industry – Capacity and its utilization
- iv. Income and employment
- v. Outbound tourism – Sri Lankans travelling to overseas destinations
- vi. Growth of travel and tourism
- vii. Revenue from tourism

The Annual Statistical Report 2017 is presented in seven parts. Part I is an introduction including definitions, sources of information, global tourism trends and tourism demand. Part II provides a detailed account of the structure of tourist traffic received during 2017 showing the principal markets, seasonality of traffic, travel motivation, duration of stay, age and sex, occupation, passenger movement and scheduled airline operations. Part III presents sectoral information including a statistical analysis of accommodation showing the capacity on offer and its distribution and Part IV provides volume of tourism employment while public sector revenue and foreign travel by Sri Lankans are presented in part V and VI. Part IV is the statistical appendix.

1.1 Definition

Tourist:

A visitor is a traveller taking a trip to a main destination outside his/her usual environment, for less than a year, for any main purpose (business, leisure or other personal

purpose) other than travelling to be a full-time student or to be employed by a resident entity in the country or place visited. A visitor (domestic, inbound or outbound) is classified as a tourist, if his/her trip includes an overnight stay. [United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) definition]

International Visitor:

An international traveller qualifies as an international visitor with respect to the country of reference if: (a) he/she is on a tourism trip and (b) he/she is a non-resident travelling in the country of reference or a resident travelling outside of it. The term 'International Excursionist' (same day visitor) refers to an International Visitor, who does not stay overnight in the country visited. [UNWTO definition]

To clarify further, the following are excluded from the definition of 'International Visitor':

- ◆ All persons arriving with a specific purpose of engaging themselves in gainful occupation, full-time studying or to establish residence in Sri Lanka irrespective of their length of stay.
- ◆ Diplomatic personnel.
- ◆ Crews of ships and aircraft even if they stay for one night or more.
- ◆ Dependents of temporary immigrants and children below three years.

In this report the terms 'Visitor', 'Tourist' and 'Excursionist' are used for 'International Visitor', 'International Tourist' and 'International Excursionist' respectively. In Sri Lanka's tourism statistics, excursionists consist almost exclusively of passengers on sea cruises who come on shore for purposes of sightseeing, shopping, etc. while the ship is in harbour.

Tourist Arrivals:

Every single visit (or entry) of a tourist to the country either in the course of the same trip or in the course of different

trips is counted as a 'tourist arrival', provided the visit (or entry) lasts at least one night in the country (N.B. those who do not cross borders are not regarded as visitors).

Tourist Night:

A night spent in Sri Lanka by a tourist in any type of immobile accommodation.

Guest Night:

A night spent in a tourist hotel, rest house or guest house approved by the SLTDA as being suitable for occupation by foreign visitors.

Tourist Hotels:

All tourist hotels that are registered under the SLTDA. There are three main categories of tourist hotel: Classified, unclassified and boutique hotels. Statistics for some other categories (i.e. small luxury hotels) are added to the report from the year 2014.

Supplementary Accommodation:

Guest houses which are approved by the SLTDA as being suitable for occupation by foreign visitors. Home stay units consist of tourist bungalows, rented tourist home, rented tourist apartments, heritage hotels and heritage bungalows.

Tourism Expenditure:

Tourism expenditure refers to the amount paid for the acquisition of consumption goods and services, as well as valuables, for own use or to give away, for and during tourism trips. [UNWTO definition]

Forms of Tourism:

There are three basic forms of tourism – domestic tourism, inbound tourism and outbound tourism.

1.2 Sources of Information

a) Tourist Statistics:

Tourist arrival reports generated by the Electronic Travel Authorization System (ETA) compiled by the Department of Immigration and Emigration.

b) Excursionist Statistics:

Passenger arrival reports compiled by the Department of Immigration and Emigration.

c) Accommodation Statistics:

Monthly reports obtained by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority from the SLTDA-registered accommodation establishments.

d) Passenger Statistics:

Passenger arrival and departure reports compiled by the Department of Immigration and Emigration.

e) Air Traffic Statistics:

Quarterly returns obtained by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority from the scheduled airlines, which operate flights to Sri Lanka.

f) Statistics on Official Tourist Receipts:

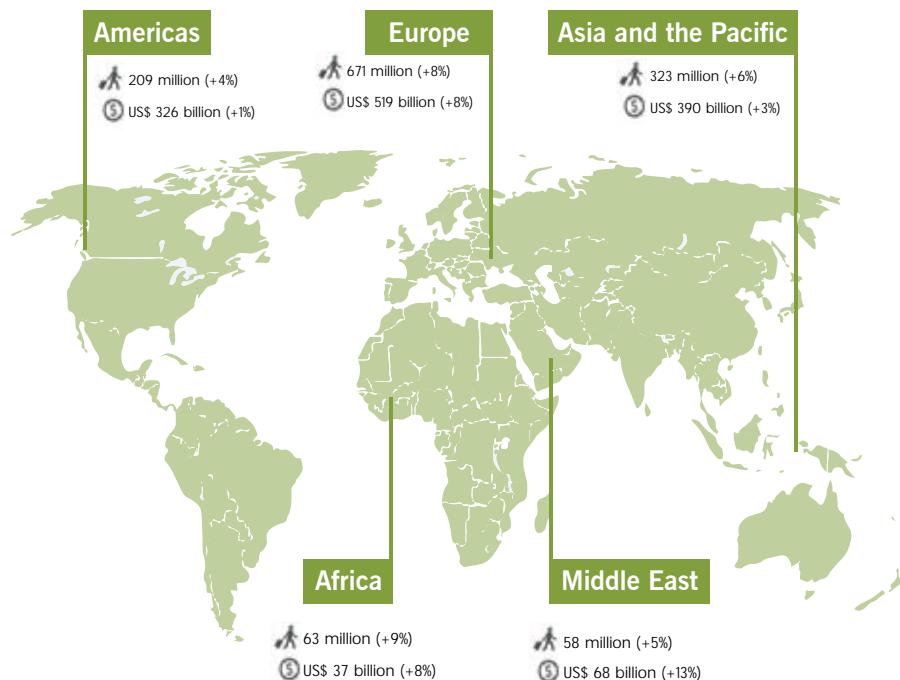
Information calculated from the Airport Survey of Departing Foreign Tourists from Sri Lanka 2017.

g) Employment Statistics:

Annual surveys conducted by the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority among all registered accommodation providers and travel agents as well as information from the licensing system.

1.3 Global Tourism

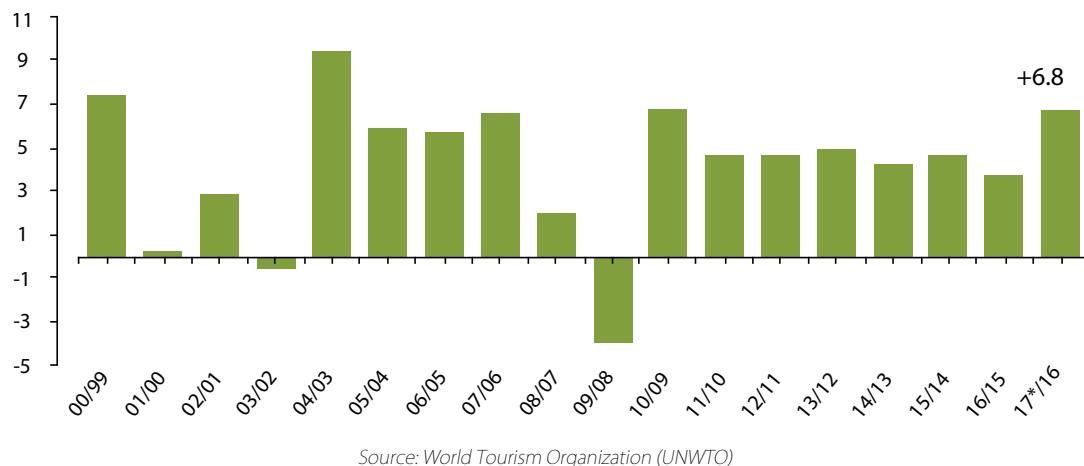
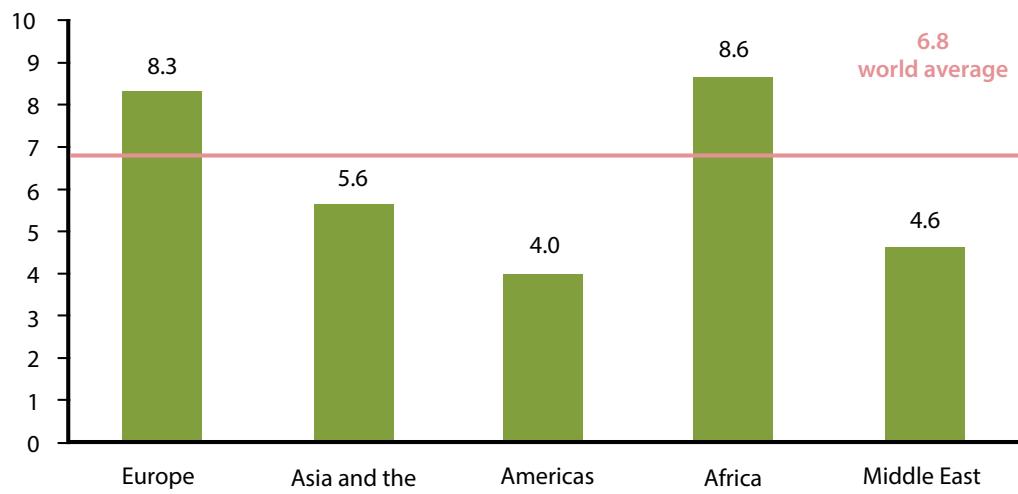
Figure 1



Source: UNWTO Tourism Highlights, 2018 Edition

Data reveals that international tourist arrivals grew by 7% in 2017, reaching a total of 1,323 million. This surpasses the 4% or higher growth rate observed since 2010 and represents the strongest results in the last seven years. The growth in the tourism sector at the global level, measured by international arrivals, is projected to continue in 2018 at a rate of 4 to 5%.

In 2017, many destinations throughout the world experienced sustained growth, with previously disadvantaged regions benefiting from a firm recovery. These trends were influenced partly by enhancement of the global economy and increasing outbound demand from emerging and well-developed markets.

Chart 1: International Tourist Arrivals, Change (%)**Chart1a: International Tourist Arrivals, Change by Region ,2017 (%)**

Source: UNWTO Tourism Highlights, 2018 Edition

In Europe, foreign tourist arrivals reached 671 million in 2017, with an increase of 8.3%. Southern and Mediterranean Europe were the primary drivers of the growth rate where international tourist arrivals increased by 12.3%, followed by Western Europe with an increase of 6.1%, and Northern Europe, Central and Eastern Europe at rates of 5.6% and 5.3%.

Asia and the Pacific hosted 323 million international tourist arrivals in 2017, with an increase of 5.6%. Arrivals in South East Asia remarkably grew at a rate of 8.6% percent, followed by arrivals in Oceania increasing by 6% and South Asia by 5.6%. Arrivals to North East Asia increased by 3.4%.

The Americas welcomed 209 million international tourist arrivals, growing by 4% with most destinations enjoying positive results. South America experienced an increase in

incoming tourists at 8.3% and was the primary driver of the higher rates observed in the continent overall, followed by Central America and the Caribbean both growing at rates of 4.7% and 3% respectively. Arrivals in Caribbean grew at a rate of 2.9%.

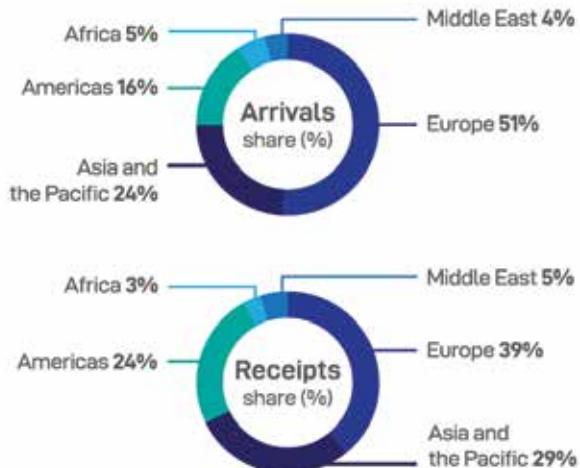
Africa also shared similar trends with the rest of the world with an increase in international arrivals by 8.6% in 2017. In fact, the region reached its record with 63 million international arrivals. North Africa was the main driver of this significant growth, where international tourist arrivals grew by 14.9%, while in Sub Saharan Africa arrivals increased by 5.5%.

The Middle East received 58 million international tourist arrivals in 2017.

Table I: World Tourist Arrivals by Region (in millions) – 2014 to 2017

	International Tourist Arrivals (Million)					Market Share (%) 2017*	Change (%)		Average Annual Growth (%) 2005-17*
	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017*		16/15	17*/16	
World	809	952	1,195	1,239	1,323	100	3.8	6.8	4.2
Europe	452.7	487.7	605.1	619.5	670.6	51	2.4	8.3	3.3
Asia & the Pacific	154.1	208.2	284.1	306.0	323.1	24	7.7	5.6	6.4
Americas	133.3	150.4	193.8	200.7	208.7	16	3.6	4.0	3.8
Africa	34.8	50.4	53.6	57.7	62.7	5	7.8	8.6	5.0
Middle East	33.7	55.4	58.1	55.6	58.1	4	-4.4	4.6	4.7

Source: UNWTO Tourism Highlights, 2018 Edition

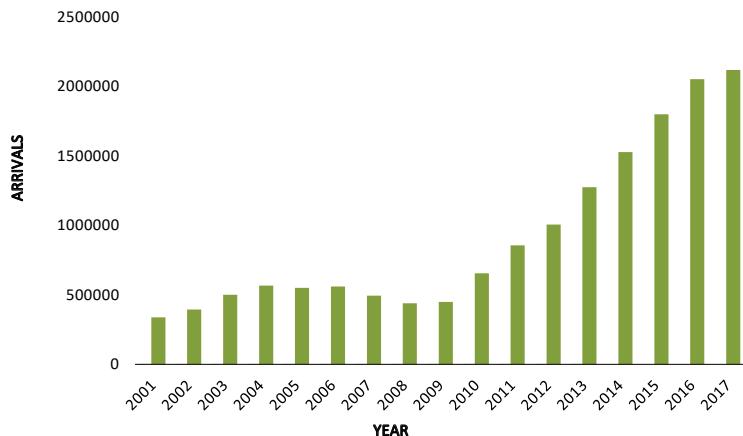
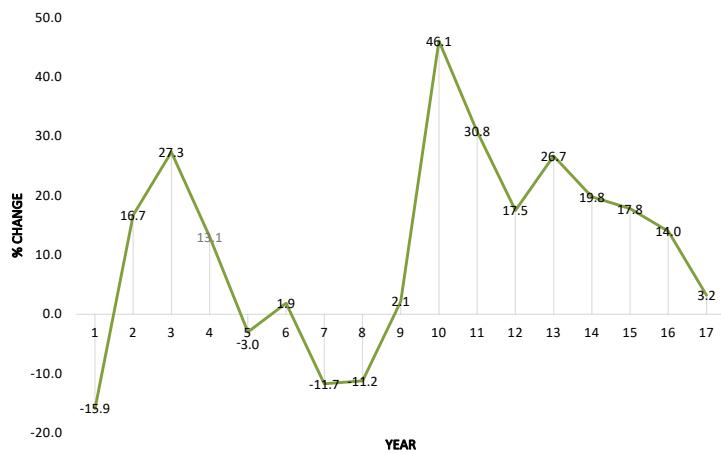
Figure 2: Distribution of World Tourist Arrivals by Region – 2017

Source: UNWTO Tourism Highlights, 2018 Edition

1.4 Tourism Demand – Volume and Value

Volume

Tourist arrivals to Sri Lanka during the year 2017 amounted to 2,116,407, registering a 3.2% increase since 2016. Reported number of nights spent in 2017 by international tourists was 23,068,000, showing an increase of 10.27%, with an average duration of 10.9 nights (Table 12 and 21).

Chart 2: Tourists Arrivals – 2001 to 2017**Chart 3: Tourist Arrivals Growth Change – 2001 to 2017**

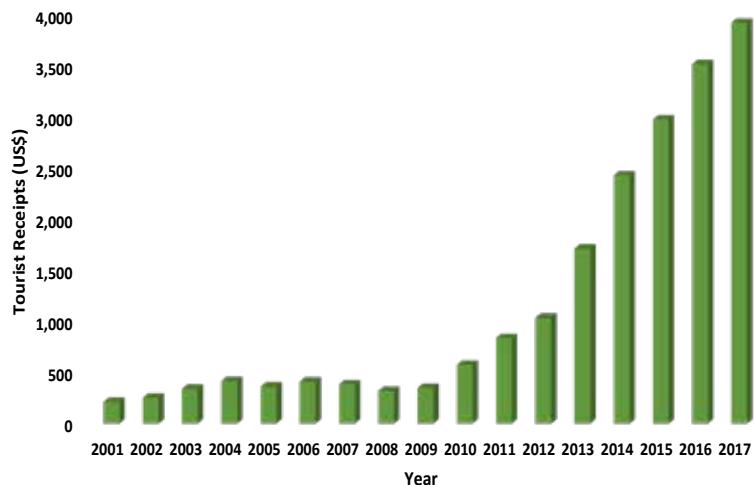
Value

Tourism was the third largest foreign exchange earner for the country in 2017, preceded by Worker's Remittance and Textiles & Garments, significantly contributing to the Sri Lankan economy. Foreign exchange earnings from the tourism sector increased to 14.8% of the total foreign exchange earnings, compared to 14.2% recorded in the previous year.

The official tourist receipts for 2017 were estimated at Rs. 598,356 million as compared to Rs. 512,593 million in

2016, growing by 16.7%. In terms of US Dollars, the total tourist receipts were estimated to be US\$ 3,924.9 million, compared to US\$ 3,518.5 million observed in the previous year, increasing by 11.5%.

The per capita tourist receipts per day amounted to US\$ 170.1, showing an increase of 1.1% as compared to US\$ 168.2 in 2016.

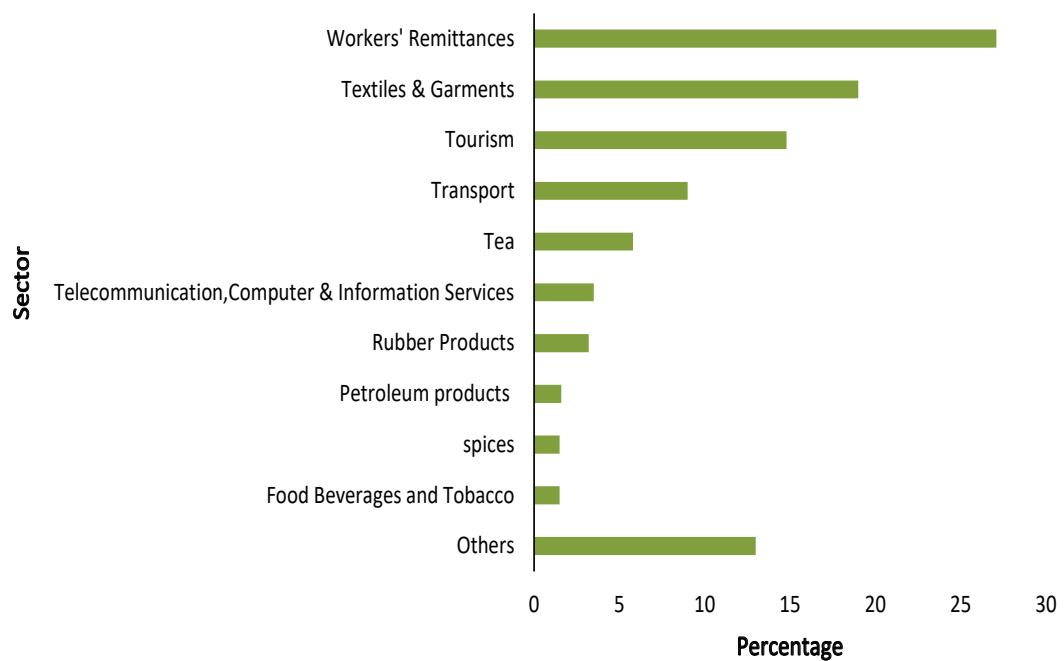
Chart 4: Tourist Receipts (US\$) – 2001 to 2017**Table II: Foreign Exchange Earnings by Industry – 2016 & 2017**

2016				2017			
Sector	FE Earnings (Rs. Million)	% of Total FE Earnings	Rank	Sector	FE Earnings (Rs. Million)	% of Total FE Earnings	Rank
Workers' Remittances	1,054,489	29.2	1	Workers' Remittances	1,091,972	27.1	1
Textiles and Garments	710,768	19.7	2	Textiles and Garments	767,254	19.0	2
Tourism	512,593	14.2	3	Tourism	598,356	14.8	3
Transport	327,581	9.1	4	Transport	362,199	9.0	4
Tea	184,778	5.1	5	Tea	233,338	5.8	5
Telecommunication, Computer & Information Services	124,934	3.5	6	Telecommunication, Computer & Information Services	141,126	3.5	6
Rubber Products	111,791	3.1	7	Rubber Products	127,426	3.2	7

Coconut	53,283	1.5	8	Petroleum Products	66,280	1.6	8
Food Beverages and Tobacco	47,087	1.3	9	Spices	61,994	1.5	9
Machinery and Mechanical Appliances	46,267	1.3	10	Food Beverages and Tobacco	59,921	1.5	10
Others	442,479	12.0		Others	523,544	13.0	
Total	3,616,050	100.0		Total	4,033,410	100.0	

Source: Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Chart 5: Distribution of Total Foreign Exchange Earnings (Percentage) – 2017





02

TOURIST TRAFFIC

2.1 Markets

Tourist arrivals from different regional markets for the past four consecutive years is indicated in Table 2, 3 and 3a. Western Europe continues to be the largest regional market represented in foreign arrivals in the year 2017.

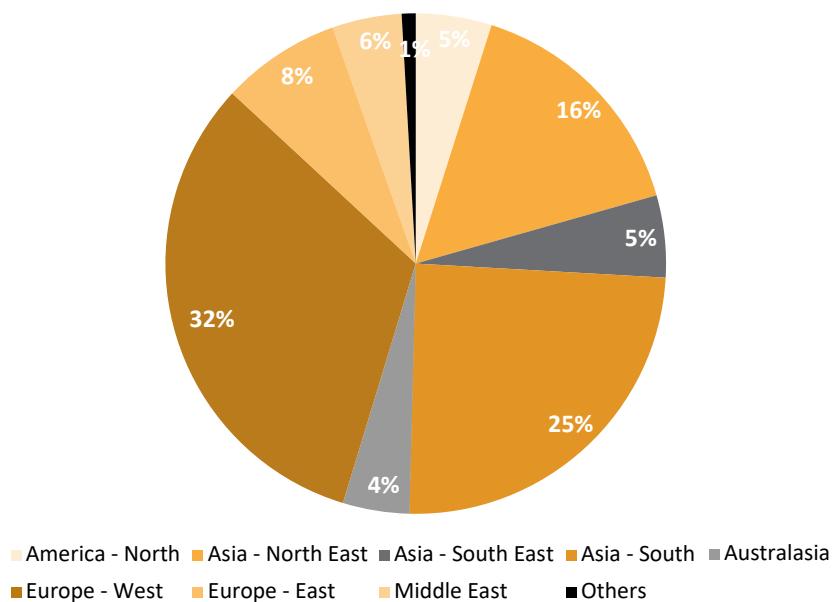
Table III: Tourist Arrivals by Region – 2014 to 2017

Region	Year				Percentage Change		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	15/14	16/15	17/16
America - North	72,653	84,943	98,376	104,375	16.9	15.8	6.1
Asia - North East	185,907	273,844	329,207	332,119	47.3	134.9	0.9
Asia - South East	94,604	89,013	95,954	112,191	-5.9	81.1	16.9
Asia - South	370,299	459,415	513,536	518,085	24.1	-76.6	0.9
Australasia	65,252	71,672	83,851	92,003	9.8	616.5	9.7
Europe - West	479,007	552,442	643,333	680,901	15.3	-40.4	5.8
Europe - East	154,153	148,458	161,171	161,967	-3.7	-44.8	0.5
Middle East	88,991	101,066	107,635	95,581	13.6	-17	-11.2
Others	16,287	17,527	17,769	19,185	7.6	80.9	8.0
Total	1,527,153	1,798,380	2,050,832	2,116,407	17.8	14	3.2

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration, analysis by SLTDA

Overall, it is noteworthy that all regions showed significant growth in the number of tourist arrivals, except the Middle East region (Table IV). Western Europe showed an increase of 5.8% compared to the previous year. South Asia was the second major source market, recording a 0.9% increase compared to the year 2016. Even though South East

Asia ranked fifth in the number of international arrivals, a significant increase was observed since 2016. It should be noted that on average, all regional markets, except the Middle East region, recorded an increase of 3.2% compared to the previous year.

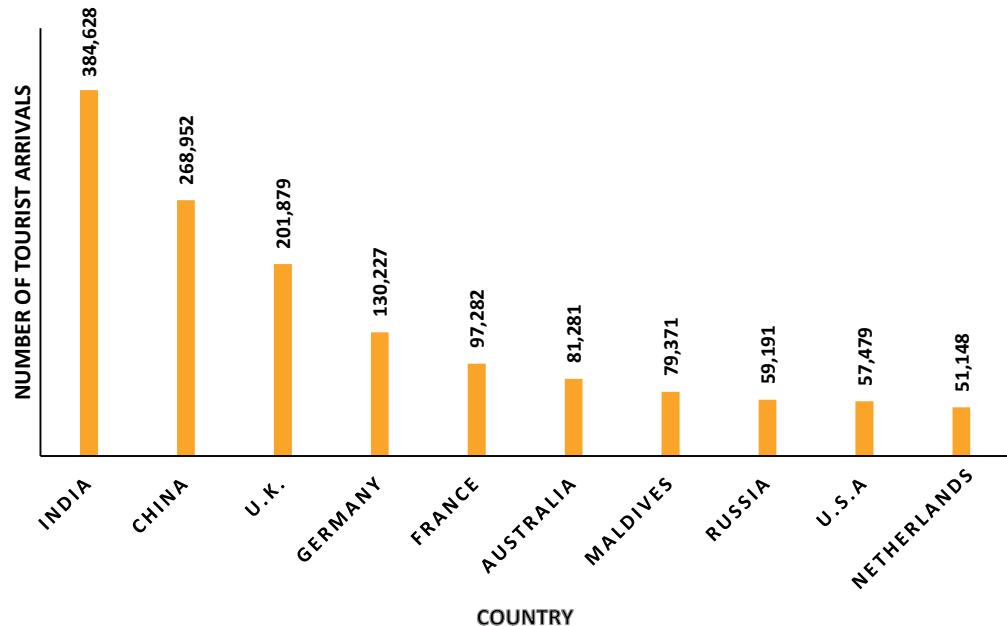
Chart 6: Distribution of Market Areas (Percentage) – 2017**Table IV: Relative Importance of Regional Markets – 2015 to 2017**

Market Region	Percentage Share		
	2015	2016	2017
America -North	4.7	4.8	4.9
Asia -North East	15.2	16.1	15.7
Asia -South East	4.7	4.0	5.3
Asia - South	25.5	25.0	24.5
Australasia	4	4.1	4.3
Europe -West	30.7	31.4	32.2
Europe - East	8.3	7.9	7.7
Middle East	5.6	5.2	4.5
Others	1.3	1.5	0.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration, analysis by SLTDA

Even though Europe West held the major market share in 2017, there was only a slight increase to 32.2% in 2017 from 31.4% in 2016. It is noteworthy that the market share of North America, South East Asia and Australasia had increased from 4.8% to 4.9%, 4% to 5.3% and 4.1% to 4.3% respectively. However, the shares of North East Asia, South Asia, Eastern Europe, Middle East and Others had decreased.

Chart 7: Top Ten Source Markets – 2017



An analysis of the ten major source markets revealed that tourists from India represented the largest number of international arrivals. China was recorded as the second major country of origin for tourists with a share of 12.7% during 2017. The highest tourist source markets, namely India and China, claimed almost one third of the total

An analysis of average annual growth rates of the regions by country of residence from 2007 to 2017 (Table 1) revealed that Western Europe was the market region with the highest annual growth rate of 44.2%, while 36.3% was recorded as the average annual growth rate for all markets.

tourist traffic to the country during the year under review. United Kingdom was the third major source of tourists to the country (9.53%), while Germany and France retained their fourth and fifth positions. Canada dropped from the top ten ranking list. The top ten markets accounted for almost 66.13% of the total tourist traffic to the country in 2017.

Table V: Top Ten Source Markets – 2016 & 2017

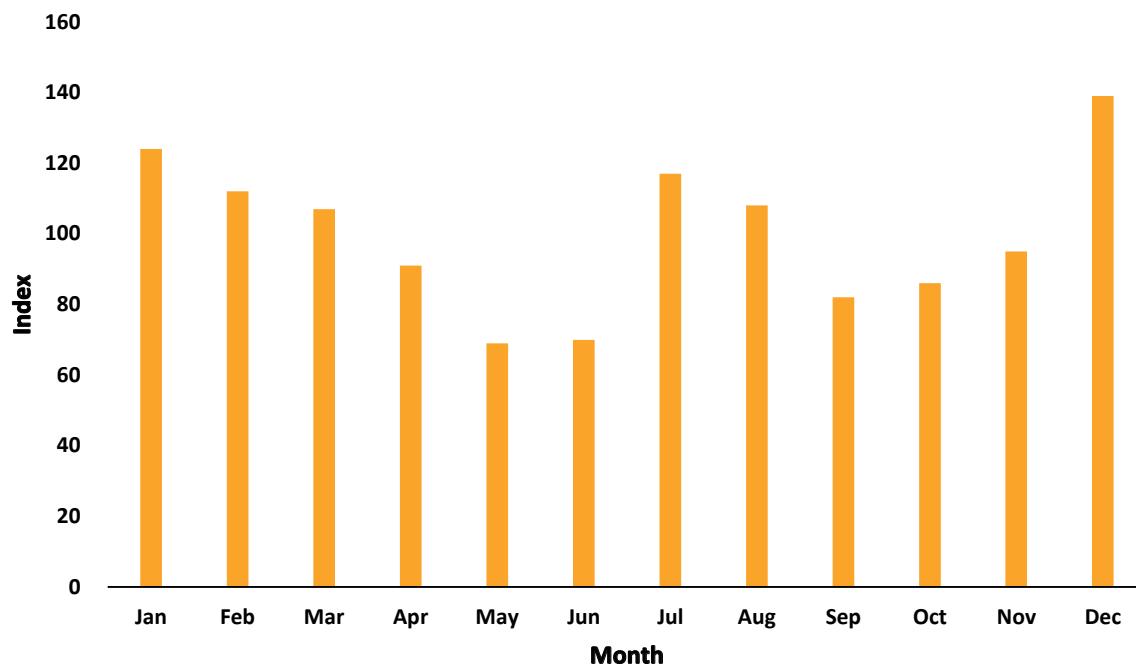
Source Market	2016		Source Market	2017	
	Total Arrivals	% Distribution		Total Arrivals	% Distribution
India	356,729	17.39	India	384,628	18.17
China	271,577	13.24	China	268,952	12.70
United Kingdom	188,159	9.17	United Kingdom	201,879	9.53
Germany	133,275	6.50	Germany	130,227	6.15
France	96,440	4.70	France	97,282	4.59
Maldives	95,167	4.64	Australia	81,281	3.84
Australia	74,496	3.63	Maldives	79,371	3.75
Russia	58,176	2.84	Russia	59,191	2.80
USA	54,254	2.65	USA	57,479	2.72
Canada	44,122	2.15	Netherlands	51,148	2.42
Total	1,372,395	66.92	Total	1,411,438	66.69

2.2 Seasonality of Arrivals

Table 4, 5 in the Statistical Appendix shows the monthly variation in tourist arrivals received from various countries.

During the year 2017, the high season was spread over a period of six months. The index of arrivals reached above 100 during the months of December, January,

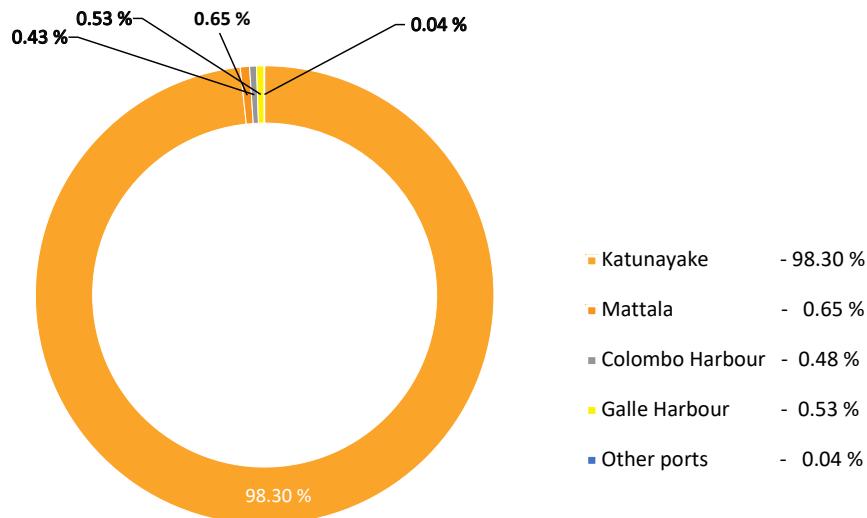
July, February, August and March. In all other months the index was below 100. The highest number of arrivals were recorded in the month of December with a seasonal index of 139. The coefficient of seasonal variation in 2017 was 22 (Table 4). The lowest number of arrivals was recorded in May.

Chart 8: Seasonality of Traffic – 2017 (Seasonal Indices)

2.3. Mode of Transport and Port of Arrival

Table 6 in the Statistical Appendix shows detailed statistics of passenger movements categorised according to mode of transport and port of arrival. During the year 2017, 98.9% of the tourists came to Sri Lanka by air travel, following a similar distribution rate as in the previous year. The balance 1.05% arrived in the country by sea, mostly through the Galle harbour (Table 6, Statistical Appendix).

Passenger movements by ports show that the Bandaranaike International Airport in Katunayake continued to handle the majority of tourist traffic, with 98.3% of the total arrivals and departures. The balance was reported from Mattala Rajapaksha International Airport (0.6%), Colombo harbour (0.4%), Galle harbour (0.5%) and other ports (0.04%).

Chart 9: Distribution by Ports of Arrival (Percentage) – 2017

2.4 Purpose of Visit

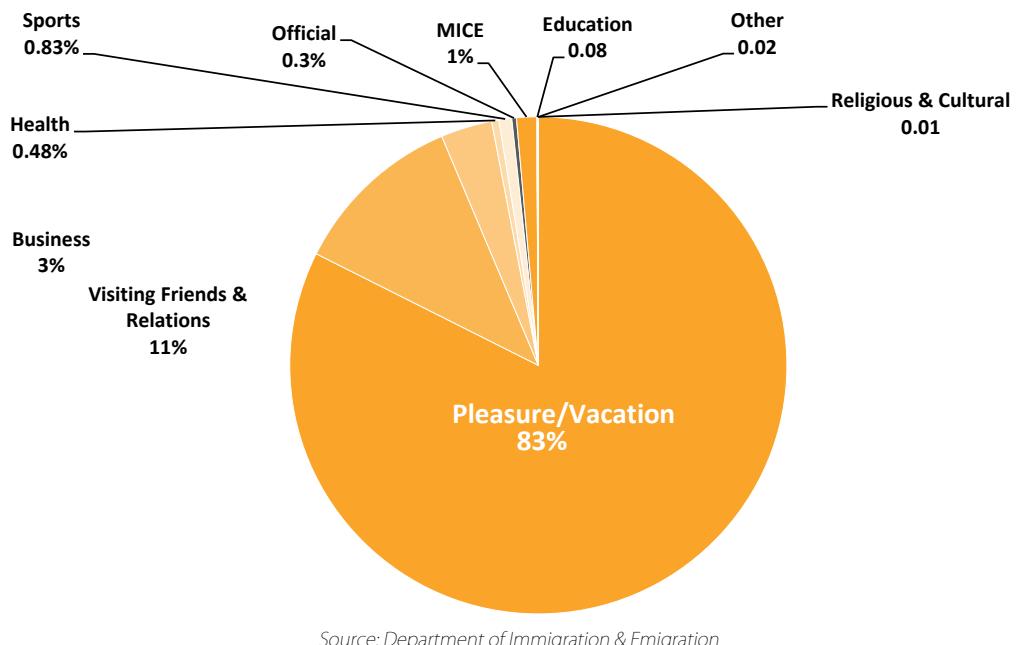
Tourist arrivals classified by the expressed purpose of visit to Sri Lanka are shown in Table 10 and 11 in the Statistical Appendix. The data for the purpose of visit has been analysed by using Electronic Travel Authorization system for the year 2017 and reported by the Department of Immigration & Emigration.

The table shows that 82.4% of the tourists who visited the island in 2017 had come for pleasure – i.e. for holiday, recreation, touring, etc. 11.3% of tourists had come to visit friends and relatives followed by business related travel (3.3%) and MICE (Meetings, Incentives, Conventions, Exhibitions) (1.3%) purposes. The proportion of tourists who came to Sri Lanka for sports and health purposes constituted 0.8% and 0.5% respectively. 0.3% of tourists reported coming for official purposes, while nearly 0.1% reported visiting for educational purposes. Out of the total pleasure travellers, the highest proportion of tourists came

from Western Europe at 32.4% followed by South Asia 23% and East Asia 22.7%. The proportion of leisure tourists from Eastern Europe, Middle East and Australasia constituted 8.8%, 5.1% and 3.4% respectively.

The largest proportion of business travellers were from South Asia (59.9%) followed by East Asia (20.8%) and Western Europe (11.7%). The highest proportion recorded for the purpose of visiting friends and relatives were from Western Europe (38.3%) followed by South Asia (20.9%) and North America (16.9%).

India as the major tourist source market, produced over 300,000 tourists to Sri Lanka in 2017 which is comparatively different from all the other markets that constituted 17.09% for pleasure, 16.48% for visiting friends and relatives, 48.4% for business related travel and 27.4% for MICE, out of the total travellers who came for respective purposes.

Chart 10: Distribution by Purpose of Visit (Percentage) – 2017

2.5. Duration of Stay

Statistics on duration of stay by the country of residence of tourists are shown in table 12 and 13 in the Statistical Appendix.

The table 12 shows that the average duration of stay for tourists in Sri Lanka during the year under review has increased from 10.2 to 10.9 nights in 2017. The highest (37.1%) percentage of tourists had stayed 4 to 7 nights. 30.1% of tourists stayed for 8-14 days while 12.3% of tourists stayed for 15-21 days.

An analysis of average duration of stay by region of origin reveals that the highest average duration of stay (14.4 nights) has been recorded from the North American region. Tourists from Western Europe and Eastern Europe recorded an average duration of stay of 13.9 and 12.3 nights respectively. The lowest average duration of stay of

6.8 nights has been recorded from tourists from the Asian region.

The total number of nights spent by the 2,116,407 tourists who visited the country in 2017 amounted to 23,068,836 (Table 13). This was an increase of 10.27% when compared with 20,918,486 nights recorded for the previous year.

By the end of 2017, foreign tourists spent a total of 11,609,886 nights in Sri Lankan hotels (i.e. Classified Hotels, Unclassified Hotels, Boutique Hotels.) This was an increase of 9.57%, when compared with the figure of 10,595,118 nights recorded in 2016. (Table 21).

Tourist nights recorded in supplementary establishments (i.e. Boutique Villas, Guest Houses, Rest Houses, Home Stay Units, Tourist Bungalows, Rented Tourist Homes, Rented

Tourist Apartments and Heritage Bungalows/Homes etc.) in 2017 was 6,204,126, showing an increase of 14.8% when compared with 5,404,602 nights in supplementary establishments recorded in year 2016.

It is noteworthy that only 50.33 percent of the total nights tourists spent in Sri Lanka they stayed hotels while 26.89 percent of nights were spent in supplementary establishments. In the remaining 22.78% of nights, tourists used accommodation units and private houses (see Table 21).

Chart 11: Distribution of Average Duration of Stay (Nights) – 2017

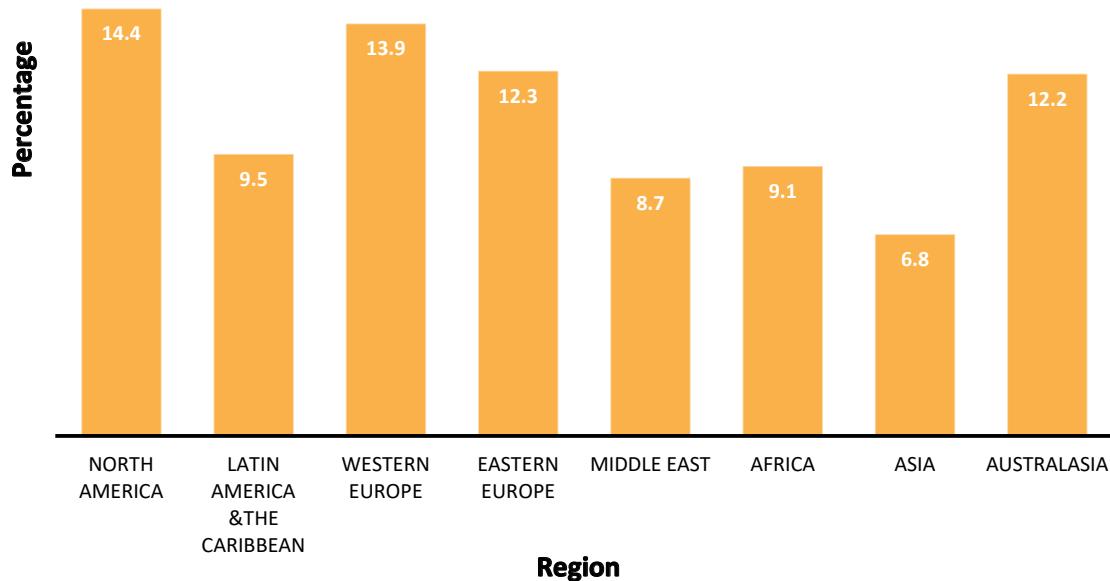
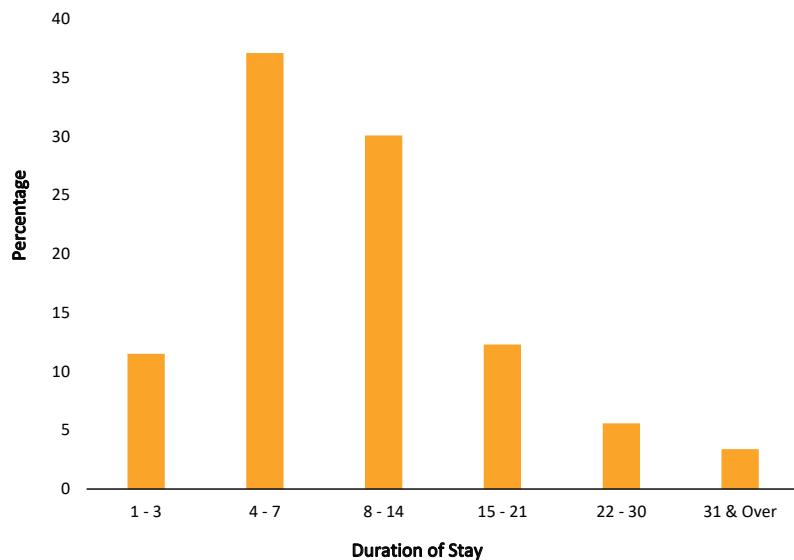


Chart 12: Distribution of Period of Stay (Percentage) – 2017



Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

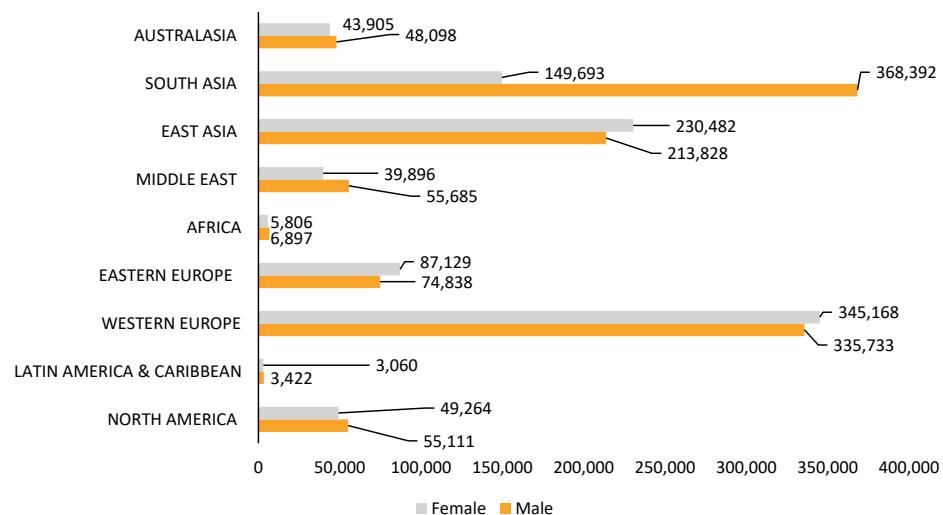
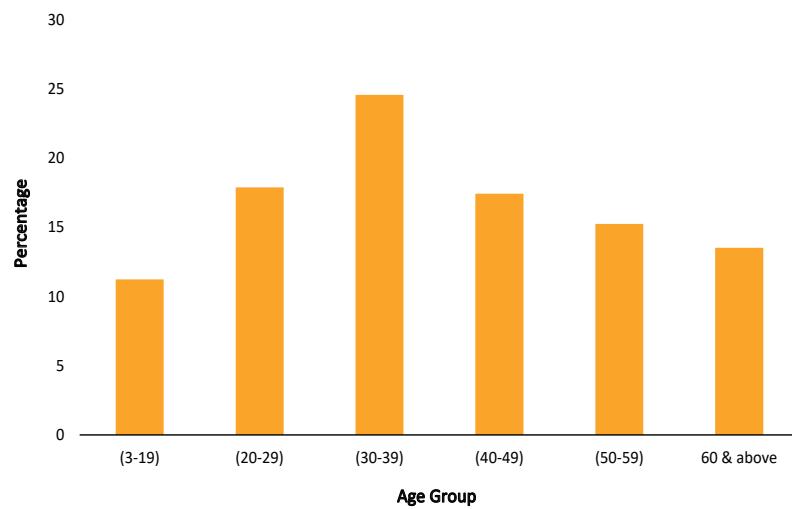
2.6 Age and Sex

An analysis of 2017 arrivals by the age and sex composition of the tourists who visited Sri Lanka are shown in Table 14 and 15 in the Statistical Appendix.

The age composition shows the majority of incoming visitors (42.5%) in the 20-29 and 30-39 age brackets. Of the total tourists, 11.2% were below 20 years in age, 17.9% were in the age group 20-29 years, 24.6% between 30-39 years, 17.5% between 40-49 years, 15.3% between 50-59 years and the remaining 13.5% were 60 years and above.

The sex distribution of the tourists who visited Sri Lanka during the year shows that 54.9% of tourists were male while 45.1% were female.

It can also be seen from Table 15 in the Statistical Appendix that in 2017 the highest proportions of female tourists were recorded from Western Europe (36.1%), East Asia (24.1%) and South Asia (15.7%). On the other hand, the highest proportions of male tourists have been recorded from South Asia (31.7%), Western Europe (28.9%) and East Asia (18.4%).

Chart 13: Distribution of Tourists by Sex and Region (Percentage) – 2017**Chart 14: Distribution of Tourists by Age Group (Percentage) – 2017**

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

2.7 Occupation

Occupational classification of tourists who visited Sri Lanka during the year under review are shown in Table 16 and 17 in the Statistical Appendix.

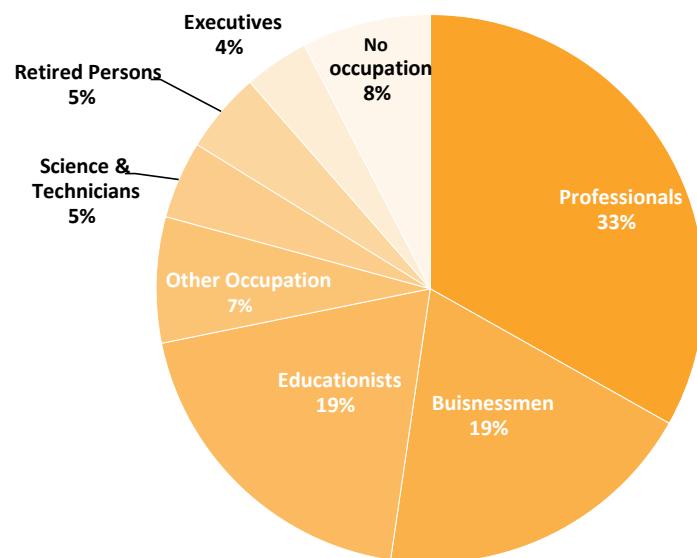
The 'No Occupation' category in the table largely includes housewives and dependents while the category 'Other Occupations' consists of those whose occupations cannot be classified into any one of the employment categories specified in the table.

The table 16 shows that 7.6% of the tourists who visited Sri Lanka in 2017 belonged to the 'No Occupation' category. This group together with the retired persons (4.8%) represented the tourists who were 'economically inactive,' at 12.4%. The balance 87.6% of the tourists could

be described as 'economically active' persons, as active contributors to the labour force in their country. Out of the 'economically active' tourists, Professionals formed the largest group with 33.2% of the total traffic received in 2017. Educationists came second with 19.5%, Businessmen third with 19.4%, those in the 'Other Occupations' category fourth with 7.1% and Scientists & Technicians fifth with 4.6%. Executives constituted 3.8% of the total traffic.

A fairly high proportion of tourists from South Asia (71.4%), Western Europe (45.7%) and East Asia (40.2%) belonged to the economically inactive group. This was due largely to the high proportion of female tourists and dependents visiting Sri Lanka from these regions.

Chart 15: Distribution of Occupational Categories (Percentage) – 2017



Source: Airport Survey of Departing Foreign Tourists from Sri Lanka 2017

2.8 Arrivals by Carrier

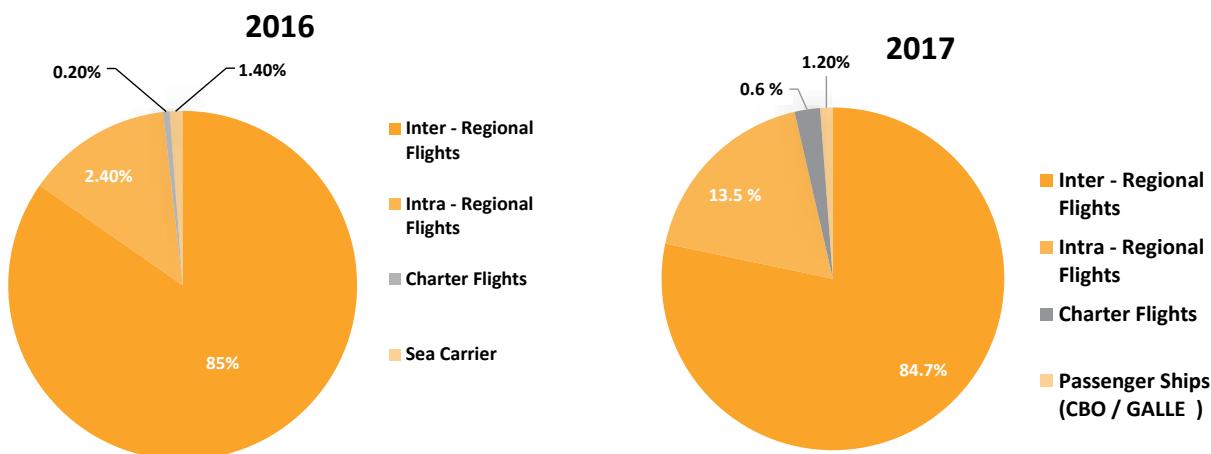
Statistics showing the capacity operated by all airlines are shown in Tables 9 and 9a in the Statistical Appendix.

During the year 2017, 30 airlines including the national carrier Sri Lankan Airlines operated flights to Sri Lanka (Table 18 and Table 9). The number of flights operated by these carriers amounted to 1,203 per week. The number of seats available in incoming flights per week during winter was 141,943 while 123,234 seats were available

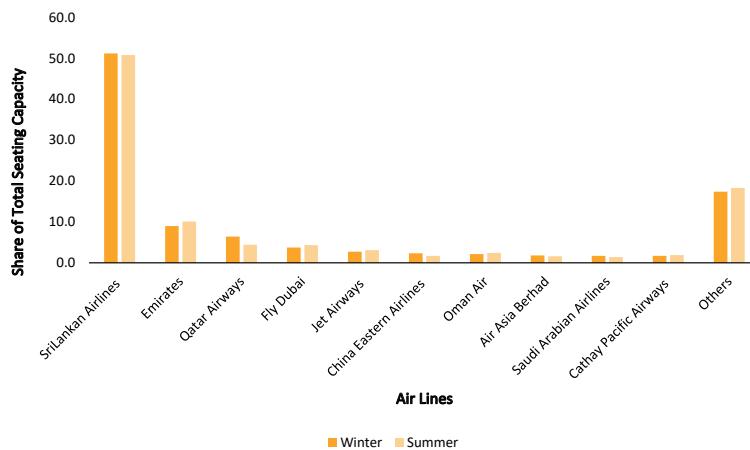
during summer. Top three airlines carrying 1.1 million tourists to Sri Lanka were Sri Lankan Airlines, Emirates and Qatar Airlines.

In analyzing the arrivals by carrier, Inter regional flights have contributed to 78.3% of the arrivals while intra - regional flights and charter flights contributed to 18.1% and 2.4% respectively (Table 8). During the year under review there were around 8 charter airlines operating to Sri Lanka.

Chart 16: Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Type of Carrier (percentage) – 2016 & 2017



**Chart 17 : Distribution of Total Seating Capacity by Carrier (percentage)
– 2017**



Source: Civil Aviation Authority

Air Line	Winter	Summer
Sri Lankan Airlines	51.2	50.8
Emirates	9.0	10.1
Qatar Airways	6.4	4.4
Fly Dubai	3.7	4.3
Jet Airways	2.7	3.1
China Eastern Airlines	2.3	1.7
Oman Air	2.1	2.4
Air Asia Berhad	1.8	1.6
Saudi Arabian Airlines	1.7	1.4
Cathay Pacific Airways	1.7	1.9
Others	17.4	18.3

2.9 Passenger Movement

As a whole, the two-way passenger traffic into and out of the country amounted to 7,197,408 for the year, through the main access point (BIA- Katunayake). This represents an increase of 1.6% as compared to the two-way passenger traffic of 7,087,387 recorded for the previous year (Table 31).

The analysis of the passenger traffic composition revealed that almost half of these passengers (59.9 percent) were tourists. For both arrival and departures, Sri Lankan nationals accounted for 40.1 percent of the total traffic. (See Table 19)

2.10 Scheduled Airline Operations

During the year 2017, there were 30 scheduled airlines operating flights to Sri Lanka including National Carrier, Sri Lankan Airlines. (see Table 9) In terms of popularity the top three airlines used by tourists are Sri Lankan Air Lines, Emirates and Qatar Air Lines. The tourist arrivals by charter carriers is shown in Table 9a in the Statistical Appendix.



03

ACCOMMODATION SECTOR

3.1 Accommodation Capacity

The establishments which provide accommodation for international visitors to Sri Lanka could be divided into three broad categories: tourist hotels, supplementary establishments and other establishments¹. At the end of the year 2017, the total number of establishments in the registered list of accommodation at SLTDA amounted to 2,094 with 35,986 rooms. The total capacity consisted of 401 tourist hotels and 1,693 supplementary establishments.

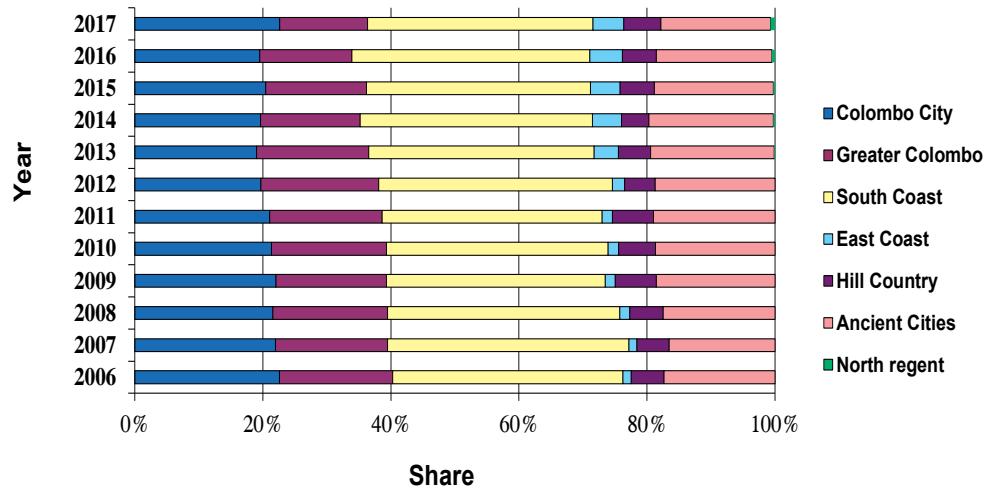
Compared with 2016, the accommodation capacity of tourist hotels increased by 4.97% from 382 to 401 units, while the number of rooms increased by 6.1% from 22,126 to 23,477 rooms in 2017. The capacity offered by the supplementary accommodation category increased by 8.85% from 1,558 to 1,696 units, while the number of rooms increased by 8.44% from 11,535 to 12,509 rooms. In 2017, the percentage distribution of room capacity of graded accommodation units (Tourist Hotels) by star

category was 17.96% in the five-star category, 8.91% in four-star category, 12.60% in three-star category, 7.32% in two-star category, 7.53% in one-star category, 43.52% in the unclassified category, and 2.16% in boutique hotels (Table 21 & 23).

The distribution of capacity available in 2017 by resort regions is shown in Chart 18. Colombo City (Colombo 1-14) had 22.62% of the capacity on offer, while Greater Colombo (extending from Moratuwa to Colombo and Negombo to Colombo) had 13.74%, bringing the total capacity in Colombo and surrounding areas to 36.36%. The South Coast region had 35.23% of the total capacity, Ancient Cities region 17.11%, Hill Country 5.78%, East Coast 4.82%, and Northern Region 0.70%.

The distribution of guest rooms by size of accommodation and by resort areas is shown in Table 20 in the Statistical Appendix.

Chart 18: Distribution of Accommodation Capacity by Region (Percentage) – 2017



Source: SLTDA

1. Supplementary establishments include Boutique Villas, Guest Houses, Rest Houses, Home Stay Units, Tourist Bungalows, Rented Tourist Homes, Rented Tourist Apartments and Heritage Bungalows/Homes etc. Other establishments refer to those who are not formally registered with the Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority. Currently there is no formal data on these facilities.
2. The districts covered in each region are as follows: South Coast (Kalutara, Galle, Hambantota, Matara), Ancient Cities (Anuradhapura, Polonnaruwa, Kandy, Kurunegala, Matale), Hill Country (Rathnapura, Nuwara Eliya, Badulla, Kegalle), East Coast (Batticaloa, Trincomalee, Ampara), Northern Region (Vavuniya, Jaffna, Mannar).

3.2 Occupancy Rates

Tables 23 & 22 in the Statistical Appendix show monthly and annual occupancy rates by region. The overall annual room occupancy rate recorded for all accommodation in 2017 was 73.27%. This occupancy rate was similar to that of last year (74.76%).

The highest occupancy rate was recorded in the month of December (78.92%) and the lowest in the month of

April (67.39%). Region wise, Colombo City recorded the highest occupancy rate – 75.31%. Ancient Cities recorded an occupancy rate of 73.85%, followed by Hill Country (73.55%), Greater Colombo (73.14%), East Coast (72.95%), South Coast (72.38%) and Northern Region (70.98%).

Chart 19: Distribution of Occupancy Rates by Month (Percentage) – 2017

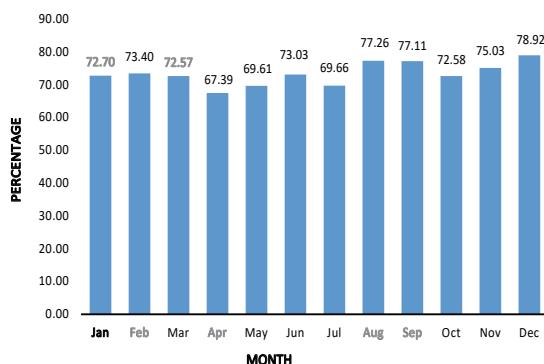


Chart 20: Distribution of Occupancy Rates by Region (Percentage) – 2017

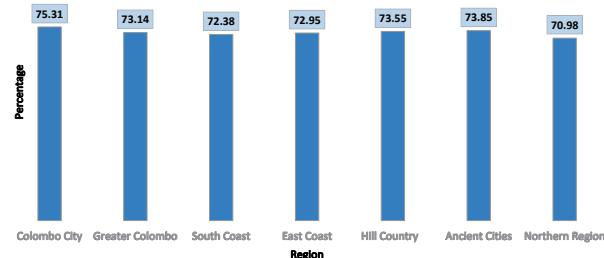


Figure 3: Occupancy Rates by Resort Region – 2016 & 2017



Table VI: Occupancy Rates by Resort Region 2016 & 2017

Resort Region	Occupancy Rate	
	2016	2017
Colombo City	76.75%	75.31%
Greater Colombo	75.18%	73.14%
South Coast	74.24%	72.38%
East Coast	74.92%	72.95%
Hill Country	75.24%	73.55%
Ancient Cities	75.46%	73.85%
Northern Region	69.58%	70.98%

Source: Occupancy as reported to SLTDA

3.3 Guest Nights

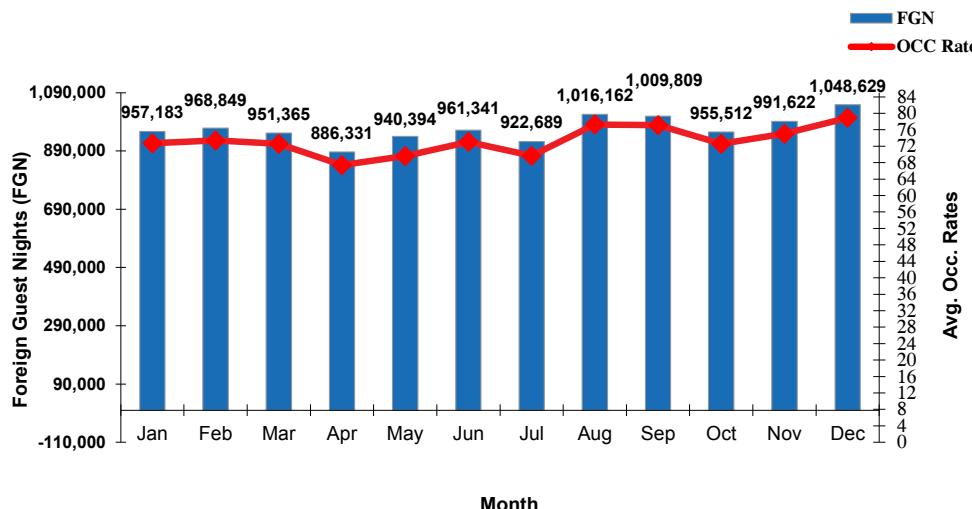
Detailed statistics showing the distribution of nights both foreign and local spent in accommodation establishments classified by month, by accommodation type and by tourist destination are shown in Table 23a, 24 and 25 in the Statistical Appendix.

In 2017, the total number of guest nights recorded in the accommodation facilities included in the analysis amounted to 23,068,836. This was an increase of 10.27% when compared to 2016 (20,918,486). The number of nights foreign visitors spent in accommodation facilities registered with SLTDA throughout the island increased by 11.33% from 15,999,720 in 2016 to 17,814,012 in 2017, while the local guest nights recorded and increase by 7.3% from 2,539,480 in 2016 to 2,725,337 in 2017.

The distribution of foreign guest nights by resort region shows that 38.10% of the foreign guest nights have been spent in the Colombo city and its environs. The proportion of foreign guest nights spent in the South Coast was 36.04%, followed by Ancient Cities (16.3%) and Hill Country (5.4%).

The local guest nights figures show a different distribution. The largest proportion of nights local guests spent was reported from the South Coast (31.73%) followed by Colombo City and Greater Colombo (27.42%) and Ancient Cities (23.96%). These three areas accounted for 83.11% of total nights local guests spent while travelling.

Chart 21: Number of Nights Spent by Foreign Tourists and Occupancy Rates by Month – 2017





04

EMPLOYMENT

4.1 Employment

Table 27 in the Statistical Appendix shows the volume of employment by type of establishment and by broad categories of employees from 2015 to 2017.

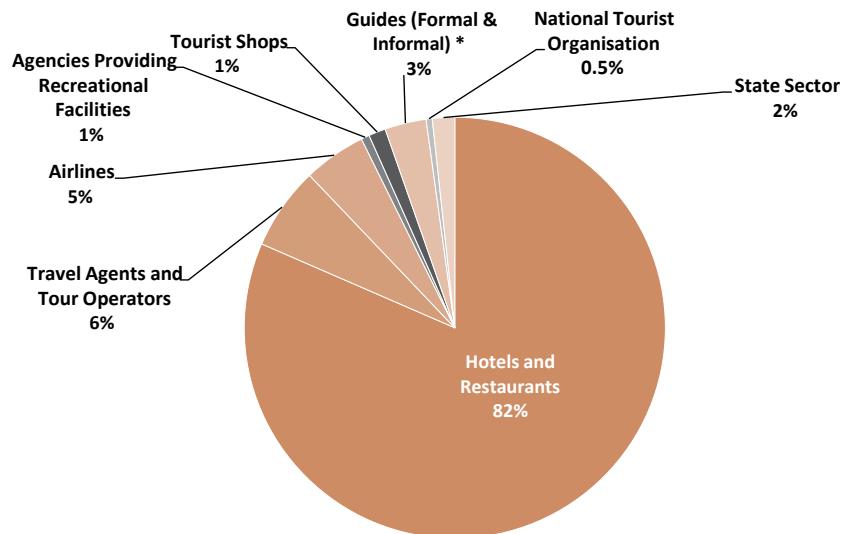
The total number of establishments covered in the 2017 survey was 3,634. The total number of employees in these establishments amounted to 156,369 as compared to 146,115 in 2016. This was an increase of 10,254 (7.01%). Substantial increases were recorded in all categories of establishments.

Of the total tourism-based direct employment in 2017, 81.52% were employed in Hotels and Restaurants. Travel Agents & Tour Operators accounted for 6.36% of the total, Airlines 4.81%, Guides 3.18%, State Sector 1.71%, Tourist Shops 1.30%, the Agencies providing Recreational Facilities 0.64% and the National Tourist Organization 0.47%.

A classification of the total number in employment by broad occupational categories shows that 14.33% belonged to managerial, scientific and professional grades, 50% to technical, clerical, allied and supervisory grades and 35.76% to manual and operative grades (Table 27).

Table 27 in the Statistical Appendix shows only the volume of direct employment in the tourism sector of the economy. In order to access the total employment in the tourism industry, both direct and indirect, it is necessary to estimate the volume of indirect employment that tourist spending can generate in ancillary industries such as the handicraft trade, gems and jewellery shops, liquor shops laundries, etc. In 2017, the estimated total number for indirect employment was 202,846 (Table 29). Therefore, the total number in employment, both direct and indirect, in the tourism sector in 2017 can be estimated as 359,215.

Chart 22: Distribution of Employment in the Tourism Industry (Percentage) – 2017



4.2 Demand for Employment

The Labour Demand Survey by the Department of Census & Statistics analysed the demand for labour within tourism as a subsector, covering the service industry for accommodation and food, as well as transportation providers. A total of 6,757 occupations were in demand in 2017. There was a large demand for service providers in the food & beverage industry: for waiters and waitresses

(21.47%), cooks (11.01%), chefs (9.04%), bartenders (8.81%) and kitchen helpers (5.90%). Furthermore, higher labour participation was needed to fill vacancies under cleaning and housekeeping services in tourism-based establishments, for both supervisor positions and cleaners/helpers (17.86% and 8.29%, respectively). There were also vacancies reported for accounting associates (7.78%), stall and market salespersons (5.49%) and drivers (4.34%).

Table VII: Demand for Labour in the Tourism Sector by Industry and Occupation

Occupation	Number	Percentage
Food and Beverage Industry	3,800	56.24
Waiters	1,451	21.47
Cooks	744	11.01
Chefs	611	9.04
Bartenders	595	8.81
Kitchen Helpers	399	5.90
Cleaning and Housekeeping Services	1,767	26.15
Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	1,207	17.86
Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels or Other Establishments	560	8.29
Other	1,190	17.61
Accounting Associate Professionals	526	7.78
Stall and Market Salespersons	371	5.49
Car, Taxi, Van Drivers	293	4.34
Total	6,757	100

Source: Labour Demand Survey (2017), Department of Census & Statistics

Chart 23: Distribution of Demand for Labour in Tourism Industry by Occupational Categories (Percentage) - 2017

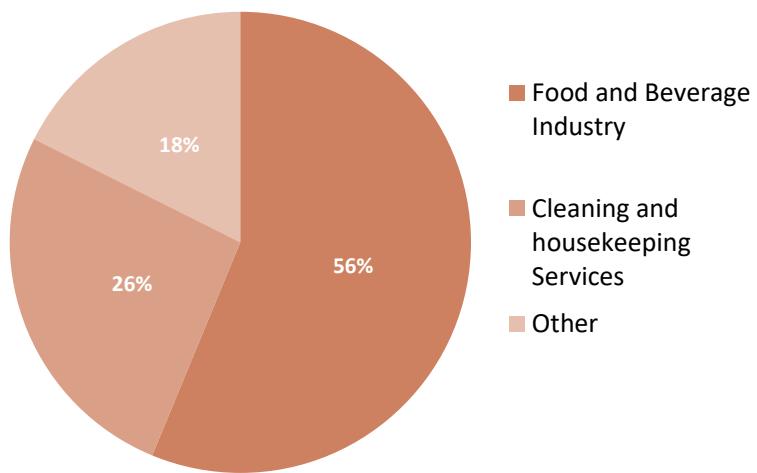
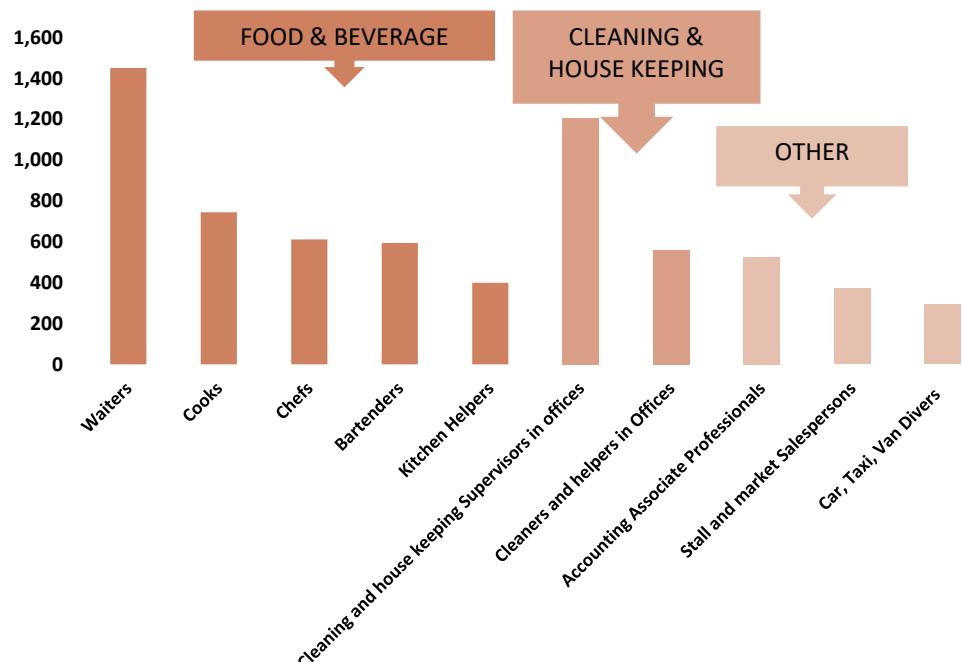


Chart 23a: Distribution of Demand for Labour in Tourism Industry by Occupation (Percentage) - 2017





05

PUBLIC SECTOR REVENUE

5.1 Public Sector Revenue

Public sector institutions derive revenue from tourism in a variety of ways, namely direct and indirect taxes, fees and levies, profits from business undertakings, etc. However, statistics of revenue collections are readily available only from few sources, such as the Tourism Development Levy, Embarkation Tax, Income of Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority, and entrance fees to Cultural Triangle sites, Wildlife Parks, Conservation Forests, Museums, Zoological Gardens and Botanical Gardens, and Income of Bandaranaike Memorial International Conference Hall (BMICH). The revenue collections from some of these sources are given in Tables 32 to 40 in the Statistical Appendix.

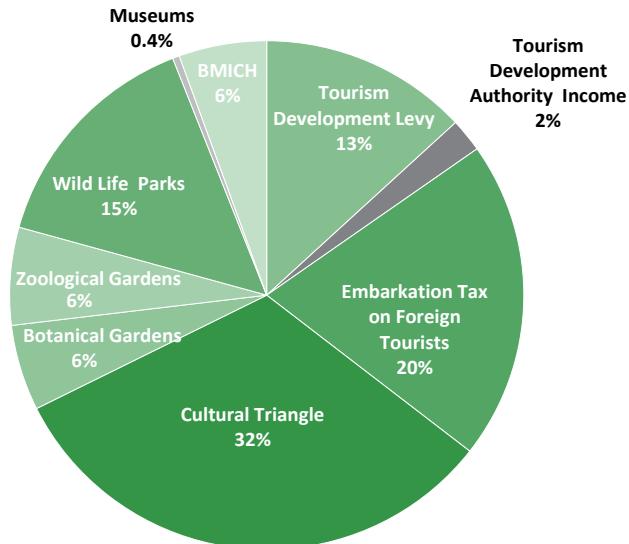
In 2017, the total revenue collected from the listed sources amounted to Rs. 11,767.6 million, compared to Rs. 10,630.5

million collected in the previous year (without the revenue from conservation forests).

Out of the total revenue collected in 2017, the top three contributors were: Cultural Triangle Entrance Fees (Rs. 3,774.4 million), Embarkation Taxes (Rs. 2,378.8 million) and the Wildlife Parks (Rs.1,730.7 million). The revenue earned from Conservation Forests was 25.4 million, while the Tourism Development Levy, Zoological Gardens and Botanical Gardens also contributed considerable amounts, recording Rs. 1,541.5 million, Rs. 728.9 million and Rs. 640 million respectively.

The government earns a substantial amount of income in addition to the above revenue through indirect means. The figures presented are only partial indicators of the total revenue from tourism.

Chart 24: Distribution of Public Sector Revenue from Tourism (Percentage) – 2017



Source: SLTDA and relevant line agencies



06

FOREIGN TRAVEL BY SRI LANKANS

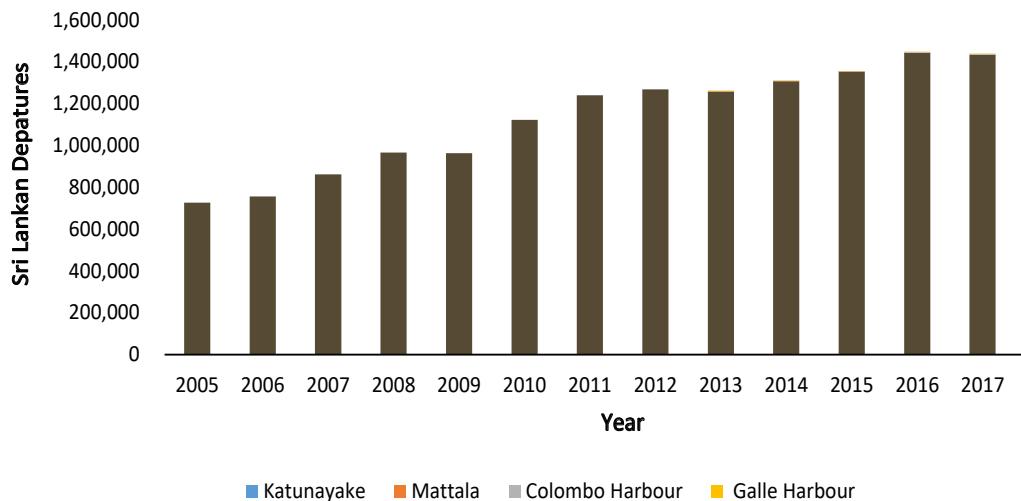
6.1 Foreign Travel by Sri Lankans

1,439,429 Sri Lankans travelled overseas during the year 2017. This was a decrease of 0.57% compared to the previous year when the total departures were 1,447,786.

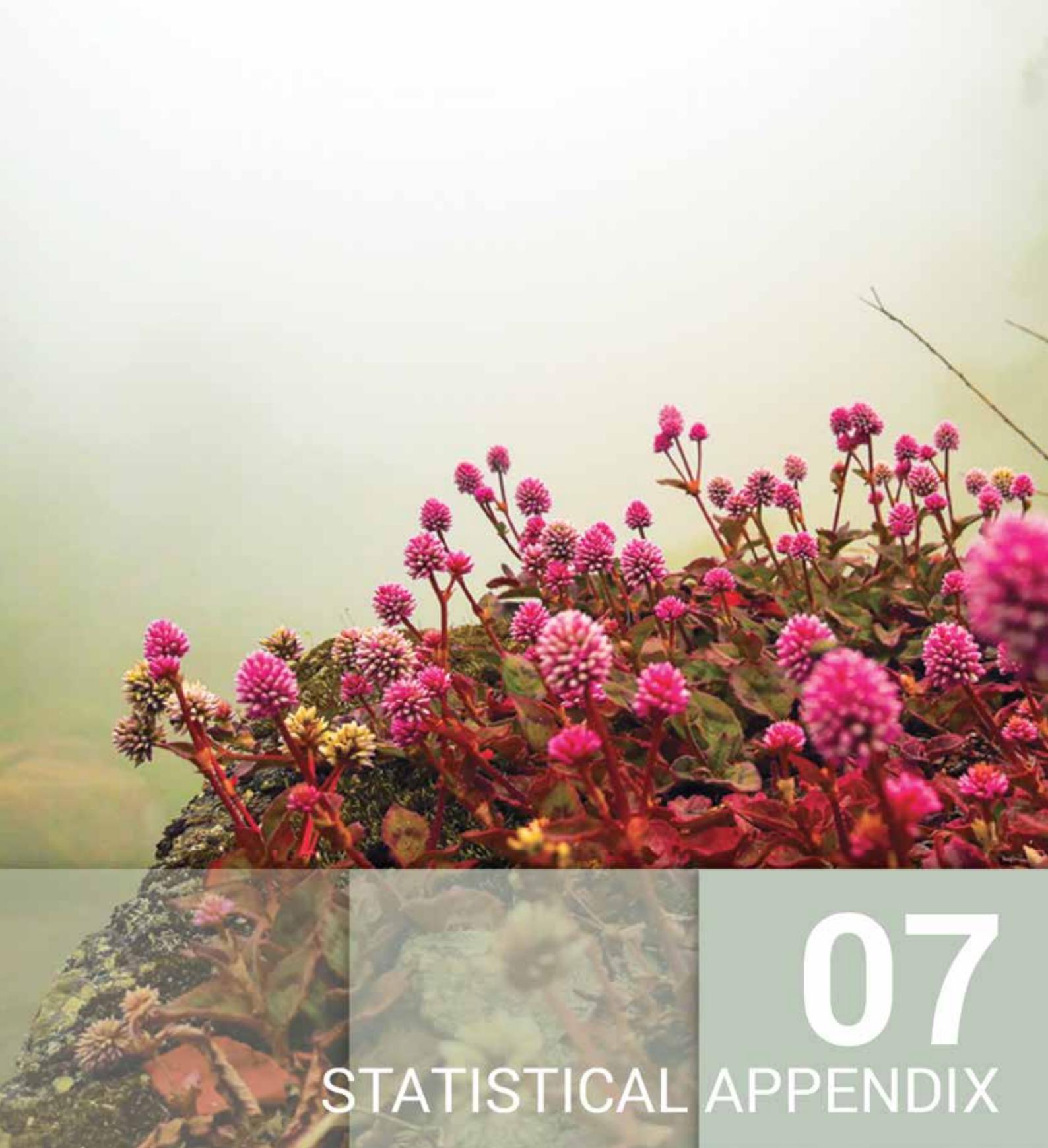
Departures of Sri Lankan nationals analysed by the mode of travel and port of departure are shown in Table 19 and

28. In 2017, the mode of overseas travel of 99.7% of Sri Lankans was by air, out of which 99.6% of Sri Lankans used BIA, Katunayake as the port of departure. 0.1% of departing Sri Lankans used Colombo harbour as a main port when it comes to the mode of sea.

Chart 25: Sri Lankan Departures – 2005 to 2017



Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration



07

STATISTICAL APPENDIX

Table 1

Market Growth Trends by Country of Residence – Growth Indices – 2007 to 2017 Average 1963/1966=100)

Market	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Average Annual Growth Rates
Western Europe	2,628	2,260	2,299	3,472	4,260	5,042	5,690	6,474	7,466	8,695	9,203	44.2
Asia	2,862	2,446	2,467	3,451	4,719	5,376	7,205	9,200	11,624	13,270	13,605	36.5
North America	1,022	876	899	1,449	1,768	2,135	2,365	2,618	3,061	3,545	3,761	12.9
Oceania	3,256	3,102	3,703	5,297	6,600	8,207	8,641	9,269	10,181	11,911	13,069	43.3
Others	4,305	4,896	4,908	7,141	10,470	12,711	20,437	24,383	25,099	26,934	26,009	43.2
All Markets	2,598	2,306	2,355	3,442	4,501	5,288	6,703	8,031	9,457	10,785	11,130	36.3

Table 2Tourist Arrivals by Nationality – 2017

Nationality	2017	Percentage Share
NORTH AMERICA	110,502	5.22
Canadian	48,376	2.29
American	61,196	2.89
Mexican	930	0.04
CARIBBEAN, CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA	5,830	0.28
Argentinian	1,028	0.05
Brazilian	1,734	0.08
Others	3,068	0.14
WESTERN EUROPE	328,144	15.50
Austrian	16,719	0.79
Belgian	14,152	0.67
Dane	125,369	5.92
Dutch	48,875	2.31
French	94,109	4.45
Swiss	28,200	1.33
Others	720	0.03
NORTHERN EUROPE	275,219	13.00
British	204,515	9.66
Danish	17,821	0.84
Finnish	6,985	0.33
Irish	8,302	0.39
Norwegian	13,694	0.65
Swedish	23,536	1.11
Others	366	0.02
CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE	147,598	6.97
Czech	14,978	0.71
Polish	14,572	0.69
Russian	56,325	2.66
Ukrainian	30,753	1.45
Others	30,970	1.46

Table 2 (contd.)

Nationality	2017	Percentage Share
SOUTHERN EUROPE	84,637	4.00
Spanish	21,369	1.01
Italian	31,945	1.51
Israeli	10,544	0.50
Others	20,779	0.98
MIDDLE EAST	72,151	3.41
Saudi Arabian	33,688	1.59
Omani	8,121	0.38
Others	30,342	1.43
AFRICA	17,863	0.84
South Africans	5,667	0.27
Seychelles	4,467	0.21
Others	7,729	0.37
NORTH EAST ASIA	340,201	16.07
Chinese	268,683	12.70
Japanese	47,308	2.24
Others	24,210	1.14
SOUTH ASIA	529,700	25.03
Indians	386,131	18.24
Maldivians	80,956	3.83
Pakistani	31,490	1.49
Others	31,123	1.47
SOUTH EAST ASIA	104,842	4.95
Indonesians	26,115	1.23
Malaysians	24,982	1.18
Singaporeans	19,183	0.91
Others	34,562	1.63
OCEANIA	99,720	4.71
Australian	87,882	4.15
New Zealanders	10,982	0.52
Others	856	0.04
Total	2,116,407	100.00

Table 3Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence – 2012 to 2017

Country of Residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
NORTH AMERICA	59,236	65,616	72,653	84,943	98,376	104,375
Canada	29,329	30,926	33,282	37,732	44,122	46,896
United States	29,907	34,690	39,371	47,211	54,254	57,479
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	1,626	3,166	4,124	4,628	5,625	6,482
WESTERN EUROPE	373,063	421,037	479,007	552,442	643,333	680,901
Austria	7,991	11,300	12,664	14,253	16,995	17,466
Belgium	11,323	9,138	9,915	13,054	14,387	14,616
Denmark	8,323	9,845	11,239	15,203	18,097	18,647
Finland	4,840	2,471	2,903	3,830	5,057	7,334
France	56,863	64,388	78,883	86,126	96,440	97,282
Germany	71,642	85,470	102,977	115,868	133,275	130,227
Italy	15,871	17,982	21,116	24,293	29,791	31,428
Netherlands	26,754	22,281	24,196	32,742	41,373	51,148
Norway	7,703	8,573	9,237	12,007	12,790	14,159
Spain	8,319	8,183	11,914	15,582	19,425	22,361
Sweden	13,775	12,597	14,259	18,423	21,589	24,275
Switzerland	20,054	19,141	20,097	22,418	26,282	28,402
United Kingdom	114,218	137,416	144,168	161,845	188,159	201,879
Others	5,387	12,252	15,439	16,798	19,673	21,677
EASTERN EUROPE	72,401	125,695	154,153	148,458	161,171	161,967
Russia	28,402	51,235	69,718	61,846	58,176	59,191
Ukraine	22,348	38,607	29,882	23,853	31,302	32,346
Others	21,651	35,853	54,553	62,759	71,693	70,430
MIDDLE EAST	56,169	80,509	88,991	101,066	107,635	95,581

Table 3 (contd.)

Country of Residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
AFRICA	5,045	8,081	12,163	12,899	12,144	12,703
South Africa	3,048	3,366	4,155	4,717	5,208	5,726
Others	1,997	4,715	8,008	8,182	6,936	6,977
EAST ASIA	132,730	183,097	280,511	362,857	425,161	444,310
China (P.R.)	27,316	54,288	128,166	214,783	271,577	268,952
Indonesia	2,890	17,295	29,558	23,305	16,047	25,806
Japan	26,085	31,505	39,136	39,358	43,110	44,988
South Korea	7,838	12,207	13,412	14,373	14,520	15,963
Malaysia	21,776	19,181	23,178	22,772	24,727	26,414
Philippines	5,687	14,616	11,160	11,305	12,747	16,845
Singapore	17,273	15,546	15,762	15,846	19,033	19,457
Thailand	7,897	9,608	9,260	10,112	9,462	10,828
Taiwan (P.C)	12,703	3,931	5,193	5,330	6,579	7,636
Others	3,265	4,920	5,686	5,673	7,359	7,421
SOUTH ASIA	247,559	326,556	370,299	459,415	513,536	518,085
Bangladesh	4,646	10,037	10,754	13,358	17,098	15,510
India	176,340	208,795	242,734	316,247	356,729	384,628
Maldives	47,572	79,474	86,359	90,617	95,167	79,371
Nepal	1,038	2,019	3,319	5,801	13,153	5,144
Pakistan	16,056	25,336	25,424	32,300	29,965	31,815
Others	1,907	895	1,709	1,092	1,424	1,617
AUSTRALASIA	57,776	60,836	65,252	71,672	83,851	92,003
Australia	51,614	54,252	57,940	63,554	74,496	81,281
New Zealand	5,641	6,174	6,880	7,762	9,045	10,332
Others	521	410	432	356	310	390
Total	1,005,605	1,274,593	1,527,153	1,798,380	2,050,832	2,116,407

Table 3 (a)Tourists Arrivals by Miscellaneous Countries – 2012 to 2017

Country of Residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	1,626	3,166	4,124	4,628	5,625	6,482
Argentina	387	400	509	550	771	921
Chile	-	255	366	433	524	631
Colombia	-	268	340	466	567	710
Brazil	476	803	1,071	1,341	1,385	1,822
Others	763	1,440	1,838	1,838	2,378	2,398
WESTERN EUROPE-OTHERS	5,387	12,252	15,439	16,798	19,673	21,677
Greece	1,415	4,010	5,002	5,144	4,573	5,651
Ireland	1,951	4,512	5,163	5,970	7,968	9,806
Portugal	1,284	2,097	2,620	3,001	4,095	5,060
Others	737	1,633	2,654	2,683	3,037	1,160
EASTERN EUROPE-OTHERS	21,651	35,853	54,553	54,553	71,693	70,430
Czech Republic	5,877	8,881	11,736	15,278	17,858	15,712
Hungary	1,418	1,653	2,697	2,955	3,942	4,951
Poland	5,806	9,688	13,370	13,245	14,432	15,346
Romania	1,029	1,687	2,331	3,107	3,466	4,652
Slovakia	2,040	1,731	2,411	4,214	5,696	6,579
Lithuania	1,078	1,405	1,858	1,764	2,372	2,959
Turkey	1,460	2,399	2,500	3,108	3,804	4,609
Kazakhstan	996	2,362	3,750	6,371	5,285	6,122
Others	1,947	6,047	13,900	4,511	14,838	9,500
AFRICA -OTHERS	1,997	4,715	8,008	8,182	6,936	6,977
Kenya	645	507	665	601	706	853
Mauritius	284	288	347	430	550	703
Nigeria	684	550	487	390	343	416
Sudan	-	426	718	665	902	1,078

Table 3a (contd.)

Country of Residence	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Others	384	2,944	5,791	6,096	4,435	3,927
MIDDLE EAST	56,169	80,509	88,991	101,066	107,635	95,581
Bahrain	2,016	2,743	2,699	2,697	2,887	3,296
Iran	1,815	2,058	2,809	3,486	5,862	6,816
Israel	7,212	8,545	8,058	7,790	10,391	11,080
Jordan	1,852	2,976	2,998	3,370	4,488	5,165
Kuwait	3,245	7,427	8,170	6,522	5,726	4,327
Lebanon	2,116	3,371	3,714	4,829	6,000	7,152
Oman	2,602	7,634	12,756	14,216	13,268	8,343
Saudi Arabia	19,423	23,753	30,875	36,617	38,836	35,481
Qatar	2,271	1,073	1,400	1,547	1,709	1,859
UAE	11,083	8,471	9,895	10,576	8,475	7,136
Egypt	800	1,806	2,179	2,734	3,240	3,907
Others	1,734	10,652	3,438	6,682	6,753	1,019
ASIA – OTHERS	5172	5,815	7,395	6,765	8,783	9,038
Myanmar	1108	2,848	2,644	2,794	3,645	4,365
Vietnam	906	1,163	1,432	1,798	2,114	2,551
Afghanistan	649	559	699	587	869	745
Bhutan	831	266	425	397	462	737
Others	1,678	979	2,195	1,189	1,693	640
TOTAL	92,002	142,310	178,510	191,992	220,345	210,185

Table 4Seasonal Variation in Tourist Traffic – 1971 to 2017 (Seasonal Indices) (1)

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Seasonality Ratio (2)	Coefficient of Seasonal Variation (3)
1971	179	199	156	47	29	29	57	75	57	78	121	173	2.0	60
1972	123	125	119	66	70	50	79	99	73	96	132	168	1.7	33
1973	145	129	121	84	66	50	91	103	64	91	110	146	1.5	30
1974	154	136	139	90	46	47	76	87	70	88	118	149	1.5	37
1975	137	121	130	68	65	56	69	100	62	87	131	174	1.7	44
1976	158	153	135	90	62	46	43	35	68	107	137	166	1.7	47
1977	137	141	143	77	59	43	77	87	59	90	134	153	1.5	37
1978	144	140	128	73	55	44	82	97	64	89	129	155	1.6	36
1979	136	121	122	90	63	51	81	97	71	93	123	152	1.5	30
1980	135	126	128	81	73	57	86	102	74	88	108	142	1.4	27
1981	146	127	124	92	70	54	92	106	78	87	96	127	1.5	26
1982	121	118	124	88	85	77	91	101	88	89	99	119	1.2	16
1983	175	156	159	116	117	87	89	30	36	58	73	104	1.7	45
1984	127	122	123	89	69	68	101	104	82	98	105	112	1.3	19
1985	134	126	139	92	65	52	86	94	71	85	108	148	1.5	30
1986	172	159	151	101	68	50	64	79	65	66	94	131	1.7	41
1987	167	156	150	106	54	50	67	75	66	80	93	135	1.7	40
1988	134	126	128	91	73	76	116	123	98	110	69	56	1.3	25
1989	84	80	104	80	83	75	99	112	93	98	123	169	1.7	25
1990	107	106	109	92	74	73	106	108	90	93	99	143	1.4	18
1991	109	106	103	78	67	66	115	109	94	95	107	151	1.5	22
1992	108	118	101	86	64	70	103	122	91	97	109	125	1.3	18
1993	131	123	116	91	68	62	101	100	84	94	107	123	1.3	21
1994	134	121	122	83	64	63	104	97	91	98	98	126	1.3	22
1995	137	127	119	100	73	67	107	107	92	91	84	95	1.4	21

Table 4 (contd.)

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Seasonality Ratio (2)	Coefficient of Seasonal Variation (3)
1996	123	117	105	81	70	78	101	98	92	93	99	142	1.4	20
1997	107	115	112	88	73	76	101	105	98	93	105	128	1.3	16
1998	117	111	102	81	64	71	93	99	100	100	121	142	1.4	21
1999	122	114	113	95	69	72	92	107	93	97	115	111	1.2	16
2000	130	130	121	101	70	66	100	104	93	80	98	105	1.3	20
2001	157	166	158	131	96	101	102	56	42	46	62	83	1.4	43
2002	86	97	101	83	81	80	109	108	101	111	114	129	1.5	15
2003	97	94	98	81	72	76	105	101	86	120	132	138	1.4	23
2004	106	92	81	65	64	68	107	103	109	126	138	140	1.4	26
2005	114	115	120	109	96	96	121	116	84	85	82	86	1.1	15
2006	112	113	117	107	94	94	119	114	83	83	81	84	1.2	15
2007	137	105	85	80	64	75	107	109	90	90	110	148	1.5	25
2008	156	111	104	81	85	77	90	84	81	96	101	134	1.6	24
2009	103	92	91	70	66	81	113	110	102	101	119	152	1.5	23
2010	93	105	96	70	65	82	116	102	87	96	132	155	1.6	25
2011	104	92	105	89	69	75	117	102	84	98	127	137	1.4	20
2012	102	100	109	83	69	78	108	95	85	96	130	146	1.5	22
2013	104	107	107	76	70	85	101	116	85	101	103	145	1.4	20
2014	115	111	104	88	70	81	105	110	82	95	94	140	1.4	19
2015	104	110	105	82	76	77	117	111	96	88	96	138	1.4	18
2016	114	116	113	80	73	69	122	109	87	88	98	132	1.3	20
2017	124	112	107	91	69	70	117	108	82	86	95	139	1.4	22

(1) Seasonal indices are compiled by taking average arrivals per month as 100

(2) Seasonality ratio = Highest Monthly Arrival / Average Arrival per month

(3) Coefficient of Seasonal Variation is obtained by calculating the standard deviation of the Seasonal Index.

Table 5Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Month – 2017

Country of Residence	TOTAL	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Seasonality Ratio
NORTH AMERICA	104,375	10,521	8,489	9,355	7,433	6,676	8,547	10,875	9,478	5,532	5,939	7,635	13,895	1.6
Canada	46,896	4,366	3,611	4,064	3,142	3,352	4,347	6,018	5,496	2,328	2,408	2,992	4,772	1.5
United States	57,479	6,155	4,878	5,291	4,291	3,324	4,200	4,857	3,982	3,204	3,531	4,643	9,123	1.9
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	6,482	684	564	589	610	377	381	389	495	488	535	584	786	1.5
WESTERN EUROPE	680,901	72,500	76,770	65,640	55,304	26,892	33,228	80,896	65,949	39,610	42,416	45,903	75,793	1.4
Austria	17,466	2,524	2,963	2,113	1,250	580	365	1,414	970	658	1,069	1,302	2,258	2.0
Belgium	14,616	1,063	1,274	1,203	1,140	547	573	3,275	1,354	1,119	747	804	1,517	2.7
Denmark	18,647	3,535	3,424	1,527	1,310	446	1,103	2,824	791	420	723	795	1,749	2.3
France	97,282	10,666	13,909	11,482	7,804	3,735	3,365	11,390	10,730	4,637	5,132	5,574	8,858	1.7
Netherlands	51,148	4,457	4,162	3,043	2,907	1,997	2,399	11,990	5,697	3,818	3,044	3,234	4,400	2.8
Italy	31,428	4,440	3,368	2,629	1,977	957	1,252	2,269	4,871	1,365	1,230	1,782	5,288	2.0
Norway	14,159	1,566	1,461	859	1,052	374	1,927	2,181	740	550	713	1,097	1,639	1.8
Spain	22,361	1,193	1,120	1,321	1,810	746	1,059	2,701	4,100	2,115	1,989	1,848	2,359	2.2
Sweden	24,275	4,784	4,103	2,038	1,312	454	846	860	448	547	1,263	1,760	5,860	2.9
Switzerland	28,402	2,525	2,749	1,848	2,691	1,127	1,381	5,683	1,517	1,593	2,099	1,901	3,288	2.4
United Kingdom	201,879	19,468	20,218	19,451	17,841	8,520	10,424	23,553	21,903	12,593	12,518	13,634	21,756	1.4
Germany	130,227	12,471	14,712	15,207	11,866	6,351	7,024	10,835	10,993	8,574	10,180	9,891	12,123	1.4
Others	29,011	3,808	3,307	2,919	2,344	1,058	1,510	1,921	1,835	1,621	1,709	2,281	4,698	1.9

Table 5 (Contd.)

Country of Residence	TOTAL	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Seasonality Ratio
EASTERN EUROPE	161,967	26,540	23,768	19,248	12,981	4,835	3,865	6,127	5,711	6,044	10,393	18,636	23,819	2.0
Russia	59,191	10,337	9,031	7,097	4,602	1,242	1,029	1,274	1,272	1,521	3,980	7,864	9,942	2.1
Ukraine	32,346	5,806	4,252	3,582	3,138	1,464	552	1,165	1,399	1,687	2,162	3,284	3,855	2.2
Czech Republic	15,712	2,305	2,735	2,327	1,502	353	430	793	567	558	693	1,577	1,872	2.1
Poland	15,346	2,134	1,876	1,503	696	489	589	911	684	735	906	2,433	2,390	1.9
Others	39,372	5,958	5,874	4,739	3,043	1,287	1,265	1,984	1,789	1,543	2,652	3,478	5,760	1.9
AFRICA	12,703	963	803	1,047	1,070	727	843	1,041	1,047	941	856	926	2,439	2.3
South Africa	5,726	480	319	472	540	249	438	377	343	320	310	388	1,490	3.1
Others	6,977	483	484	575	530	478	405	664	704	621	546	538	949	1.6
MIDDLE EAST	95,581	8,948	5,530	8,064	6,624	3,236	4,958	16,163	16,336	9,331	4,662	5,066	6,663	2.1
Saudi Arabia	35,481	3,163	1,388	2,034	1,836	834	1,789	8,354	8,761	4,003	1,078	1,120	1,121	3.0
UAE	7,136	310	234	635	454	301	590	1,333	1,373	556	305	421	624	2.3
Israel	11,080	1,104	1,026	776	1,056	330	426	1,154	1,431	1,170	818	615	1,174	1.5
Kuwait	4,327	605	339	317	376	246	217	538	678	281	232	225	273	1.9
Oman	8,343	1,175	779	429	374	246	284	2,404	1,126	458	302	353	413	3.5
Others	29,214	2,591	1,764	3,873	2,528	1,279	1,652	2,380	2,967	2,863	1,927	2,332	3,058	1.6
EAST ASIA	444,310	48,773	41,460	38,030	32,122	31,269	28,643	41,264	42,417	31,127	34,870	36,087	38,248	1.3
China(P.R.) **	268,952	31,802	25,248	22,172	19,823	18,494	17,205	28,445	26,507	18,939	21,846	19,237	19,234	1.4
Japan	44,988	4,026	4,757	4,271	3,404	2,848	2,970	4,025	5,511	4,254	3,111	3,063	2,748	1.5

Table 5 (Contd.)

Country of Residence	TOTAL	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Seasonality Ratio
Malaysia	26,414	2,266	1,672	2,145	1,676	2,089	2,019	1,628	2,311	1,564	1,764	2,686	4,594	2.1
Philippines	16,845	839	864	1,093	1,197	1,074	1,208	1,209	1,394	1,583	1,561	1,624	3,199	2.3
Indonesia	25,806	4,529	3,690	3,677	1,885	1,494	923	606	1,143	561	2,073	3,795	1,430	2.1
Singapore	19,457	1,263	1,157	1,573	1,218	1,465	1,854	1,485	1,783	1,336	1,205	1,900	3,218	2.0
Thailand	10,828	703	1,148	668	1,041	1,223	823	912	889	692	841	936	952	1.4
South Korea	15,963	1,843	1,569	1,193	886	1,003	952	1,454	1,332	1,150	1,342	1,757	1,482	1.4
Others	15,057	1,502	1,355	1,238	992	1,579	689	1,500	1,547	1,048	1,127	1,089	1,391	1.3
SOUTH ASIA	518,085	41,470	35,148	39,804	36,358	43,511	35,793	40,769	42,649	44,853	46,763	45,061	65,906	1.5
India	384,628	31,173	26,320	27,075	26,323	34,167	27,836	29,006	31,220	34,481	36,996	32,243	47,788	1.5
Maldives	79,371	5,662	5,103	8,076	5,791	5,364	4,443	6,458	6,405	5,522	5,121	8,165	13,261	2.0
Pakistan	31,815	2,514	1,826	2,433	2,390	2,333	2,035	3,573	3,133	3,022	2,907	2,838	2,811	1.3
Bangladesh	15,510	1,282	1,331	1,732	1,429	1,104	1,106	1,272	1,360	1,344	1,096	1,112	1,342	1.3
Others	6,761	839	568	488	425	543	373	460	531	484	643	703	704	1.5
AUSTRALASIA	92,003	8,961	4,985	6,299	7,747	4,368	7,093	7,958	6,846	7,151	5,995	7,613	16,987	2.2
Australia	81,281	8,116	4,482	5,575	6,756	3,805	6,360	6,883	5,959	6,310	5,198	6,779	15,058	2.2
New Zealand	10,332	812	472	714	974	531	706	1,011	862	813	765	806	1,866	2.2
Others	390	33	31	10	17	32	27	64	25	28	32	28	63	2.0
TOTAL	2,116,407	219,360	197,517	188,076	160,249	121,891	123,351	205,482	190,928	145,077	152,429	167,511	244,536	1.4

Table 6Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Port – 2008 to 2017

Port	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Katunayake (BIA)	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	98.8	98.1	98.6	98.7	98.3
Mattala (MRIA)	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0.65
Total Air	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	98.9	98.2	98.6	98.8	98.95
Galle Harbour	—	—	—	—	—	0.8	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.53
Colombo Harbour	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.48
Other Ports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.04
Total Sea	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.1	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.05
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Table 7Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Modes of Transport – 2017

Country of Residence	Arrivals	By Air	By Sea
NORTH AMERICA	104,375	103,441	934
Canada	46,896	46,681	215
United States	57,479	56,760	719
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	6,482	6,370	112
WESTERN EUROPE	680,901	676,063	4,838
Austria	17,466	17,412	54
Belgium	14,616	14,548	68
Denmark	18,647	18,553	94
Finland	7,334	7,323	11
France	97,282	96,837	445
Germany	130,227	129,599	628
Italy	31,428	30,381	1,047

table 7 (contd.)

Country of Residence	Arrivals	By Air	By Sea
Netherlands	51,148	50,989	159
Norway	14,159	14,065	94
Spain	22,361	22,250	111
Sweden	24,275	24,221	54
Switzerland	28,402	28,299	103
United Kingdom	201,879	199,914	1,965
Others	21,677	21,672	5
EASTERN EUROPE	161,967	155,024	6,943
Russia	59,191	58,492	699
Ukraine	32,346	30,626	1,720
Others	70,430	65,906	4,524
MIDDLE EAST	95,581	95,476	105
AFRICA	12,703	12,414	289
ASIA	962,395	950,511	11,884
China (P.R.)	268,952	268,113	839
India	384,628	378,502	6,126
Indonesia	25,806	25,576	230
Japan	44,988	44,929	59
South Korea	15,963	15,770	193
Malaysia	26,414	26,288	126
Maldives	79,371	79,358	13
Pakistan	31,815	31,641	174
Philippines	16,845	14,260	2,585
Singapore	19,457	19,366	91
Thailand	10,828	10,795	33
Bangladesh	15,510	15,262	248
Others	21,818	20,651	1,167
AUSTRALASIA	92,003	91,464	539
Australia	81,281	80,830	451
New Zealand	10,332	10,264	68
Others	390	370	20
Total	2,116,407	2,090,763	25,644

Table 8Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Different Carriers – 2007 to 2017

Carrier	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Inter-Regional Flights	76.1	77.6	78.1	82.5	81.5	86.2	87.8	86.9	92.3	96	84.7	78.3
Intra-Regional Flights	22.9	20.6	18.8	16.2	17.4	11.8	11.3	9.7	5.6	2.4	13.5	18.1
Charter Flights	0.9	1.7	3.0	1.2	1.0	1.8	0.6	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.6	2.4
Total Air	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.8	99.7	98.0	98.3	98.6	98.8	98.8
Passenger Ships*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2
TOTAL SEA	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

*Colombo/Hambantota/Norochcholai/Galle/Trincomalee Ports

Table 9

Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Carrier – 2017

Country	Total	Air Asia	Air China	Air India	Air Arabia	Austrian Airlines	Emirates	Ethihad Airways	Gulf Air	Himalaya Airline	Jet Airways	Korean Airlines	Kuwait Airways				
North America	104,375	3,149	215	2,380	204	112	4,052	1,241	232	14,900	4,691	2,178	372	156	3,347	1,271	888
Canada	46,896	1,245	74	955	95	55	1,733	747	135	5,159	2,097	790	155	56	1,360	461	306
USA	57,479	1,904	141	1,425	109	57	2,319	494	97	9,741	2,594	1,388	217	100	1,987	810	582
Latin America & The Caribbean	6,482	401	381	36	0	546	672	0	635	227	97	24	1	89	49	20	
Western Europe	680,901	11,685	299	11,843	1,062	4,376	2,942	1,200	218	183,937	48,530	10,902	5,752	1,113	15,882	5,817	8,901
Austria	17,466	227	11	245	43	3,101	25	27	2	5,352	929	266	40	1	59	39	34
Belgium	14,616	265	1	132	30	28	54	25	15	3,112	2,230	224	35	4	270	142	55
Denmark	18,647	243	6	680	14	18	26	31	0	4,871	1,550	197	179	2	199	64	580
France	97,282	1,883	102	2,923	130	61	315	235	26	22,768	7,229	1,437	672	187	4,810	2,147	1,924
Netherlands	51,148	1,395	4	208	45	34	177	156	30	15,610	5,084	491	109	19	1,636	829	112
Italy	31,428	434	9	609	31	63	114	91	21	10,190	1,623	878	73	26	205	119	1,199
Norway	14,159	205	7	90	155	7	17	23	16	2,743	338	598	36	7	325	120	148
Spain	22,361	613	15	573	62	12	43	105	25	6,896	1,120	486	47	7	268	172	140
Sweden	24,275	531	12	280	23	42	47	61	9	5,132	1,158	183	73	4	425	146	164
Switzerland	28,402	353	4	194	14	155	72	29	3	9,731	2,338	222	61	4	280	125	177
United Kingdom	201,879	3,443	65	2,475	257	49	1,747	207	33	53,345	6,131	3,691	3,075	427	4,441	1,164	3,165
Germany	130,227	1,824	57	2,216	145	797	230	167	30	41,932	18,202	770	1,172	407	901	650	1,135
Others	29,011	269	6	1,218	113	9	75	43	8	2,255	598	1,459	180	18	2,063	100	68
Eastern Europe	161,967	2,908	70	2,568	18,751	516	504	457	105	29,196	4,797	27,518	2,451	481	731	850	510
Russian Federation	59,191	749	22	2,040	8,216	21	163	195	45	12,683	2,185	9,039	1,909	411	215	405	140
Ukraine	32,346	274	12	98	8,049	16	36	54	8	2,017	552	7,880	231	12	125	111	52
Czech Republic	15,712	232	0	29	11	195	18	48	10	6,186	212	5,237	23	8	28	57	75
Poland	15,346	259	10	103	89	160	20	40	14	2,655	726	960	118	7	144	69	78
Others	39,372	1,394	26	298	2,386	124	267	120	28	5,655	1,122	4,402	170	43	219	208	165

Table 9 (contd.)

	Africa	12,703	467	7	172	68	0	297	236	3	2,576	385	600	56	4	250	981	39
South Africa	5,726	220	3	68	16	0	224	190	3	1,494	211	223	22	3	94	943	8	
Other	6,977	247	4	104	52	0	73	46	0	1,082	174	377	34	1	156	38	31	
Middle East	95,581	1,110	73	524	3,906	18	571	240	44	15,888	3,628	5,818	2,122	521	694	311	2,568	
Saudi Arabia	35,481	273	44	71	2,026	2	13	72	23	4,306	978	2,213	943	152	84	126	619	
United Arab Emirates	7,136	7	1	31	750	0	7	10	0	3,080	1,051	777	10	3	36	13	6	
Israel	11,080	55	14	320	11	12	78	47	3	2,040	449	142	22	6	226	91	309	
Kuwait	4,327	17	4	7	32	1	4	1	1	240	31	116	9	8	5	5	1,078	
Oman	8,343	46	1	13	107	3	11	3	0	592	114	305	33	9	37	6	48	
Others	29,214	712	9	82	980	0	458	107	17	5,630	1,005	2,265	1,105	343	306	70	508	
East Asia	444,310	32,780	32,216	2,083	1,662	15	46,605	37,032	2,562	10,885	878	4,524	944	86	1,658	8,947	1,835	
China	268,952	20,339	31,841	950	1,199	5	39,353	33,043	24,13	2,536	233	1,188	244	40	970	1,410	381	
Indonesia	25,806	1,422	8	46	178	1	30	22	9	356	29	336	51	0	20	30	17	
Japan	44,988	2,202	271	438	33	6	3,132	2,470	41	743	191	212	35	13	232	802	204	
Malaysia	26,414	5,657	4	33	5	0	84	297	2	2,520	15	112	25	1	44	1,044	25	
Philippines	16,845	514	5	41	200	1	584	45	7	1,408	243	1,831	498	26	75	60	87	
Singapore	19,457	389	14	54	3	0	129	27	4	2,496	52	317	15	0	121	22	10	
Thailand	10,828	123	4	28	4	0	21	19	2	93	13	39	4	1	13	10	40	
South Korea	15,963	816	27	365	15	1	1,603	994	58	266	58	169	29	4	101	5,471	1,031	
Others	15,057	1,318	42	128	25	1	1,669	115	26	467	44	320	43	1	82	98	40	
South Asia	518,085	1,886	131	36,187	2,424	2	544	2,246	1,274	35,273	1,064	7,131	1,091	297	46,951	15,232	2,383	
India	384,628	1,010	94	35,953	1,424	1	398	180	56	5,624	669	5,584	923	88	46,042	9,284	344	
Bangladesh	15,510	62	3	64	36	0	9	24	4	217	27	184	49	1	497	72	58	
Pakistan	31,815	161	11	20	227	0	66	29	7	2,133	262	805	85	10	53	22	80	
Maldives	79,371	542	14	48	9	0	54	1,989	1,205	26,506	50	60	1	3	63	5,751	1,843	
Others	6,761	111	9	102	728	1	17	24	2	793	56	498	33	195	296	103	58	
Australasia	92,003	9,038	48	1,004	111	6	2,366	204	85	10,442	1,334	1,072	123	35	811	351	217	
Australia	81,281	8,096	46	870	63	5	2,044	151	63	9,343	1,159	871	83	20	689	289	161	
New Zealand	10,332	939	2	133	19	1	321	52	22	1,064	169	158	35	15	117	60	40	
Others	390	3	0	1	29	0	1	1	0	35	6	43	5	0	5	2	16	
Total	2,116,407	63,424	33,440	56,797	28,224	5,045	58,427	43,528	4,523	303,732	65,534	59,840	12,935	2,694	70,413	33,809	17,361	

Table 9 (contd.)

Country	Malaysian Airlines	Oman Air	Qatar Airlines	Saudi Arabian Airlines	Royal Flight	SilkAir	Singapore Airlines	Spice Jet	Srilankan Airlines	Sriwijaya Air	Thai Airways International	Turkish Airlines	Ukrainian Airlines	Charter Flights	By Sea		
North America	501	506	1,026	11,266	1,268	511	341	2,139	612	34,917	7,359	1,110	643	142	1,712	934	
Canada			211	225	607	4,850	630	346	83	345	240	18,639	3,906	339	232	61	544 215
USA			290	281	419	6,416	638	165	258	1,794	372	16,278	3,453	771	411	81	1,168 719
Latin America & The Caribbean	87	49	45	334	1	10	34	104	13	2,166	24	175	45	61	8	112	
Western Europe	1,688	1,543	37,157	113,100	11,299	4,465	586	2,344	3,233	126,740	25,253	2,430	13,265	6,727	11,774	4,838	
Austria	28	25	719	4,060	42	18	2	34	22	1,322	304	73	189	87	86	54	
Belgium	49	32	135	3,831	294	73	17	49	46	1,662	492	37	597	488	124	68	
Denmark	47	49	1,339	3,922	178	68	6	37	34	2,877	433	80	620	157	46	94	
France	210	192	6,697	18,663	1,187	1,488	97	300	272	12,327	1,891	319	3,270	1,925	1,150	445	
Netherlands	133	150	664	6,500	6,613	804	36	151	126	5,913	1,648	156	1,034	807	315	159	
Italy	65	51	1,794	6,133	69	95	8	80	77	3,381	791	116	660	468	908	1,047	
Norway	25	25	858	3,945	275	62	4	33	44	2,786	461	85	444	105	78	94	
Spain	43	51	247	5,749	146	581	15	43	112	2,982	714	54	537	147	245	111	
Sweden	44	57	585	7,391	516	41	19	58	49	3,976	493	135	930	298	1,339	54	
Switzerland	56	63	4,098	5,728	127	38	37	153	71	2,751	823	151	189	72	180	103	
United Kingdom	784	585	6,753	21,773	318	793	271	1,053	632	61,777	13,227	764	1,241	602	5,626	1,965	
Germany	163	216	13,082	23,295	1,487	365	60	266	234	10,834	3,623	381	2,684	1,288	986	628	
Others	41	47	186	2,110	47	39	14	87	1,514	14,152	353	79	870	283	691	16	
Eastern Europe	1,296	595	1,265	13,671	4,134	1,168	406	2,197	622	9,915	1,944	878	3,220	8,818	12,482	6,943	
Russian Federation	54	102	143	5,359	3,312	1,027	16	69	182	1,594	612	248	493	289	6,554	699	
Ukraine	14	47	130	1,323	38	19	0	42	110	1,161	332	58	376	5,612	1,837	1,720	

Table 9 (contd.)

Czech Republic	13	10	406	682	245	40	0	12	19	869	258	21	191	473	93	11
Poland	9	15	283	2,132	331	23	5	53	180	1,747	297	28	294	792	3,014	691
Others	1,206	421	303	4,175	208	59	385	2,021	131	4,544	445	523	1,866	1,652	984	3,822
Africa	117	124	79	1,478	3	75	118	262	58	3,061	215	340	212	37	94	289
South Africa	34	19	45	442	2	12	45	69	28	724	105	174	9	1	74	221
Others	83	105	34	1,036	1	63	73	193	30	2,337	110	166	203	36	20	68
Middle East	218	514	4,071	9,166	15	7,089	30	527	221	24,775	5,253	435	1,676	826	2,624	105
Saudi Arabia	25	55	962	1,748	0	6,494	10	46	59	9,197	3,229	44	11	8	1,648	0
UAE	7	1	37	110	0	13	1	9	21	773	255	46	8	1	69	3
Israel	13	18	218	2,296	9	53	1	19	101	1,610	166	143	1,488	798	322	0
Kuwait	7	11	55	187	0	5	0	4	0	1,672	597	15	5	0	205	5
Oman	6	44	2,099	174	2	30	1	8	3	4,442	152	23	5	0	22	4
Others	160	385	700	4,651	4	494	17	441	37	7,081	854	164	159	19	358	93
East Asia	5,845	6,550	659	4,741	29	2,137	3,094	11,893	527	155,136	38,559	14,256	647	212	10,543	4,770
China	2,609	2,205	229	632	11	46	814	3,394	217	91,061	23,648	4,409	163	54	2,476	839
Indonesia	157	436	27	400	0	1,952	21	300	8	12,745	4,504	64	30	2	2,375	230
Japan	537	288	56	263	3	31	253	1,671	93	20,821	5,329	3,089	27	6	1,437	59
Malaysia	1,445	2,414	24	133	3	11	75	325	42	10,289	867	85	12	7	688	126
Philippine	278	89	233	2,643	2	22	38	612	23	2,816	655	544	216	109	355	2,585
Singapore	137	153	18	234	3	17	1,784	4,284	34	6,278	1,370	95	47	17	1,242	91
Thailand	29	26	11	53	3	0	4	44	11	4,814	1,123	3,440	14	2	807	33
South Korea	148	95	20	122	1	6	69	280	82	2,638	349	676	10	2	264	193
Others	505	844	41	261	3	52	36	983	17	3,674	714	1,854	128	13	899	614

Table 9 (contd.)

Country	Malaysian Airlines	Oman Air	Datar Airlines	Royal Flight Airlines	Saudi Arabian Airlines	Singapore Airlines	Spike Jet	SriLankan Airlines	Thai Airways	Turkish Airlines	Ukrainian Airlines	Charter Flights	By Sea			
South Asia	798	1,681	1,516	3,509	14	311	224	1,126	22,293	263,083	53,862	705	557	58	7,118	7,114
India	331	448	783	1,875	10	153	137	779	22,115	199,394	37,762	297	461	38	6,245	6,126
Bangladesh	35	876	44	92	2	11	12	49	39	9,165	3,027	162	28	2	411	248
Pakistan	43	131	247	559	1	102	8	18	4	21,165	5,186	58	20	4	124	174
Maldives	173	133	46	227	0	41	14	113	33	32,358	7,721	85	13	8	255	13
Others	216	93	396	756	1	4	53	167	102	1,001	166	103	35	6	83	553
Australasia	6,154	3,941	379	2,153	19	143	1,878	14,126	291	21,841	3,965	4,009	225	69	5,024	539
Australia	5,307	3,561	309	1,944	17	36	1,594	12,493	231	19,378	3,491	3,724	197	62	4,533	451
New Zealand	846	379	63	201	2	5	284	1,631	59	2,365	474	283	27	7	491	68
Others	1	1	7	8	0	102	0	2	1	98	0	2	1	0	0	20
Total	16,704	15,503	46,197	159,418	16,782	15,909	6,711	34,718	27,870	641,634	136,434	24,338	20,490	16,950	51,379	25,644

Table 9(a)

Tourist Arrivals by Charter Carriers – 2010 to 2017

Table 9(a) (contd.)

Charter Carrier	Year							
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Edelweiss Air	2,908	371	612	-	-			378
British Airways							104	
Ukraine Airline						5	4,152	
TOM 938	-	-	976	-	-			
EL AL Israel Airlines							32	
First Choice	5,713	727	-	-	-			
Arkeyfly	-	-	2,140	-	-			
VIM Airlines	-	-	-	626	-			
Island Aviation						502		
Albanian Airlines							40	
Thomson Airways							1,931	10,532
Royal Flight Airline							806	
NVR	1,952	8,757	3,918	-	-			
Sriwijay Airlines							395	
Neo Spa							671	
Ethiopian Airline							62	
Russia Airline	-	798	-	-	-			
Others	679	411	3,255	-	2,611	336	118	11,230
Total	14,675	15,122	18,681	17,387	5,965	4,068	13,144	51,379

Source: Civil Aviation Authority

Table 10Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Purpose of Visit – 2006 to 2017

Purpose	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Pleasure/Holiday	67.4	67.1	73.2	80.0	78.9	80.4	74.4	72.7	68.0	66.6	83.4	82.4
Business	17.8	10.5	8.5	8.6	12.7	8.0	9.0	5.2	1.3	1.3	1.8	3.3
Visiting Friends & Relatives	7.6	8.3	8.3	5.2	5.4	8.2	11.7	12.4	27.5	25.5	11.5	11.3
Convention & Meeting	3.0	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.7	2.2	2.0	0.3	0.2	0.8	1.3
Religious & Cultural	1.7	2.8	2.6	2.0	0.8	0.3	2.2	4.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Health	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	3.2	0.6	0.5
Sports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.8
Official	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1
Others	2.5	9.8	6.1	2.8	1.2	1.4	0.5	2.9	1.5	1.7	1.2	0.0
Total	100.0											

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

Table 11**Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Purpose of Visit – 2017**

Residence	TOTAL	Pleasure/ Vacation	Visiting Friends & Relations	Business	Health	Sports	Official	MICE	Education	Religious & Cultural	Other
North America	104,375	59,421	40,296	2,635	178	292	294	1,171	58	17	13
Canada	46,896	16,885	28,921	604	63	79	78	247	8	6	5
United States	57,479	42,536	11,375	2,031	115	213	216	924	50	11	8
Latin America & The Caribbean	6,482	5,348	984	83	9	10	11	34	-	2	1
Western Europe	680,901	566,350	91,219	8,312	7,893	2,099	1,223	3,294	416	41	54
Austria	17,466	15,827	529	130	882	19	31	39	8	1	0
Belgium	14,616	13,696	564	204	50	13	23	53	10	1	2
Denmark	18,647	15,869	2,314	201	107	26	58	61	11	0	0
France	97,282	86,648	9,263	714	147	140	74	274	19	3	0
Netherlands	51,148	47,429	2,633	625	130	77	97	145	10	0	2
Italy	31,428	27,892	2,361	759	134	40	68	131	18	0	25
Norway	14,159	9,326	4,508	137	26	24	18	117	2	0	1
Spain	22,361	21,330	530	238	64	58	34	92	9	3	3
Sweden	24,275	21,390	2,145	388	126	33	41	150	0	0	2
Switzerland	28,402	19,339	7,771	199	917	25	25	120	3	1	2
United Kingdom	201,879	152,209	42,245	3,407	221	1,406	588	1,506	260	24	13
Germany	130,227	112,534	11,413	944	4,625	114	108	440	41	5	3
Others	29,011	22,861	4,943	366	464	124	58	166	25	3	1
Eastern Europe	161,967	154,017	6,006	427	487	560	61	176	230	3	0
Russia	59,191	56,225	2,124	151	217	298	6	57	113	0	0
Ukraine	32,346	30,494	1,650	55	33	56	17	30	11	0	0
Czech Republic	15,712	15,216	304	51	71	36	12	17	3	2	0
Poland	15,346	14,643	468	66	48	34	11	29	47	0	0
Others	39,372	37,439	1,460	104	118	136	15	43	56	1	0
Africa	12,703	11,533	620	229	36	93	26	134	30	-	2
South Africa	5,726	4,899	361	211	15	69	23	126	20	0	2
Others	6,977	6,634	259	18	21	24	3	8	10	0	0

Table 11 (contd.)

Residence	TOTAL	Pleasure/ Vacation	Visiting Friends & Relations	Business	Health	Sports	Official	MICE	Education	Religious & Cultural	Other
Middle East	95,581	89,609	4,466	368	104	797	65	140	29	-	3
Saudi Arabia	35,481	33,295	1,641	43	36	431	1	21	13	-	-
UAE	7,136	6,810	205	70	7	21	6	15	-	-	2
Israel	11,080	10,345	477	122	3	62	25	43	3	-	-
Kuwait	4,327	4,001	271	13	20	9	1	7	5	-	-
Oman	8,343	7,770	491	23	6	30	12	11	-	-	-
Others	29,214	27,388	1,381	97	32	244	20	43	8	-	1
East Asia	444,310	395,877	16,845	14,721	736	5,874	1,834	7,734	447	136	106
China (P.R.)	268,952	259,881	3,471	3,448	13	313	403	1,387	23	2	11
Indonesia	25,806	16,418	2,471	1,797	12	2,667	473	1,687	210	53	18
Japan	44,988	37,462	2,100	3,655	628	129	208	734	10	21	41
Malaysia	26,414	20,180	3,011	2,001	23	239	97	835	22	3	3
Philippines	16,845	14,128	1,551	463	7	42	92	543	11	2	6
Singapore *	19,457	12,228	1,879	1,355	9	2,011	356	1,408	158	40	13
Thailand	10,828	8,973	543	482	5	196	88	528	1	5	7
South Korea	15,963	12,935	1,323	1,069	12	144	67	401	1	7	4
Others	15,057	13,672	496	451	27	133	50	211	11	3	3
South Asia	518,085	401,197	49,792	42,369	467	7,176	2,637	13,828	362	62	195
India	384,628	298,085	39,217	34,273	115	3411	1,573	7,547	321	24	62
Maldives *	79,371	60,781	6,326	5,019	224	2,365	642	3,926	27	23	38
Pakistan	31,815	24,363	2,537	2,011	90	948	257	1,574	11	9	15
Bangladesh	15,510	12,744	1,176	657	20	261	111	463	1	4	73
Others	6,761	5,224	536	409	18	191	54	318	2	2	7
Australasia	92,003	60,797	27,646	1,539	158	611	252	944	29	20	7
Australia	81,281	53,338	24,956	1,314	142	492	218	773	22	20	6
New Zealand	10,332	7,207	2,567	219	13	117	32	170	7	0	0
Others	390	252	123	6	3	2	2	1	0	0	1
TOTAL	2,116,407	1,744,149	237,874	70,683	10,068	17,512	6,403	27,455	1,601	281	381

* Data sourced from Department of Immigration & Emigration except for Singapore and Maldives, which is derived from the Airport Survey of SLTDA

Table 12Percentage Distribution of Duration of Stay – 1984 to 2017

Year	Nights						Total	Average Stay
	1-3	4-7	8-14	15 - 21	22 - 30	31 & Over		
1984	20.8	45	20.3	9.8	3.6	0.5	100	8.9
1985	4.7	23.2	30.7	21.1	12.5	7.8	100	9.2
1986	4.2	14	28.4	23	13.5	16.9	100	10.9
1987	3.1	9.6	24.5	22.6	15.4	24.8	100	13.2
1988	3.3	10	24.9	23.1	15.9	22.8	100	12.6
1989	5	13.9	26.2	22.1	16.4	16.4	100	10.7
1990	5	12.8	29.5	26.3	13.3	13.1	100	10.8
1991	4.5	12.2	26.9	23.8	15.2	17.4	100	11.4
1992	25.2	26.2	27.5	14.1	4.9	2.1	100	10.3
1993	19.6	30	30.6	12.2	4.1	3.5	100	10.6
1994	18.1	34.5	30.9	11.6	3.4	1.5	100	10.4
1995	20.4	38.5	27.5	8.2	3.4	2	100	10
1996	29.6	24.7	27.7	11.5	4.6	1.9	100	9.8
1997	26.1	24.4	30.8	13	4.5	1.2	100	10.1
1998	23.7	25.1	33.7	12.6	3.8	1.1	100	10.4
1999	20.4	27.1	37.8	11.1	2.7	0.9	100	10.3
2000	21.9	26.4	35.9	12.2	2.6	1	100	10.1
2001	23.3	26.8	34.5	12	2.5	0.9	100	9.9
2002	22.6	27	34.7	12.1	2.6	1	100	10.1
2003	23.1	27.3	34.8	11.5	2.3	1	100	10.2
2004	23.8	27.6	34.1	11.8	1.9	0.8	100	10.1
2005	38.5	24.3	25.3	8.1	2.6	1.2	100	8.7
2006	28.3	26.4	32.2	10.2	1.8	1.1	100	10.4
2007	24.2	29.3	33.9	8.8	2	1.8	100	10
2008	26.4	28.7	33.2	8.7	1.8	1.2	100	9.5
2009	25.7	29.2	34.1	8.1	1.5	1.4	100	9.1
2010	24.5	30.4	33.6	8.3	1.8	1.4	100	10
2011	26.1	32.1	31.1	7.9	1.2	1.6	100	10
2012	25.9	33.4	30.8	7.5	1	1.4	100	10
2013	9.8	30.3	38.9	12.2	3.7	5.1	100	8.6
2014	12.4	27.8	33.3	12.1	6.9	7.5	100	9.9
2015	11.4	31.8	27.1	14.3	11.6	3.8	100	10.1
2016	10.4	29.6	40.7	11.7	3.8	3.8	100	10.2
2017	11.5	37.1	30.1	12.3	5.6	3.4	100	10.9

Table 13Average Duration of Stay & Guest Nights by Country of Residence – 2016 & 2017

Country of Residence	2016			2017		
	Arrivals	Average Duration of stay	Guest Nights	Arrivals	Average Duration of Stay	Guest Nights
NORTH AMERICA	98,376	14.2	1,396,939	104,375	14.4	1,503,000
Canada	44,122	17.3	763,311	46,896	18.8	881,645
United States	54,254	11.0	596,794	57,479	10.0	574,790
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	5,625	8.1	45,563	6,482	9.5	61,579
WESTERN EUROPE	643,333	12.5	8,041,663	680,901	13.9	9,464,524
Austria	16,995	19.1	324,605	17,466	14.8	258,497
Belgium	14,387	11.4	164,012	14,616	14.3	209,009
Denmark	18,097	15.0	271,455	18,647	15.5	289,029
Finland	5,057	11.8	59,673	7,334	14.1	103,409
France	96,440	10.1	974,044	97,282	13.2	1,284,122
Germany	133,275	12.0	1,599,300	130,227	16.5	2,148,746
Italy	29,791	11.3	336,638	31,428	12.5	392,850
Netherlands	41,373	10.1	417,867	51,148	10.1	516,595
Norway	12,790	13.1	167,549	14,159	14.7	208,137
Spain	19,425	11.8	229,215	22,361	12.6	281,749
Sweden	21,589	12.1	261,227	24,275	13.2	320,430
Switzerland	26,282	15.0	394,230	28,402	15.1	428,870
United Kingdom	188,159	14.7	2,765,937	201,879	13.3	2,684,991
Others	19,673	7.9	155,417	21,677	14.7	318,652
EASTERN EUROPE	161,171	9.1	1,466,656	161,967	12.3	1,992,194
Russia	58,176	9.7	564,307	59,191	13.2	781,321
Ukraine	31,302	9.0	281,718	32,346	11.5	371,979

Table 13 (contd.)

Country of Residence	2016		2017			
	Arrivals	Average Duration of stay	Guest Nights	Arrivals	Average Duration of Stay	Guest Nights
Others	71,693	8.7	623,729	70,430	12.1	852,203
MIDDLE EAST	107,635	8.3	893,371	95,581	8.7	831,555
AFRICA	12,144	9.6	116,582	12,703	9.1	115,597
ASIA	938,697	8.8	8,260,534	962,395	6.8	6,544,286
China (P.R.)	271,577	10.4	2,824,401	268,952	7.5	2,017,140
India	356,729	9.2	3,281,907	384,628	6.4	2,461,619
Indonesia	16,047	3.5	56,165	25,806	6.2	159,997
Japan	43,110	10.0	431,100	44,988	6.2	278,926
South Korea	14,520	11.5	166,980	15,963	7.7	122,915
Malaysia	24,727	7.1	175,562	26,414	6.1	161,125
Maldives	95,167	11.7	1,113,454	79,371	8.7	690,528
Pakistan	29,965	8.6	257,699	31,815	6.7	213,161
Philippines	12,747	8.5	108,350	16,845	6.1	102,755
Singapore	19,033	6.9	131,328	19,457	6.2	120,633
Thailand	9,462	7.3	69,073	10,828	7.1	76,879
Bangladesh	17,098	9.2	157,302	15,510	5.5	85,305
Others	28,515	10.6	302,259	21,818	8.1	176,726
AUSTRALASIA	83,851	11.0	922,361	92,003	12.2	1,122,437
Australia	74,496	14.0	1,042,944	81,281	13.9	1,129,806
New Zealand	9,045	13.8	124,821	10,332	13.8	142,582
Others	310	5.3	1,643	390	8.9	3,471
Total	2,050,832	10.2	20,918,486	2,116,407	10.9	23,068,836

Table 14Percentage Distribution of Tourists by Sex & Age – 2007 to 2017

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Sex	Male	60.2	60.4	59.7	54.1	59.2	55.4	62.1	55.3	53.6	45.3	54.9
	Female	39.8	39.6	40.3	45.9	40.8	44.6	37.9	44.7	46.4	54.7	45.1
Age Group	3-19	9.6	10.1	9.6	10.3	11.6	10.6	2.4	9.5	9.9	7.9	11.2
	20-29	17.1	14.8	15.3	15.0	16.9	19.2	20.6	17.6	17.8	14.8	17.9
	30-39	27.6	28.7	28.4	28.1	22.6	25.9	30.3	23.7	22.6	22.5	24.6
	40-49	30.3	27.4	28.6	28.9	26.6	25.1	21.7	20.6	18.9	21.1	17.5
	50-59	8.3	11.7	11.5	12.9	11.7	10.2	13.9	16.2	17.0	16.6	15.3
	60 & Over	6.9	7.3	6.6	4.8	10.6	9.0	11.1	12.4	13.9	17.1	13.5

Table 15
Tourist Arrivals by Sex & Age – 2017

Residence	Total	Sex	Age Group					
			Male	Female	(3-19)	(20-29)	(30-39)	(40-49)
NORTH AMERICA	104,375	55,111	49,264	16,593	12,871	19,550	16,951	17,438
Canada	46,896	24,298	22,598	8,649	5,121	7,338	7,537	8,605
United States	57,479	30,813	26,666	7,944	7,750	12,232	9,414	8,833
LATIN AMERICA & THE CARIBBEAN	6,482	3,422	3,060	1,030	799	1,214	1,054	1,083
WESTERN EUROPE	680,901	335,733	345,168	84,242	125,951	140,746	97,765	120,044
Austria	17,466	7,924	9,542	935	3,492	3,434	2,217	3,708
Belgium	14,616	7,113	7,503	2,033	3,267	2,819	2,316	2,418
Denmark	18,647	8,666	9,981	3,191	4,299	2,664	2,533	2,894
France	97,282	47,366	49,916	13,318	17,418	19,536	13,836	15,811
Netherlands	51,148	24,707	26,441	6,416	11,792	9,674	6,253	9,003
Italy	31,428	16,868	14,560	2,590	5,230	8,449	5,684	4,970
Norway	14,159	6,909	7,250	2,352	2,817	2,168	2,139	2,646
Spain	22,361	10,688	11,673	1,397	4,228	8,397	3,703	2,844
Sweden	24,275	11,756	12,519	3,558	4,532	4,382	3,265	3,825
Switzerland	28,402	13,767	14,635	4,463	5,448	5,279	4,300	5,233
United Kingdom	201,879	104,366	97,513	29,517	31,882	40,408	30,955	33,647
Germany	130,227	61,701	68,526	10,883	26,180	27,539	16,399	27,930
Others	29,011	13,902	15,109	3,589	5,366	5,997	4,165	5,115
EASTERN EUROPE	161,967	74,838	87,129	13,739	37,608	53,039	28,005	19,568
Russia	59,191	26,324	32,867	5,356	14,187	19,914	9,489	7,171
Ukraine	32,346	15,802	16,544	2,458	8,523	11,539	5,647	3,135
Czech Republic	15,712	7,099	8,613	1,306	3,319	3,886	2,955	2,393
Poland	15,346	7,424	7,922	1,279	2,437	4,807	3,107	2,112
Others	39,372	18,189	21,183	3,340	9,142	12,893	6,807	4,757
AFRICA	12,703	6,897	5,806	1,636	2,380	3,239	2,180	1,728
South Africa	5,726	3,074	2,652	738	1,073	1,460	982	779
Others	6,977	3,823	3,154	898	1,307	1,779	1,198	949

Table 15 (contd.)

MIDDLE EAST	95,581	55,685	39,896	22,943	25,640	23,190	10,976	8,172	4,660
Saudi Arabia	35,481	20,380	15,101	9,553	9,421	9,178	3,808	2,622	899
UAE	7,136	4,473	2,663	1,919	1,482	1,729	916	732	358
Israel	11,080	6,262	4,818	1,370	3,529	2,183	1,412	1,211	1,375
Kuwait	4,327	2,835	1,492	787	887	992	591	665	405
Oman	8,343	4,733	3,610	2,298	2,485	2,021	893	448	198
Others	29,214	17,002	12,212	7,016	7,836	7,087	3,356	2,494	1,425
EAST ASIA	444,310	213,828	230,482	33,611	78,930	115,924	86,438	67,584	61,823
China(P.R.)	268,952	116,919	152,033	23,871	52,491	70,110	50,480	38,582	33,418
Indonesia	25,806	14,261	11,545	1,407	5,936	9,165	4,885	2,905	1,508
Japan	44,988	22,971	22,017	2,083	5,206	10,161	9,349	6,754	11,435
Malaysia	26,414	16,007	10,407	1,810	3,299	5,688	5,538	5,403	4,676
Philippines	16,845	10,705	6,140	512	3,863	7,045	3,472	1,530	423
Singapore	19,457	11,165	8,292	1,638	2,378	3,863	4,102	4,267	3,209
Thailand	10,828	5,390	5,438	307	1,315	2,933	2,403	1,913	1,957
South Korea	15,963	9,168	6,795	828	1,806	3,101	3,276	3,910	3,042
Others	15,057	7,242	7,815	1,155	2,636	3,858	2,933	2,320	2,155
SOUTH ASIA	518,085	368,392	149,693	50,182	80,478	145,430	112,547	72,848	56,600
India	384,628	284,367	100,261	32,336	56,315	106,781	85,251	56,608	47,337
Maldives	79,371	47,790	31,581	11,762	14,023	21,993	16,424	9,714	5,455
Pakistan	31,815	21,182	10,633	3,773	6,373	10,111	5,918	3,557	2,083
Bangladesh	15,510	10,246	5,264	1,657	2,717	4,647	3,485	2,017	987
Others	6,761	4,807	1,954	654	1,050	1,898	1,469	952	738
AUSTRALASIA	92,003	48,098	43,905	14,109	14,093	18,247	13,430	14,639	17,485
Australia	81,281	42,534	38,747	12,558	12,246	15,999	11,803	12,926	15,749
New Zealand	10,332	5,363	4,969	1,490	1,788	2,171	1,570	1,651	1,662
Others	390	201	189	61	59	77	57	62	74
TOTAL	2,116,407	1,162,004	954,403	238,085	378,750	520,579	369,346	323,104	286,543

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

Table 16Percentage Distribution of Tourist Arrivals by Occupational Categories – 2007 to 2017

Occupation	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2015	2016	2017
Businessmen	16.3	15.3	12.4	13.5	18.3	14.8	29.5	15.1	16.2	19.4
Professionals	7.6	8.0	10.3	13.7	7.6	11.4	17.5	21.3	23.4	33.2
Executives	12.7	13.3	13.9	15.5	16.7	16.8	7.4	10.7	8.8	3.8
Scientists & Technicians	7.2	7.7	7.7	8.3	8.0	9.9	6.7	6.4	10.0	4.6
Educationists	5.7	5.9	8	10.0	4.8	6.8	9.2	7.8	8.1	19.5
Other Occupation	27.4	26.1	26.1	18.9	25.2	19.2	10.2	18.6	12.4	7.1
No Occupation	18.0	18.2	17.2	15.1	14.1	13.0	10.1	14.7	16.5	7.6
Retired Persons	5.1	5.5	4.4	5.0	5.3	8.1	9.4	5.4	4.6	4.8

Source: Airport Survey of Departing Foreign Tourists from Sri Lanka 2017

Table 17Tourist Arrivals by Country of Residence & Occupation – 2017

Residence	TOTAL	Professionals	Businessmen	Educationists	Other Occupation	Scientists & Technicians	Retired Persons	Executives	No occupation
North America	104,375	38,155	13,882	20,796	6,360	3,902	13,162	4,425	3,693
Canada	46,896	13,026	7,816	9,820	2,605	1,303	9,118	1,824	1,384
United States	57,479	25,129	6,066	10,976	3,755	2,599	4,044	2,601	2,309
Latin America & The Caribbean	6,482	2,370	863	1,291	395	242	817	275	229
Western Europe	680,901	251,997	70,119	174,157	67,273	35,184	29,476	26,226	26,470
Austria	17,466	6,075	759	5,830	759	1,139	1,724	379	801
Belgium	14,616	5,434	1,874	2,786	1,499	1,686	298	451	588
Denmark	18,647	5,854	2,819	4,770	1,951	1,084	651	1,084	434
France	97,282	36,871	11,345	20,421	8,509	6,807	3,971	5,671	3,687
Netherlands	51,148	18,443	6,639	11,803	6,885	1,967	2,953	1,474	984
Italy	31,428	10,476	4,930	4,622	3,081	1,849	924	1,525	4,021
Norway	14,159	4,012	952	2,842	1,987	987	787	2,069	523
Spain	22,361	12,868	2,320	2,953	1,688	1,599	174	126	633
Sweden	24,275	11,126	1,011	5,732	3,709	874	475	1,011	337

Table 17 (contd.)

Residence	TOTAL	Professionals	Businessmen	Educationists	Other Occupation	Scientists & Technicians	Retired Persons	Executives	No occupation
Switzerland	28,402	8,115	4,122	7,303	3,993	2,434	406	812	1,217
United Kingdom	201,879	84,208	15,812	50,746	20,960	5,516	11,399	6,987	6,251
Germany	130,227	37,777	14,548	46,929	9,386	7,743	4,458	3,520	5,866
Others	29,011	10,737	2,988	7,420	2,866	1,499	1,256	1,117	1,128
Eastern Europe	161,967	85,805	22,042	21,159	11,025	9,250	3,313	2,880	6,493
Russia	59,191	32,621	7,629	6,051	2,894	4,209	1,152	951	3,684
Ukraine	32,346	16,890	4,940	4,302	3,027	1,434	637	319	797
Czech Republic	15,712	7,361	1,557	3,256	2,123	508	141	483	283
Poland	15,346	8,074	2,558	2,407	301	802	602	451	151
Others	39,372	20,859	5,358	5,143	2,680	2,297	781	676	1,578
Africa	12,703	3,969	1,348	1,121	1,324	141	1,800	1,630	1,370
South Africa	5,726	1,584	253	358	886	84	1,094	1,096	371
Others	6,977	2,385	1,095	763	438	57	706	534	999
Middle East	95,581	29,952	18,010	16,155	9,388	4,288	5,902	3,299	8,587
Saudi Arabia	35,481	15,302	4,237	6,578	4,766	1,569	911	530	1,588
UAE	7,136	2,989	820	1,398	771	289	96	241	532
Israel	11,080	2,483	1,146	3,585	1,528	194	998	764	382
Kuwait	4,327	1,065	1,640	286	231	220	205	142	538
Oman	8,343	1,582	2,014	1,784	288	575	230	432	1,438
Others	29,214	6,531	8,153	2,524	1,804	1,441	3,462	1,190	4,109
East Asia	444,310	129,058	82,927	107,490	41,891	10,879	16,022	16,928	39,115
China (P.R.)	268,952	74,430	43,379	75,801	30,137	4,566	6,849	8,676	25,114
Indonesia	25,806	5,769	7,202	2,229	1,594	1,273	3,058	1,051	3,630
Japan	44,988	13,302	14,841	10,703	1,855	928	1,040	464	1,855
Malaysia	26,414	10,336	2,871	4,881	1,148	1,074	675	3,138	2,291
Philippines	16,845	2,994	4,059	1,058	1,782	826	2,170	599	3,357
Singapore *	19,457	8,254	884	5,012	1,178	221	665	2,064	1,179
Thailand	10,828	4,373	2,415	1,755	408	432	625	208	612

Table 17 (contd.)

Residence	TOTAL	Professionals	Businessmen	Educationists	Other Occupation	Scientists & Technicians	Retired Persons	Executives	No occupation
South Korea	15,963	2,902	5,982	3,628	1,440	811	322	152	726
Others	15,057	6,698	1,294	2,423	2,349	748	618	576	351
South Asia	518,085	124,030	188,991	48,609	6,637	28,939	26,351	21,803	72,725
India	384,628	100,230	153,910	26,789	21	20,607	19,189	13,395	50,487
Maldives *	79,371	15,053	19,158	16,970	2,737	5,473	2,189	4,106	13,685
Pakistan	31,815	7,112	8,880	2,748	1,965	1,570	1,801	3,265	4,474
Bangladesh	15,510	433	5,414	1,677	1,199	958	2,301	797	2,731
Others	6,761	1,202	1,629	425	715	331	871	240	1,348
Australasia	92,003	36,582	7,099	21,841	12,831	4,095	4,011	3,632	1,912
Australia	81,281	32,319	6,271	19,295	11,336	3,618	3,576	3,177	1,689
New Zealand	10,332	4,108	797	2,453	1,441	460	419	439	215
Others	390	155	31	93	54	17	16	16	8
TOTAL	2,116,407	701,918	410,281	412,619	152,124	96,920	100,854	81,098	160,593

Table 18

Scheduled Airline Operations and Seating Capacity – 2017

No	Airline	Type of Aircraft	Seating Capacity	Number of Incoming Flights per Week		Number of Seats Available in Incoming Flights per Week		Percentage of Total Seating Capacity by Carrier	
				Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer
1	Air Arabia	A320	168	11	11	1,848	1,848	1.3	1.5
2	Air Asia Berhad	A333/A320	180	14	11	2,520	1,980	1.8	1.6
3	Air China Airlines	A330	283	4	4	1,132	1,132	0.8	0.9
4	Air India	A321	182	9	9	1,638	1,638	1.2	1.3
5	Austrian Airline	B767	214	1	1	214	214	0.2	0.2
6	Cathay Pacific Airways	74K/77H/77G/B777	340	7	7	2,380	2,380	1.7	1.9
7	China Eastern Airlines	A330/B737/B767	297	11	7	3,267	2,079	2.3	1.7
8	Emirates	B777	365	35	34	12,775	12,410	9.0	10.1
9	Etihad Airways	A320 / B777	136 / 328	14	14	1,904	1,904	1.3	1.5
10	Fly Dubai	73H	189	28	28	5,292	5,292	3.7	4.3
11	Gulf Air	A320	168	5	—	840	—	0.6	—

Table 18 (contd.)

No	Airline	Type of Aircraft	Seating Capacity	Number of Incoming Flights per Week		Number of Seats Available in Incoming Flights per Week		Percentage of Total Seating Capacity by Carrier	
				Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter	Summer
12	Jet Airways	B737	184	21	21	3,864	3,864	2.7	3.1
13	China Southern Airlines	A330	283	3	3	849	849	0.6	0.7
14	Korean Air	A333	218	3	3	654	654	0.5	0.5
15	Kuwait Airways	A330	272	8	7	2,176	1,904	1.5	1.5
16	Malaysia Airlines	B737	166	10	10	1,660	1,660	1.2	1.3
17	Malindo Air	B738	172	11	11	1,892	1,892	1.3	1.5
18	Oman Air	B737	216	14	14	3,024	3,024	2.1	2.5
19	Qatar Airways	A320/A350/B777/B787	259/372	35	21	9,065	5,439	6.4	4.4
20	Saudi Arabian Airlines	B772	341	7	5	2,387	1,705	1.7	1.4
21	Singapore Airlines	A333	285	7	7	1,995	1,995	1.4	1.6
22	Spice Jet	Q400	78	14	14	1,092	1,092	0.8	0.9
23	SriLankan Airlines Ltd	320	136	74	76	10,064	10,336	7.1	8.4
		321	169	31	32	5,239	5,408	3.7	4.4
		332	269	67	56	18,023	15,064	12.7	12.2
		333	297	83	68	24,651	20,196	17.4	16.4
		32A	150	35	15	5,250	2,250	3.7	1.8
		32B	188	11	16	2,068	3,008	1.5	2.4
		M319	120	—	5	—	600	—	0.5
		M320	162	17	16	2,754	2,592	1.9	2.1
		M321	200	23	16	4,600	3,200	3.2	2.6
		24	Thai Airways	A330/A333/B777	300	7	7	2,100	2,100
25	Ukraine Airlines	B737/B767	297	3	2	891	594	0.6	0.5
26	Silk Air	B738	172	3	3	516	516	0.4	0.4
27	Turkish Airlines	A330/B777	297	7	7	2,079	2,079	1.5	1.7
28	KLM Royal Dutch Airlines	B737	184	3	—	552	—	0.4	—
29	Himalaya Airlines	A320	168	—	2	—	336	—	0.3
30	Sri Wijay Air	B738	172	4	—	688	—	0.5	—
Total				640	563	141,943	123,234	100.0	100.0

Gulf Air – Operations restarted on 19/01/2017

China Southern Airlines – Operations started on 26/06/2017

Mega Maldives Airlines – Operations ceased on 05/01/2017

Source: Civil Aviation Authority

Silk Air – Operations started on 08/04/2017

Himalaya Airlines – Operations ceased on 28/10/2017

Table 19Passenger Arrivals & Departures by Port & Category of Travellers – 2017

Port	Total		Sri Lankan Residents		Foreign Tourists	
	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures
Katunayake	3,561,189	3,636,219	1,475,917	1,434,083	2,085,272	2,202,136
Mattala	6,488	16,026	997	1,453	5,491	14,573
TOTAL AIR	3,567,677	3,652,245	1,476,914	1,435,536	2,090,763	2,216,709
Colombo Harbour	12,840	12,653	2,271	1,883	10,569	10,770
Galle Harbour	15,602	13,215	1,503	1,285	14,099	11,930
Other Ports*	1,527	1,697	551	725	976	972
TOTAL SEA	29,969	27,565	4,325	3,893	25,644	23,672
TOTAL (Sea & Air)	3,597,646	3,679,810	1,481,239	1,439,429	2,116,407	2,240,381

*Hambantota/Norochcholai/Trincomalee

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

Table 20 :Accommodation Capacity (Rooms) in Tourist Hotels & Regional Distribution – 2006 to 2017

Resort Region	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Colombo City	3,209	3,209	3,188	3,190	3,141	3,086	3,054	3,170	3,633	3,966	4,319	5,310
Greater Colombo	2,520	2,555	2,651	2,494	2,640	2,573	2,856	2,913	2,883	3,041	3,184	3,225
South Coast	5,112	5,505	5,370	4,940	5,099	5,037	5,660	5,868	6,717	6,787	8,227	8,270
East Coast	184	184	230	230	238	238	296	628	842	895	1,121	1,129
Hill Country	726	734	772	928	847	940	743	838	789	1,035	1,178	1,356
Ancient Cities	2,467	2,417	2,582	2,679	2,749	2,779	2,901	3,217	3,595	3,601	3,990	4,024
Northern Region	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	51	51	107	163
All Regions	14,218	14,604	14,793	14,461	14,714	14,653	15,510	16,655	18,510	19,376	22,126	23,477

Table 21**Accommodation Capacity & Guest Nights in Graded & Supplementary Establishments – 2007 to 2017**

Description	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
A. Accommodation Capacity -Tourist Hotels)											
(a). No. of Units	245	256	242	253	252	269	304	334	354	382	401
(b). No. of Rooms	14,604	14,793	14,461	14,714	14,653	15,510	16,655	18,078	19,376	22,126	23,477
(c). No. of Beds	27,500	28,698	28,344	28,978	28,844	30,399	34,840	36,883	38,370	45,508	47,259
B. Accommodation Capacity- Supplementary Establishments											
(a). No. of Units	513	578	629	530	654	930	1,021	1,265	1,409	1,558	1,693
(b). No. of Rooms	5,030	5,397	5,946	5,895	6,141	8,207	8,513	9,916	10,702	11,535	12,509
(c). No. of Beds	8,299	9,712	11,654	11,210	11,601	13,347	16,105	18,340	20,211	21,570	23,392
C. Guest Nights - Tourist Hotels											
(a). Foreign	2,777,599	2,763,223	2,818,487	4,126,544	5,011,480	5,038,066	6,969,239	7,982,110	8,945,380	10,595,118	11,609,886
(b). Local	1,051,077	979,438	1,163,220	1,464,098	1,607,393	1,457,063	1,439,483	2,072,886	1,588,223	1,727,292	1,805,141
D. Guest Nights - Supplementary Establishments											
(a). Foreign	598,931	701,254	779,317	1,249,146	2,241,407	2,372,266	2,728,603	3,596,548	4,349,313	5,404,602	6,204,126
(b). Local	497,321	421,987	471,730	425,350	574,958	682,374	639,275	512,017	636,644	812,188	920,196
E. Foreign Guest Nights (Total)	4,940,080	4,165,511	4,075,799	6,544,760	8,559,750	10,056,050	10,909,050	15,118,815	18,163,638	20,918,486	23,068,836
(a). Tourist Hotels	2,777,599	2,763,223	2,818,487	4,126,544	5,011,480	5,038,066	6,969,239	7,982,110	8,945,380	10,595,118	11,609,886
(b). Supplementary Establishments	598,931	701,254	779,317	1,249,146	2,241,407	2,372,266	2,728,607	3,596,548	4,349,313	5,404,602	6,204,126
(c). Others	1,563,550	701,034	477,995	1,169,070	1,306,863	2,645,718	1,211,204	3,540,157	4,868,945	4,918,766	5,254,824

Table 22Occupancy Rates by Region – 2005 to 2017

Region	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Colombo City	76.3	64.3	63.9	57.1	57.8	78.3	84.0	75.8	75.2	75.9	76.4	76.75	75.31
Greater Colombo	44.8	48.0	49.3	52.6	52.7	75.1	79.5	74.5	70.1	74.0	74.4	75.18	73.14
South Coast	31.5	41.2	47.6	46.1	49.6	71.9	78.1	73.9	70.2	73.1	74.3	74.24	72.38
East Coast	29.1	16.9	18.0	21.6	37.8	70.0	75.7	68.2	69.8	73.8	74.1	74.92	72.95
Hill Country	36.6	39.9	41.2	34.2	42.2	63.5	73.3	68.1	73.2	74.9	74.8	75.24	73.55
Ancient Cities	39.5	43.3	40.3	35.2	44.4	62.6	71.7	66.5	73.5	75.0	75.2	75.46	73.85
Northern Region	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69.9	72.4	72.0	69.58	70.98
All Areas (Average)	45.4	47.8	46.2	43.9	48.4	70.1	77.1	71.2	71.7	74.3	74.5	74.76	73.27

Table 23**Monthly Occupancy Rates in Tourist Hotels by Region – 2017**

	Number of Units ***	Rooms **	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual O/R
Colombo City	41	5,310	73,20	69,70	72,80	67,92	79,53	72,86	71,17	81,57	75,06	78,20	78,34	83,41	75,31
Greater Colombo	62	3,225	73,44	71,62	73,11	63,49	73,30	71,33	70,03	77,32	75,76	73,35	76,32	78,68	73,14
1. North of Colombo	53	2,734	76,78	71,90	73,50	64,58	69,83	72,12	70,62	77,81	77,06	73,04	75,32	79,21	73,48
11. South of Colombo	9	491	70,10	71,33	72,71	62,39	76,77	70,54	69,45	76,82	74,45	73,66	77,33	78,16	72,81
South Coast	145	8,270	75,22	74,07	70,90	67,32	68,54	70,11	70,53	73,29	76,69	71,05	72,39	78,44	72,38
1. Up to Galle	80	5,202	75,68	75,91	71,96	67,68	73,55	68,29	69,90	74,63	78,32	73,47	76,51	78,63	73,71
11. Beyond Galle	65	3,068	74,76	72,22	69,83	66,96	63,54	71,94	71,17	71,95	75,05	68,64	68,27	78,25	71,05
East Coast	27	1129	70,65	76,10	74,48	66,78	68,09	74,88	69,08	79,30	79,12	73,19	68,31	75,38	72,95
Hill Country	36	1356	69,46	73,43	75,03	70,86	70,27	78,84	68,63	74,24	77,95	72,63	72,18	79,10	73,55
Ancient Cities	84	4,024	73,67	75,36	73,11	68,89	66,27	72,20	69,74	79,68	78,73	71,45	77,44	79,70	73,85
1. Kandy Area	33	1,697	75,13	76,88	77,04	68,01	68,05	70,97	68,99	82,71	81,19	70,82	79,24	82,93	75,16
11. Anuradhapura Area	15	451	74,42	78,18	74,19	66,22	67,82	73,29	67,54	81,19	78,80	69,02	75,52	80,45	73,89
111. Polonnaruwa / Giritale	9	413	74,15	76,77	73,60	69,91	65,68	68,39	70,08	76,92	79,53	71,08	74,53	79,19	73,32
IV/Habarana/Sigiriya/ Dambulla	27	1463	70,99	69,61	67,61	71,43	63,52	76,15	72,34	77,91	75,38	74,89	80,45	76,24	73,04
Northern Region	6	163	67,08	68,77	68,09	65,92	68,63	78,14	66,91	72,05	73,41	72,33	74,31	76,12	70,98
All Regions	401	23,477	72,70	73,40	72,57	67,39	69,61	73,03	69,66	77,26	77,11	72,58	75,03	78,92	73,27

Table 23(a)**Capacity and Nights in all Accommodation Establishments by Category – 2016 & 2017**

Class of Accommodation	Number of Units	Number of Rooms	Number of Beds	Total Guest Nights		Foreign Guest Nights		Local Guest Nights		Occupancy Rate				
				2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017					
Hotel**	382	401	22,126	23,477	45,508	47,259	12,322,410	13,415,027	10,595,118	11,609,886	1,727,292	1,805,141	74.76	73.27
5 Star	17	20	3,550	4,217	7,377	8,720	2,300,803	2,493,193	2,069,510	2,228,806	231,293	264,387	74.81	74.64
4 Star	18	18	2,185	2,092	4,540	4,326	1,566,801	1,179,622	1,388,625	1,022,881	178,176	156,741	75.37	72.81
3 Star	16	25	1,798	2,957	3,736	6,115	1,192,831	1,773,795	1,093,618	1,648,554	99,213	125,241	75.33	73.45
2 Star	33	36	1,902	1,718	3,952	3,553	1,203,261	988,223	1,079,872	879,092	123,389	109,131	74.27	72.89
1 Star	34	40	1,329	1,767	2,762	3,654	1,027,702	914,733	876,229	715,856	151,473	198,877	73.84	71.54
Small luxury Hotel (Boutique Hotel)	24	26	448	508	931	1,051	212,016	304,916	194,592	285,683	17,424	19,233	74.35	73.01
Unclassified **	240	236	10,914	10,218	22,700	21,131	4,818,996	5,760,545	3,892,672	4,829,014	926,324	931,531	75.37	74.54
Supplementary														
Establishments**	1,558	1,693	11,535	12,509	23,970	25,869	6,216,790	7,124,322	5,404,602	6,204,126	812,188	920,196	74.89	74.91

Table 24

Foreign Guest Nights in Graded Accommodation Establishments by Region & Month – 2017* (Classified/ Unclassified/ Boutique Hotels)

Resort Region	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual Total
Colombo City	221,272	219,415	226,029	210,879	246,926	226,223	220,959	253,260	233,052	231,806	243,227	258,974	2,792,022
Greater Colombo	136,219	132,920	135,814	118,914	131,205	139,033	130,381	143,741	141,896	135,362	139,969	146,302	1,631,756
1. North of Colombo	116,467	112,820	115,325	101,332	109,573	117,156	110,812	122,094	120,917	114,606	118,178	124,279	1,383,559
11. South of Colombo	19,752	20,100	20,489	17,582	21,632	21,877	19,569	21,647	20,979	20,756	21,791	22,023	248,197
South Coast	360,232	359,424	340,314	322,332	333,919	341,998	336,468	352,097	368,684	342,725	351,198	375,304	4,184,695
1. Up to Galle	227,614	231,320	216,444	203,557	221,210	214,386	210,231	224,470	235,558	220,968	230,100	236,500	2,660,358
11. Beyond Galle	132,618	128,104	123,870	18,775	112,709	127,612	126,237	127,627	133,126	121,757	121,098	138,804	1,512,337
East Coast	31,812	38,579	37,758	33,850	34,514	37,960	35,020	40,201	40,106	37,099	34,630	38,214	439,743
Hill Country	48,039	56,845	52,971	50,029	49,614	55,667	48,457	52,414	55,038	51,278	50,962	55,848	627,162
Ancient Cities	156,559	158,537	155,482	147,616	140,977	156,291	148,562	170,966	167,638	153,745	167,947	170,192	1,894,512
1. Kandy Area	67,540	69,112	69,259	61,140	61,174	63,801	62,024	74,355	72,988	63,664	71,244	74,555	810,856
11. Anuradhapura Area	17,781	18,679	17,775	15,821	16,203	17,510	16,138	19,398	18,828	16,490	18,043	19,221	211,837
111. Polonnaruwa / Giritale	16,222	16,797	16,102	15,296	14,370	14,964	15,333	16,829	17,399	15,550	16,307	17,325	192,494
IV. Habarana/Sig. / Damb.	55,016	53,949	52,396	55,359	49,230	60,016	55,067	60,384	58,423	58,041	62,353	59,091	679,325
Northern Region	3,050	3,129	2,997	2,711	3,239	4,169	2,842	3,483	3,395	3,497	3,689	3,795	39,996
All Regions	957,183	968,849	951,365	886,331	940,394	961,341	922,689	1,016,162	1,009,809	955,512	991,622	1,048,629	11,609,886

*Estimated

Table 25**Local Guest Nights in Graded Accommodation Establishments by Region & Month – 2017 (Classified/ Unclassified/ Boutique Hotels)**

Resort Region	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual Total
Colombo City	19,395	17,468	18,889	15,996	21,072	19,305	18,856	22,613	19,888	21,420	20,756	24,901	240,559
Greater Colombo	21,698	18,842	21,287	18,567	20,931	20,813	21,415	22,521	22,155	21,282	22,072	22,921	254,504
1. North of Colombo	15,263	12,294	14,612	12,839	13,883	14,337	15,040	15,469	15,320	14,520	14,973	15,746	174,296
11. South of Colombo	6,435	6,548	6,675	5,728	7,048	6,476	6,375	7,052	6,835	6,762	7,099	7,175	80,208
South Coast	49,320	49,118	44,546	44,013	45,644	45,905	46,314	48,352	51,016	47,002	48,071	53,609	572,910
1. Up to Galle	28,961	29,452	25,730	26,079	28,341	26,314	26,934	28,759	30,179	28,310	29,480	32,300	340,839
11. Beyond Galle	20,359	19,666	18,816	17,934	17,303	19,591	19,380	19,593	20,837	18,692	18,591	21,309	232,071
East Coast	14,458	16,575	15,244	13,666	13,934	15,325	14,139	16,230	16,191	14,978	13,981	15,428	180,149
Hill Country	8,936	9,659	9,868	8,920	9,243	10,371	8,527	9,765	10,253	9,553	9,494	10,504	115,093
Ancient Cities	35,797	36,743	35,148	33,664	32,033	35,417	34,106	39,018	38,310	35,135	38,214	38,975	432,560
1. Kandy Area	13,998	14,324	14,354	12,672	12,679	13,223	12,855	15,410	15,127	13,195	14,765	15,452	168,054
11. Anuradhapura Area	5,554	6,034	5,236	4,942	5,061	5,469	5,041	6,059	5,881	5,151	5,636	6,003	66,067
111. Polonnaruwa /Giritale	4,662	5,027	4,527	4,395	3,929	4,300	4,406	4,836	5,202	4,469	4,686	4,979	55,418
IV. Habarana/Sigiriya /Dambulla	11,583	11,358	11,031	11,655	10,364	12,425	11,804	12,713	12,100	12,320	13,127	12,541	143,021
Northern Region	638	756	749	825	755	959	636	792	807	795	767	887	9,366
All Regions	150,242	149,161	145,731	135,651	143,612	148,095	143,993	159,291	158,620	150,165	153,355	167,225	1,805,141

Table 26Volume & Value of Tourism – 2006 to 2017

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Tourist Arrivals	559,603	494,008	438,475	447,890	654,476	855,975	1,005,605	1,274,593	1,527,153	1,798,380	2,050,832	2,116,407
Excursionist Arrivals	128,719	98,432	87,695	89,526	112,497	119,875	126,523	140,009	138,097	195,143	116,544	131,409
Official Receipts * Rs. mn.	42,585.50	42,519.30	37,094.00	40,133.00	65,018.0	91,926.0	132,427.0	221,147.1	317,502.2	405,492.0	512,593.6	598,356.0
US\$ mn.	410.3	384.4	319.5	349.3	575.9	838.9	1,038.3*	1,715.50	2,431.1	2,980.6	3,518.50	3,924.90
SDR Units (mn.)	278.3	250.9	202.1	226.5	376.9	530.2	677.7	1,128.8	1,600.3	2,129.7*	2,531.3*	2,499.4*
Receipt per Tourist per day * (US\$)	83.4	79.1	76.7	81.8	88.0	98.0	103.0	156.5	160.8	164.1	168.2	170.1

** Estimate*

SDR

Table 27**Direct Employment in the Tourism Industry – 2015 to 2017***

Category of Establishments	Number of Establishments	Managerial, Scientific & Professional				Technical, Clerical, Allied and Supervisory				Manual & Operative				Total	
		2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2017	2015*	2016*	2017*		
Hotels & Restaurants	2,196	2,378**	2,567	15,002	16,312	16,917	52,475	56,485	58,861	42,090	45,461	51,697	109,567	118,258	
Travel Agents & Tour Operators	758	855**	864	2,555	2,748	2,850	6,046	6,096	6,168	882	888	931	9,483	9,732	
Airlines	28	28	28	993	1,068	1,108	4,028	4,537	4,808	1,348	1,542	1,605	6,369	7,147	
Agencies Providing Recreational Facilities	71	76	80**	191	205	213	407	415	438	314	334	345	912	954	
Tourist Shops	66	70	73	230	242	251	1,348	1,448	1,535	218	239	254	1,796	1,929	
Guides (Formal & Informal)*													4,590	4,689	
National Tourist Organization	4	4	4	209	225	233	245	257	272	221	233	230	675	715	
State Sector	18	18	18	736	813	843	808	847	972	994	1,031	860	2,538	2,691	
Total	3,141	3,429	3,634	19,916	21,613	22,415	69,947	74,774	78,032	46,067	49,728	55,922	135,930	146,115	156,369

* Estimate

** Revised

Table 28Sri Lankan Departures - Growth Trends- 1980- 2017

Year	Total	Air		Sea			
		Katunayake	Mattala	Colombo Harbour	Galle Harbour	Talaimannar	Other
1980	137,797	100,803	-	598	-	36,396	-
1981	185,035	147,402	-	730	-	36,903	-
1982	216,466	185,215	-	789	-	30,462	-
1983	244,955	220,289	-	578	-	24,088	-
1984	274,418	229,568	-	616	-	44,234	-
1985	239,272	238,577	-	695	-	-	-
1986	229,386	228,925	-	461	-	-	-
1987	257,760	257,207	-	553	-	-	-
1988	298,583	297,677	-	906	-	-	-
1989	285,510	284,765	-	745	-	-	-
1990	296,884	296,080	-	804	-	-	-
1991	310,373	309,588	-	785	-	-	-
1992	420,749	419,726	-	1,023	-	-	-
1993	416,246	415,434	-	812	-	-	-
1994	448,437	447,224	-	1,213	-	-	-
1995	504,420	502,059	-	2,361	-	-	-
1996	494,258	493,407	-	851	-	-	-
1997	530,712	529,908	-	804	-	-	-
1998	518,050	517,222	-	828	-	-	-
1999	496,963	496,045	-	918	-	-	-
2000	524,212	523,485	-	727	-	-	-
2001	505,341	504,503	-	838	-	-	-
2002	532,737	531,909	-	828	-	-	-
2003	591,126	590,039	-	1,087	-	-	-
2004	680,248	679,131	-	1,117	-	-	-
2005	727,301	725,956	-	1,345	-	-	-
2006	756,735	756,735	-	-	-	-	-
2007	862,011	862,011	-	-	-	-	-
2008	966,337	966,337	-	-	-	-	-
2009	962,786	962,786	-	-	-	-	-
2010	1,122,212	1,122,212	-	-	-	-	-
2011	1,239,290	1,239,290	-	-	-	-	-
2012	1,268,792	1,268,792	-	-	-	-	-
2013	1,261,506	1,257,099	1,838	931	1,638	-	-
2014	1,311,063	1,307,133	1,638	744	1,548	-	-
2015	1,356,411	1,353,115	861	1,153	1,282	-	-
2016	1,447,786	1,442,645	1,225	2,694	1,037	-	185
2017	1,439,429	1,434,083	1,453	1,883	1,285	-	725

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

Table 29

Tourism Growth Trends = 1978 to 2017

YEAR	Tourist Arrivals	ExcurSIONIST Arrivals	Official Tourist Receipts				Accommodation (Graded)	Occupancy Rate (Graded)	Employment						
			Tourist Nights '000		SDR mn	Euro mn			Arrivals	Departures	Direct	Indirect*			
			Rs. mn	USD mn	Rooms	Beds	Annual	Occupancy Rate	St. Lankan	Overseas	Overseas				
1978	192,592	8,494	2,061	870.0	558	44.4	27.1	108	5,347	10,431	47.7	102,142	117,075	15,404	20,795
1979	250,164	5,565	2,777	1,209.4	77.7	60.1	28.0	11.1	5,599	11,212	52.8	100,603	122,197	18,472	24,937
1980	321,780	8,636	3,548	1,830.3	110.7	85.1	31.2	11.0	6,042	11,790	57.8	105,484	137,797	19,878	28,022
1981	370,742	7,737	3,907	2,546.5	132.4	112.3	33.9	10.5	6,891	13,773	54.5	142,426	185,035	23,023	32,232
1982	407,230	6,632	4,048	3,050.4	146.6	129.8	36.2	10.0	7,539	15,001	47.8	162,034	216,466	26,776	37,486
1983	337,530	7,208	3,179	2,896.1	125.8	115.1	39.6	9.6	8,852	17,605	35.9	180,729	244,955	22,374	31,234
1984	317,734	8,638	2,818	2,669.5	104.9	102.4	37.2	8.9	9,627	18,970	35.6	212,365	274,418	24,541	34,357
1985	257,456	9,882	2,365	2,233.3	82.2	80.8	34.8	9.2	9,826	19,352	32.7	220,094	239,272	22,723	31,810
1986	230,106	6,266	2,513	2,300.1	82.1	69.9	32.7	10.9	9,794	19,301	32.9	220,614	229,386	22,285	31,199
1987	182,620	2,417	2,414	2,415.2	82.0	63.4	34.0	13.2	9,921	19,322	31.5	217,127	257,760	20,338	28,473
1988	182,662	6,108	2,305	2,438.3	76.6	57.0	33.3	12.6	9,977	19,432	32.1	245,065	298,583	19,960	27,944
1989	184,732	4,064	1,970	2,739.7	76.0	59.3	38.6	10.7	9,459	18,464	31.0	258,950	285,510	21,958	30,741
1990	297,888	3,954	3,225	5,303.3	132.0	97.5	41.1	10.8	9,556	18,669	47.2	306,367	296,884	24,964	34,950
1991	317,703	2,665	3,633	6,485.8	156.8	114.6	42.8	11.4	9,679	18,947	48.4	237,424	310,373	26,878	37,629
1992	393,669	5,651	4,055	8,825.6	201.4	142.9	49.7	10.3	10,214	19,907	55.3	339,109	420,749	28,790	40,306
1993	392,250	6,093	4,148	10,036.8	208.0	149.0	50.1	10.6	10,365	20,242	57.0	375,740	416,246	30,710	42,994
1994	407,511	8,413	4,251	11,401.6	230.7	161.1	54.2	10.4	10,742	20,929	56.6	422,367	448,437	33,956	47,538
1995	403,101	10,556	4,024	11,551.6	225.4	148.6	56.1	10.0	11,255	21,680	52.6	459,441	504,420	35,068	49,095

Table 29 (contd.)

1996	302,265	12,863	2,947	9,559.1	173.0		119.1	57.9	98	11,600	22,040	40.3	488,055	494,238	31,963	44,748
1997	366,165	18,265	3,680	12,980.3	216.7	160.4	58.6	10.1	12,370	22,944	49.1	482,850	530,712	34,006	47,608	
1998	381,063	27,629	3,944	14,868.0	230.5	169.9	59.5	10.4	12,770	23,373	52.8	481,793	518,050	34,780	48,692	
1999	436,440	28,335	4,479	19,297.3	274.9	201.0	61.4	10.3	12,918	24,216	57.6	521,073	496,933	36,560	51,184	
2000	400,414	44,518	4,056	19,162.2	252.8	274.1	191.9	62.3	10.1	13,311	24,953	52.3	514,448	524,212	37,943	53,120
2001	336,794	60,084	3,342	18,863.3	211.1	236.1	165.7	63.1	9.9	13,626	25,595	42.1	487,356	505,341	33,710	47,194
2002	393,171	63,560	3,989	24,202.0	253.0	267.7	179.3	63.4	10.1	13,818	25,956	43.1	493,947	533,565	38,821	54,349
2003	500,642	82,066	5,093	32,810.0	340.0	300.5	242.6	66.8	10.2	14,137	26,511	53.2	560,602	591,126	46,761	65,465
2004	566,202	110,000	5,742	42,666.3	416.8	334.3	298.6	72.2	10.1	14,322	26,854	59.3	646,990	680,248	53,766	75,272
2005	549,308	119,618	4,754	36,377.30	362.3	289.8	244.6	74.6	8.7	13,162	24,740	45.4	683,169	727,301	52,085	72,919
2006	559,603	128,719	5,793	42,585.5	410.3	326.1	278.3	83.4	10.4	14,218	27,117	47.8	734,421	756,735	55,649	77,909
2007	494,008	98,432	4,940	42,519.3	384.4	280.5	250.9	79.1	10.0	14,604	27,500	46.2	817,524	862,011	60,516	84,722
2008	438,475	87,695	4,166	37,094.0	319.5	217.2	202.1	76.7	9.5	14,793	28,698	43.9	900,815	966,337	51,306	71,828
2009	447,890	89,526	4,075	40,133.0	349.3	250.5	226.5	81.8	9.1	14,461	28,344	48.4	914,584	962,786	52,071	72,899
2010	654,476	112,497	6,548	65,018.0	575.9	433.2	376.9	88.0	10.0	14,714	28,978	70.1	1,081,417	1,122,212	55,023	77,032
2011	855,975	119,875	8,560	91,926.0	838.9	603.4	530.2	98.0	10.0	14,653	28,844	77.1	1,210,951	1,239,290	57,786	80,899
2012	1,005,605	126,523	10,056	132,427.0	1038.3	807.5	677.7	103.0	10.0	15,510	30,880	71.2	1,210,914	1,268,792	67,862	95,007
2013	1,274,593	140,009	10,909	221,147.1	1,715.5	1,291.4	1,128.8	156.5	8.6	16,223	32,284	71.7	1,200,788	1,261,711	112,550	157,600
2014	1,527,153	138,097	15,119	317,501.7	2,431.1	1,830.0	1,600.3	160.8	9.9	18,078	35,976	74.3	1,263,494	1,311,063	129,790	170,100
2015	1,798,380	195,134	18,163	405,492.0	2,980.6	2,686.1	2,129.7	164.1	10.1	18,954	37,720*	74.5	1,361,877	1,356,411	135,930	183,506
2016	2,050,832	116,544*	20,918*	512,593.6	3,518.5	3,178.9	2,531.3	168.2	10.2	21,126	45,508*	74.76	1,485,004	1,447,786	146,115	189,544
2017	2,116,407	131,409*	23,068*	598,356.0	3,948.3	2,829.2	170.1	10.9	23,477	47,259*	73,27*	1481,239	1,439,429	156,369*	202,846*	

*Provisional
Exchange rate as per Central Bank of Sri Lanka

Table 30
Tourists Arrivals by Month – 1971 to 2017

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1971	5,931	6,570	5,166	1,539	952	961	1,897	2,467	1,881	2,585	4,003	5,702	39,654
1972	5,762	5,848	5,564	3,091	3,282	2,302	3,703	4,634	3,402	4,476	6,155	7,828	56,047
1973	9,386	8,343	7,875	5,468	4,168	3,246	5,919	6,680	4,184	5,977	7,137	9,505	77,888
1974	10,915	9,648	9,847	6,400	3,241	3,303	5,404	6,147	4,986	6,199	8,338	10,583	85,011
1975	11,740	10,388	11,158	5,890	5,587	4,787	5,925	8,565	5,287	7,622	11,271	14,984	103,204
1976	15,627	15,214	13,431	8,886	6,097	4,550	4,278	3,481	6,707	10,636	13,600	16,464	118,971
1977	17,569	18,064	18,216	9,891	7,602	5,536	9,881	11,129	7,594	11,541	17,106	19,536	153,665
1978	23,114	22,427	20,497	11,545	8,803	7,134	13,252	15,542	10,245	14,340	20,759	24,934	192,592
1979	28,366	25,226	25,472	18,847	13,042	10,674	16,801	20,203	14,798	19,376	25,743	31,616	250,164
1980	36,108	33,896	34,416	21,806	19,468	15,082	22,986	27,440	19,962	23,646	23,988	37,982	316,780
1981	45,168	39,384	38,376	28,568	21,642	16,836	28,266	32,788	24,086	27,030	29,512	39,086	370,742
1982	40,932	40,148	42,178	29,606	28,972	25,772	30,942	34,332	29,754	30,296	33,748	40,550	407,230
1983	49,104	44,018	44,710	32,556	32,850	24,350	25,132	8,430	10,050	16,410	20,570	29,350	337,530
1984	33,546	32,406	32,628	23,684	18,224	17,866	26,694	27,626	21,764	25,800	27,906	29,590	317,734
1985	28,814	27,012	29,886	19,778	14,014	11,092	18,362	20,138	15,242	18,176	23,218	31,724	257,456
1986	32,890	30,512	28,932	19,262	13,100	9,536	12,330	15,190	12,398	12,732	18,114	25,110	230,106
1987	25,446	23,714	22,838	8,204	7,650	10,200	11,408	10,072	12,146	14,188	20,516	182,620	
1988	20,400	19,150	19,430	13,834	11,124	11,540	17,660	18,670	14,980	16,742	10,560	8,572	182,662
1989	12,962	12,344	16,032	12,312	12,750	11,630	15,194	17,220	14,264	15,050	18,948	26,026	184,732
1990	26,592	26,368	26,946	22,788	18,286	18,050	26,410	26,786	22,438	23,060	24,596	35,568	297,888
1991	28,932	28,080	27,153	20,541	17,745	17,394	30,645	28,824	24,762	25,173	28,272	40,182	317,703
1992	35,730	38,859	33,399	28,410	21,024	23,157	33,771	40,143	29,838	32,079	35,967	41,292	393,669
1993	42,726	40,116	37,953	29,589	22,368	20,412	32,904	32,796	30,621	35,103	40,167	392,250	
1994	45,402	41,067	41,277	28,080	21,777	21,399	35,370	32,817	31,062	33,216	33,306	42,738	407,511

Table 30 (contd.)

1995	45,987	42,591	40,074	33,756	24,672	22,416	35,994	35,814	30,828	30,603	28,365	32,001	403,101
1996	30,957	29,550	26,442	20,376	17,655	19,668	25,380	24,765	23,211	23,511	24,921	35,829	302,265
1997	32,652	35,010	34,098	26,907	22,407	23,160	30,867	32,034	29,793	28,314	31,995	38,928	366,165
1998	37,224	35,283	32,256	25,578	20,394	22,410	29,529	31,446	31,653	31,767	38,421	45,102	381,063
1999	44,379	41,526	41,022	34,443	25,212	26,184	33,288	39,081	33,915	35,112	41,952	40,326	436,440
2000	43,311	43,287	40,110	33,642	23,404	21,825	33,267	34,422	31,035	26,658	32,469	36,984	400,414
2001	44,187	46,575	44,290	36,906	26,924	28,323	28,566	15,717	11,758	12,904	17,344	23,300	336,794
2002	28,296	31,683	33,084	27,057	26,661	26,355	35,742	35,475	32,982	36,258	37,395	42,183	393,171
2003	40,647	39,081	40,818	33,714	30,048	31,836	43,743	42,111	36,054	49,922	54,946	57,722	500,642
2004	49,950	43,584	38,418	30,672	30,162	32,119	50,525	48,675	51,525	59,442	64,971	66,159	566,202
2005	38,187	36,645	50,418	42,261	40,878	45,699	56,745	51,216	43,536	44,095	48,457	51,171	549,308
2006	52,103	52,687	54,746	49,776	43,825	44,066	55,354	52,931	38,485	38,815	37,591	39,224	559,603
2007	56,553	43,051	35,031	33,039	26,307	30,810	44,142	44,742	37,104	37,011	45,102	61,116	494,008
2008	56,916	40,551	38,049	29,747	31,140	27,960	32,982	30,672	29,529	35,103	36,901	48,925	438,475
2009	38,468	34,169	34,065	26,054	24,739	30,234	42,223	41,207	37,983	37,575	44,311	56,862	447,890
2010	50,757	57,300	52,352	38,300	35,213	44,730	63,339	55,898	47,339	52,370	72,251	84,627	654,476
2011	74,197	65,797	75,130	63,835	48,943	53,636	83,786	72,463	60,219	69,563	90,889	97,517	855,975
2012	85,874	83,549	91,102	69,591	57,506	65,245	90,338	79,456	71,111	80,379	109,202	122,252	1,005,605
2013	110,543	113,968	113,208	80,737	74,838	90,279	107,016	123,269	90,339	107,058	109,420	153,918	1,274,593
2014	146,575	141,878	133,048	112,631	90,046	103,175	133,971	140,319	105,535	121,576	119,727	178,672	1,527,153
2015	156,246	165,541	157,051	122,217	113,529	115,467	175,804	166,610	143,374	132,280	144,147	206,114	1,798,380
2016	194,280	197,697	192,841	136,367	125,044	118,038	209,351	186,288	148,499	150,419	167,217	224,791	2,050,832
2017	219,360	197,517	188,076	160,249	121,891	123,351	205,482	190,928	145,077	152,429	167,511	244,536	2,116,407

Table 31**Passenger Arrivals & Departures and by Port – 1981 to 2017**

	Katunayake	Mattala	Port of Colombo	Port of Galle	Talaimannar	Other Ports	Total	
Year	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures	Arrivals	Departures
1981	493,619	562,421	-	-	-	82,003	72,800	2,599
1982	584,326	546,490	-	-	-	95,108	106,876	2,226
1983	559,276	534,217	-	-	-	70,402	93,168	1,862
1984	593,883	650,812	-	-	-	61,568	99,796	1,738
1985	543,397	585,213	-	-	-	-	-	1,760
1986	570,304	591,448	-	-	-	-	-	657,189
1987	512,289	548,408	-	-	-	-	-	2,277
1988	516,400	544,760	-	-	-	-	-	631,540
1989	552,189	563,027	-	-	-	-	-	629,662
1990	603,595	581,698	-	-	-	-	-	752,368
1991	646,869	712,073	-	-	-	-	-	649,575
1992	764,453	836,310	-	-	-	-	-	714,439
1993	813,535	823,841	-	-	-	-	-	839,229
1994	893,387	892,778	-	-	-	-	-	826,975
1995	912,877	946,109	-	-	-	-	-	897,170
1996	857,727	851,272	-	-	-	-	-	954,214
1997	904,712	916,397	-	-	-	-	-	861,355
1998	921,343	938,656	-	-	-	-	-	854,940
1999	970,311	977,066	-	-	-	-	-	919,975
2000	999,418	970,383	-	-	-	-	-	942,275
						-	-	980,180
						-	-	973,906
						-	-	973,210
						-	-	1,002,351
						-	-	2933
						-	-	2827

Table 31 (contd.)

2001	971,621	962,586	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,942	2,682	974,563	965,268	
2002	912,419	950,655	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,947	2,804	915,366	953,459	
2003	1,140,687	1,102,864	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,532	1,729	1,142,219	1,104,593	
2004	1,459,575	1,484,685	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,112	2,255	1,461,687	1,480,940	
2005	1,360,217	1,396,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,930	1,560	1,362,147	1,397,787	
2006	1,444,408	1,474,559	-	-	-	-	-	-	360	401	1,444,768	1,474,960	
2007	1,529,930	1,565,341	-	-	-	-	-	-	338	211	1,530,268	1,565,552	
2008	1,644,172	1,707,376	-	-	-	-	-	-	145	168	1,644,317	1,707,544	
2009	1,644,142	1,673,265	-	-	-	-	-	-	420	379	1,644,562	1,673,644	
2010	2,111,629	2,128,404	-	-	-	-	-	-	385	356	2,112,014	2,128,760	
2011	2,435,660	2,464,622	-	1,842	1,842	-	-	-	1,842	1,842	2,437,502	2,466,464	
2012	2,518,082	2,568,787	-	3,136	3,136	-	-	-	-	-	2,521,218	2,571,871	
2013	2,593,818	2,644,467	2,828	2,850	7,238	6,010	21,366	18,738	-	3,136	3,084	2,625,250	2,672,065
2014	2,757,667	2,884,767	4,052	3,256	6,710	7,196	22,218	20,143	-	-	-	2,790,647	2,915,362
2015	3,222,647	3,209,259	997	1,513	6,786	7,474	20,339	18,474	-	-	-	3,250,769	3,236,720
2016	3,506,488	3,580,899	2,262	2,697	10,792	10,055	15,531	13,807	-	763	813	3,535,836	3,608,271
2017	3,561,189	3,636,219	6,488	16,026	12,840	12,653	15,602	13,215	-	1,527	1,697	3,597,646	3,679,810

Source: Department of Immigration & Emigration

REVENUE FROM TOURISM

Table 32

Conferences Held & Revenue Earned at Bandaranaike Memorial International Conference Hall (BMICH) – 1987 to 2017

Year	Conference Status		Number of Delegates		Revenue in Rs. '000
	National	International	Local	Foreign	
1987	50	8	25,410	376	1,619.0
1988	42	4	13,850	156	1,264.3
1989	34	9	8,639	592	777.1
1990	31	7	12,145	2,011	1,201.3
1991	40	6	12,000	2,500	1,700.0
1992	127	33	69,601	5,248	13,939.3
1993	141	11	20,080	5,540	7,798.2
1994	105	9	35,080	1,730	4,906.7
1995	120	10	40,000	1,900	5,933.2
1996	152	16	58,000	1,300	5,411.2
1997	98	10	48,415	3,150	4,157.5
1998	101	5	49,475	1,550	6,039.4
1999	125	1	55,855	350	4,759.0
2000	134	4	54,110	600	6,685.5
2001	83	13	35,001	400	3,574.5
2002	577	6	285,545	1,005	46,244.7
2003	594	4	324,565	650	61,762.1
2004	642	4	432,510	1,550	70,700.5
2005	660	12	502,335	2,120	101,381.0
2006	804	17	916,845	2,560	120,490.4
2007	844	3	310,100	625	142,919.1
2008	758	3	294,870	475	137,504.4
2009	751	3	289,080	725	146,730.5
2010	442	1	175,980	200	133,426.7
2011	441	3	163,275	625	178,289.5
2012	496	10	223,650	4500	239,228.6
2013	595	4	349,850	250	233,781.4
2014	768	7	591,200	1200	400,210.0
2015	866	4	645,000	750	389,760.1
2016	994	6	965,000	1,350	551,405.0
2017	1068	6	750,000	850	648,841.6

Source: BMICH

Table 33Foreign Visitors to Museums & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 1987 to 2017

Year	Total Number of Foreign Visitors	Collection in Rs. '000
1987	5,538	138.5
1988	12,315	254.0
1989	20,354	479.3
1990	38,248	902.1
1991	22,159	821.4
1992	26,920	1,005.8
1993	31,373	1,180.8
1994	31,229	1,154.1
1995	24,997	1,171.0
1996	13,278	622.2
1997	13,916	712.1
1998	14,417	738.7
1999	16,686	860.7
2000	10,122	506.2
2001	11,157	620.4
2002	13,577	769.0
2003	19,213	1,181.1
2004	23,883	1,463.2
2005	15,281	3,937.6
2006	13,771	6,522.5
2007	9,040	4,190.9
2008	7,353	3,340.6
2009	10,244	4,636.4
2010	22,061	9,868.6
2011	31,096	14,200.0
2012	37,305	16,843.0
2013	44,751	14,981.0
2014	57,604	15,812.8
2015	56,387	27,568.7
2016	59,982	33,636.0
2017	68,107	50,210.4

Table 33(a)Details of Museums – 2017

Museums	Foreign Tickets		Local Tickets	
	Number of Foreign Tourists	Revenue (in Rs.)	Number of Domestic Tourists	Revenue (in Rs.)
Colombo National Museum	55,259	43,229,000	215,155	6,779,250
Natural History Museum	5,447	3,982,700	64,994	1,781,790
Kandy National Museum	1,955	1,105,300	13,451	253,335
Rathnapura National Museum	60	17,900	20,326	221,460
Galle National Museum*	0	0	0	0
Anuradhapura Folk Museum	149	44,400	9,715	128,820
Dutch Museum	1,605	796,700	1,956	36,400
Galle Maritime Museum	2,942	834,300	45,196	453,965
Independence Memorial Museum	648	179,100	25,659	196,110
Hambantota National Museum	42	21,000	1,218	20,415
Total	68,107	50,210,400	397,670	9,871,545

* Closed due to Renovations

Source: Department of National Museums

Table 34Foreign Visitors to Cultural Triangle & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 1987 to 2017

Year	No. of Tourists	Revenue in Rs. Mn
1987	76,645	13.7
1988	74,062	14.1
1989	79,683	19.2
1991	132,641	69.6
1992	153,817	102.3
1993	148,913	149.6
1995	166,661	168.7
1996	102,788	121.2

Table 34 (contd.)

Year	No. of Tourists	Revenue in Rs. Mn
1997	144,517	186.0
1998	165,463	225.0
1999	207,398	300.5
2000	155,167	276.0
2001	129,201	222.0
2002	131,804	242.8
2003	212,521	403.3
2004	246,380	543.1
2005	110,443	284.7
2007	104,583	279.8
2008	112,190	307.5
2009	109,404	402.8
2010	197,947	743.5
2011	239,920	998.2
2012	592,980	1,330.7
2013	504,699	1,727.1
2014	627,136	2,178.5
2015	355,370	1,236.7
2016	905,333	3,363.3
2017	978,606	3,774.4

Table 34(a)Foreign and Domestic Visitors to Cultural Triangle & Revenue from Sale of Tickets – 2017

Foreign		Domestic	
Number of Visitors	Revenue (in Rs.)	Number of Visitors	Revenue (in Rs.)
905,333	3,363,313,023.00	1,092,958	38,034,740.00

Table 34(b)Details of Foreign Visitors by Location – 2017

Location	Number of Foreign Visitors	Revenue (in Rs.)
Anuradhapura	100,117	377,415,122.00
Polonnaruwa	248,510	929,490,703.00
Sigiriya	563,039	2,437,670,173.00
Kataragama	104	78,960.00
Galle	18,170	12,515,342.00
Dambulla	720	223,598.00
Kandy	220	33,402.00
Ape Gama	1,865	1,453,628.00
Monaragala	26,835	7,981,094.00
Yapahuwa	7,213	4,310,126.00
Ramba	15	4,584.00
Ritigala	10,792	2,969,658.00
Ibbankatuwa	1,006	294,804.00
Total	978,606	3,774,441,194.00

Table 34(c)Details of Domestic Visitors by Location – 2017

Location	Numbers of Local Visitors	Revenue (in Rs.)
Anuradhapura	46,951	856,030
Polonnaruwa	84,418	3,142,550
Sigiriya	682,646	71,125,900
Kataragama	12,737	228,180
Galle	67,248	1,810,015
Dambulla	1,698	28,730
Kandy	3,493	58,380
Apegama	118,950	7,700,150
Ritigala	45,647	1,070,914
Ibbankatuwa	29,170	535,280
Total	1,092,958	86,556,129

Source: Central Cultural Fund

Table 35Foreign Visitors to Zoological Gardens & Revenue from Gate Fees – 1987 to 2017

Year	Number of Tourists	Revenue in Rs. '000
1987	16,863	661
1988	20,648	806
1989	23,898	941
1990	93,949	4,374
1991	110,458	6,361
1992	156,868	9,283
1993	173,628	10,274
1994	186,175	11,479
1995	189,043	11,448
1996	130,237	9,222
1997	175,984	15,128
1998	191,123	18,846
1999	233,968	23,068
2000	204,681	29,215
2001	150,353	22,249
2002	147,329	30,204
2003	217,930	42,297
2004	252,445	119,547
2005	135,006	61,419
2006	178,902	82,655
2007	155,310	133,118
2008	153,934	134,286
2009	149,833	201,659
2010	246,556	410,097
2011	284,898	470,239
2012	287,485	480,663
2013	305,860	550,923
2014	348,842	745,769
2015	393,064	813,978
2016	415,776	841,070
2017	369,685	728,980

Table 35(a)Revenue by Location – 2016 & 2017

Location	Year	Domestic Tourists		Foreign Tourists		Total	
		Number	Revenue	Number	Revenue	Number	Revenue
Dehiwala	2016	1,392,217	110,518,710	32,334	50,321,200	1,424,551	160,839,910
	2017	1,360,566	108,123,900	27,626	42,198,850	1,388,192	150,322,750
Pinnawala	2016	666,881	49,915,190	381,105	788,248,500	1,047,986	838,163,690
	2017	611,584	44,793,230	339,744	683,990,550	951,328	728,783,780
Pinnawala Zoo	2016	267,656	20,972,850	1,838	1,509,250	269,494	22,482,100
	2017	253,266	19,491,570	1,559	1,278,000	254,825	20,769,570
Ridiyagama Safari Park	2016	217,207	48,560,000	499	991,250	217,706	49,551,250
	2017	290,854	63,801,100	756	1,513,250	291,610	65,314,350
Total	2016	2,543,961	229,966,750	415,776	841,070,200	2,959,737	1,071,036,950
	2017	2,516,270	236,209,800	369,685	728,980,650	2,885,955	965,190,450

Table 35(b)Ticket Rates – 2017

Ticket Rates			
Category	Dehiwala Zoo/ Pinnawala Zoo/ Pinnawala Elephant Orphanage	Ridiyagama Safari Park	
Local			
Adult		Rs. 100	Rs. 300
Child		Rs. 30	Rs. 100
Foreign			
Adult		Rs. 2500	Rs. 2500
Child		Rs. 1250	Rs. 1250
Foreigners from SAARC Region			
Adult		Rs. 700	Rs. 700
Child		Rs. 350	Rs. 350

Source: Department of National Zoological Gardens

Table 36

Revenue from Foreign Visitors to Botanical Gardens – 1987 to 2017

Year	Peradeniya	Hakgala	Gampaha	Mirijjawila*	Avissawella**	Total Revenue
						In Rs. '000
1987	1,164.5	62.6	1.4			1,228.5
1988	1,019.1	58.0	1.2			1,078.3
1989	1,873.1	77.5	4.9			1,955.5
1990	4,068.3	209.0	5.7			4,283.0
1991	5,799.2	372.8	12.7			6,184.7
1992	8,981.2	584.0	19.3			9,584.5
1993	9,608.8	634.9	23.4			10,267.1
1994	18,477.5	1,037.4	36.0			19,550.9
1995	23,922.2	1,227.9	49.1			25,199.2
1996	16,082.6	689.1	28.1			16,799.8
1997	20,931.5	866.5	36.3			21,834.3
1998	25,481.6	1,211.1	5.3			26,698.0
1999	31,160.3	1,428.7	45.9			32,634.9
2000	28,066.6	1,357.0	37.2			29,460.8
2001	20,250.0	940.0	36.4			21,226.4
2002	25,348.2	962.9	34.4			26,345.5
2003	55,711.3	2,154.2	53.9			57,919.4
2004	68,010.3	2,613.3	80.4			70,704.0
2005	104,272.0	6,136.0	23.1			32,605.2
2006	42,500.7	1,642.7	66.8			44,210.2
2007	64,257.0	2,202.3	100.2			66,559.5
2008	66,515.7	2,513.4	90.3			69,119.4
2009	68,838.3	3,353.4	75.0			72,266.7
2010	117,223.8	5,825.4	112.8			123,162.0
2011	243,093.3	10,271.8	226.9			253,592.0
2012	265,585.1	13,194.2	265.6			279,044.9
2013	299,086.9	15,527.0	250.8	6.6		314,871.4
2014	350,386.5	18,975.5	312.9	163.3		369,838.4
2015	409,288.0	25,402.8	366.8	50	43.7	435,151.3
2016	556,506.4	36,971.9	463.8	173.3	182.4	594,297.8
2017	600,741.0	38,300.0	488.0	219.7	293.7	640,042.5

* Opened in 2013

** Opened in 2014

Table 36 (a)Details by Location 2017

Location	Foreign Tickets		Local Tickets		Total Revenue (in Rs. '000)
	Number of Foreign Tourists	Revenue (Rs. '000)	Number of Domestic Tourists	Revenue (Rs.)	
Peradeniya	412,660	600,741,000	1,112,496	52,310,710	653,051,710
Hakgala	26,858	38,300,000	816,801	37,099,460	75,399,460
Gampaha	333	488,000	192,934	10,561,440	11,049,440
Mirijjawila	153	219,750	73,703	2,814,230	3,033,980
Seethawaka	203	293,750	201,413	10,187,130	10,480,880
Total	440,207	640,042,500	2,397,347	112,972,970	753,015,470

Source: Department of National Botanical Gardens

Table 37Revenue from Foreign Visitors to Wildlife Parks (in Rs. '000) – 1988 to 2017

Year	Yala National Park	Wilpattu National Park	Kumana Bird Sanctuary	Udawalawa National Park	Others	Total Revenue in Rs. '000
1988	226.7	-	-	11.0	49.4	287.1
1989	365.4	-	-	2.7	65.0	433.1
1990	1,151.6	-	-	3.6	-	1,155.2
1991	1,511.6	-	-	9.5	214.7	1,735.8
1992	2,700.9	-	-	207.3	456.2	3,364.4
1993	10,803.8	-	-	829.2	1,824.9	13,457.9
1994	21,613.4	-	-	5,529.1	2,224.0	29,366.5
1995	21,595.8	-	-	3,905.1	13,037.8	38,538.7
1996	15,196.9	-	-	2,928.7	9,776.1	27,901.7
1997	12,138.8	-	-	10,642.1	11,708.5	34,489.4
1998	8,918.7	-	-	13,626.4	18,681.0	41,226.1
1999	20,420.1	-	-	18,098.6	17,454.1	55,972.8
2000	25,417.8	-	-	15,876.9	18,857.8	60,152.5
2001	25,183.4	-	-	10,940.6	18,266.0	54,390.0
2002	25,802.4	-	-	14,813.7	17,920.4	58,536.5
2003	46,480.0	230.0	-	22,780.0	32,744.0	102,234.0
2004	48,413.9	522.3	274.6	29,647.2	34,944.0	113,802.0
2005	23,945.8	734.9	75.9	16,205.3	21,729.9	62,691.8
2006	45,411.8	366.4	82.1	23,514.4	30,176.2	99,550.9
2007	30,247.9	-	-	20,316.5	35,168.9	85,733.3
2008	27,707.4	-	-	18,223.5	38,488.7	84,419.6
2009	50,221.2	-	-	9,864.3	43,907.5	103,993.0
2010	123,850.1	1,503.6	445.8	22,718.5	78,731.3	227,249.2
2011	154,310.8	3,881.3	906.7	33,531.2	108,378.7	301,008.7
2012	222,269.9	10,032.3	2,499.9	43,252.7	146,790.1	424,844.9
2013	272,581.0	91,358.9	79,078.1	1,166.4	132,274.4	578,458.8
2014	360,952.8	26,182.5	4,607.9	110,828.8	325,015.9	831,587.9
2015	419,311.8	37,275.2	6,307.9	172,954.7	375,735.7	1,011,585.3
2016	570,466.3	33,670.9	8,763.1	259,298.3	573,767.9	1,445,966.5
2017	623,836.9	47,975.3	10,720.4	310,071.9	738,113.8	1,730,718.3

Table 37(a)
Details by Location – 2017

Location	Local Tickets		Foreign Tickets		Vehicle Income (Rs.)	Boat Income (Rs.)	Total number of Visitors	Total Revenue (Including the vehicle and boat income)
	Local visitors	Local Income (Rs.)	Foreign Visitors	Foreign Income (Rs.)				
Yala	314,609	18,452,370.38	290,069	623,836,901.52	27,543,125.00	-	604,678	669,832,396.90
Horton Plains	313,579	17,491,960.00	121,725	269,321,363.50	13,821,200.00	-	435,304	300,634,523.50
Udawalawa	170,849	9,310,837.30	159,532	310,071,962.60	14,998,725.00	-	330,381	334,381,524.90
Wasgomuwa	29,189	1,080,440.00	2,420	3,514,150.00	1,044,275.00	-	31,609	5,638,865.00
Minneriya	92,999	5,066,810.00	89,499	186,824,496.30	8,234,250.00	-	182,498	200,125,556.30
Bundala	11,860	469,680.00	10,947	15,797,975.00	1,234,575.00	-	22,807	17,502,230.00
Horagolla	5,478	217,530.00	10	14,442.00	-	-	5,488	231,972.00
Kaudulla	107,961	4,240,920.00	121,794	178,626,425.00	11,295,125.00	-	229,755	194,162,470.00
Lunugamwehera	5,787	237,890.00	3,344	4,398,950.00	470,975.00	-	9,131	5,107,815.00
Galoya	11,169	387,380.00	3,782	1,630,590.00	325,975.00	3,925,900.00	14,951	6,269,845.00
Kumana	31,494	1,069,910.00	7,251	10,720,450.00	2,216,273.00	-	38,745	14,006,633.00
Angammedilla	3,478	141,810.00	8	12,226.00	90,650.00	-	3,486	244,686.00
Galways Land	6,085	212,720.00	280	391,090.00	-	-	6,365	603,810.00
Wilpattu	46,613	2,726,350.00	24,247	47,975,319.00	2,898,550.00	-	70,860	53,600,219.00
Maduruoya	2,984	137,700.00	304	517,126.95	138,825.00	-	3,288	793,651.95
Lahugala	296	11,800.00	30	43,400.00	27,250.00	-	326	82,450.00
Pigeon Island	79,531	3,131,390.00	25,128	35,825,650.00	-	2,326,126.00	104,659	41,283,166.00
Hikkaduwa	23,270	108,380.50	2,508	70,350.00	-	-	25,778	178,730.50
Eth Athurusevana	163,580	2,996,455.00	67,877	36,621,000.00	-	-	231,457	39,617,455.00
Kalawewa	425	18,600.00	41	60,000.00	27,000.00	-	466	105,600.00
Bar Reef - Kalpitiya	9,578	189,730.00	3,837	4,444,440.00	-	-	13,415	4,634,170.00
TOTAL	1,430,814	67,700,663.18	934,633	1,730,718,307.87	84,366,773.00	6,252,026.00	2,365,447	1,889,037,770.05

Source: Department of Wildlife Conservation

Table 38Revenue from Visitors to Conservation Forests (in Rs. '000) – 2017

Name of the Forest	Number of Visitors			Income Without VAT		
	Domestic Tourists	Foreign Tourists	Total	Domestic Tourists	Foreign Tourist	Total
Makandawa Conservation Forest	2,142	1,010	3,152	54,524.09	876,932.00	931,456.09
Kottawa Conservation Forest	1,640	537	2,177	31,209.50	302,777.00	333,986.50
Kanneliya Conservation Forest	61,670	1,971	63,641	1,234,445.50	1,167,050.00	2,401,495.50
Hurulu Eco Park	1,765	5,644	7,409	136,408.68	7,263,260.88	7,399,669.56
Sinharaja Conservation Forest	42,792	15,466	58,258	762,589.50	8,201,270.00	8,963,859.50
Udawattakele Conservation Forest / Kandy	19,079	11,010	30,089	486,365.21	6,240,405.00	6,726,770.21
Knuckles Conservation Forest	66,090	2,450	68,540	1,627,972.50	1,377,400.00	3,005,372.50
Total	195,178	38,088	233,266	4,333,514.98	25,429,094.88	29,762,609.86

Source: Department of Forests Conservation

Table 39Revenue from Embarkation Tax (in Rs. '000) – 1986 to 2017

Year	Total Amount in Rs. '000
1987	36,421.2
1988	37,201.2
1989	53,861.0
1990	99,020.3
1991	130,943.1
1992	177,151.1
1993	196,125.0
1994	203,755.5
1995	201,550.5
1996	151,132.5
1997	183,082.5
1998	190,531.5
1999	218,220.0
2000	200,207.0
2001	269,268.0
2002	393,171.0

Table 39(contd.)

Year	Total Amount in Rs. '000
2003	500,646.0
2004	566,202.0
2005	823,962.0
2006	839,404.5
2007	741,012.0
2008	738,821.9
2009	766,266.7
2010	1,000,080.0
2011	1,041,700.0
2012	1,161,686.0
2013	1,604,887.1
2014	1,779,766.1
2015	1,968,541.1
2016	2,355,444.2
2017	2,378,828.2

Source: SLTDA

Table 40Public Sector Revenue from Tourism (in Rs. Mn) – 2012 to 2017

Source of Revenue (Rs. Mn)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Tourism Development Levy	809.4	1,014.20	1,005.60	1,014.80	1,276.80	1,541.50
Income of Tourism Development Authority	130.3	136.4	149.3	126.1	168.7	248.9
Embarkation Tax on Foreign Tourists	1,161.70	1,604.80	1,779.80	1,968.50	2,355.40	2,378.80
Cultural Triangle	1,330.70	1,727.10	2,178.50	2,495.50	3,363.30	3,774.40
Botanical Gardens	279	314.9	369.8	435.1	594.3	640
Zoological Gardens	480.7	550.9	745.8	813.9	841.1	728.9
Wildlife Parks	424.8	578.4	831.6	1,011.60	1,445.90	1,730.70
Conservation Forests*	--	--	--	--	--	25.40
Museums	16.8	14.9	15.8	27.5	33.6	50.2
BMICH	239.2	233.7	400.2	389.7	551.4	648.8
Total	4,872.60	6,175.30	7,476.40	8,282.70	10,630.50	11,767.60

* Information gathered from 2017

Source: SLTDA and relevant line agencies

Research & International Relations Division
Sri Lanka Tourism Development Authority
P. O. Box 1504
No. 80, Galle Road
Colombo – 03
Sri Lanka.

Tel : +94 11 243 7055/ +94 11 242 6800
Fax : + 94 11 238 0943
Email : research@srilanka.travel
Web : www.sltda.lk